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ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

By W. A. Hemphill & Co. ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 20, 1874. Vol. VII---No 182

PHARAOH IS DREAMING.

An Able Sermon by Rabbi Gersoni, of Atlanta.

The Scriptural Portion of the Day was in Genesis 41, etc.

"The word of our God stands forever." The sacred mission which He has entrusted to Israel to teach the knowledge of his truth to the world has hitherto been fulfilled, as the history of our race and the progress of enlightenment in the world bear testimony to. We could not do otherwise but work for the enlightenment of mankind, since God has engrafted it in the nature of our race that such should be our destination. As the agencies of the physical world cannct help working after the manner which lies in their nature, as fire is bound to burn combustibles and to melt metals, as the magnet cannot do otherwise but attract iron, as the friction of two bodies must produce heat—so also is the spirit of man bound to produce the moral effect for which it has been destined. We often hear of men profiting by the good example of others or becoming degraded by following a bad example; we know of people yielding to moral suasion; we learn sometimes of whole nations embracing an idea which is introduced among them by strangers. Such facts prove that moral agencies work toward a certain effect and for a certain purpose. This proves conclusively that spirit and matter are two distinct elements, independent of each other in principle, though they may sometimes affect one another by coming into contact. Spirit and matter are distinguished from each other by their peculiar characteristics. They have each an individuality of its own; they are, consequently, two distinct principles.

History—and I mean history in the broadest sense of the word—is the science which teaches how the spirit of mankind works in the world. By means of history we learn also how to distinguish the peculiar characteristics of different races, just as we learn by means of chemistry to distinguish between oxygen and hydrogen—for every historical fact represents an idea co-relative to the universal spirit of mankind. And as every particle of matter has its place in the physical world, so also has every idea its place in the spiritual world, and is bound to produce effect for which "the God of the spirits of all flesh" has destined it. The ideas produced by a certain race bear testimony to the characteristics of that race, and produce an effect on others in a ratio as they agree with or express a truth coincident with the universal spirit of mankind.

Give a scholar, for instance, a production of literature and he will easily discern the national character of the author; he will also be able to define pretty nearly the time when, and the circumstances under which it has been produced; for although ideas are eternal, it is time and circumstances which mould them. A glowing imagination, a sweeping view of nature, a daring flight and combination of ideas, together with a simplicity of diction, characterize the son of the Orient; while a cooler mode of contemplation, a slower motion of thought and of action, and a more careful and elaborate mode of execution characterize his western brother. Similar characteristic differences can be traced in all other regions of thought, and expression of the same. Compare ancient Egyptian's art with that of ancient Greece, and you will find that the former's glowing imagination required imposing proportions, while the latter preferred accuracy and elaboration of details. The idea of government runs the same parallel—the eastern principle of government is to rule, while the western is more literally, to govern—the former requires subjection; the latter endeavors to controll; the eastern monarch employs power, where the western calls subtility and artifice to work.

Hence it comes that the Arayen races have the superiority in all cases where the physical expression of an idea is concerned, and the oriental races are superior, wherever loftiness of conception, vividness of imagination and keenness of comprehension are the main points.

Such is the lesson which history teaches with the regard to the spirit of mankind; it is the voice of God which Adam has heard walking in the garden of creation after the spirit of the day, after the progression of time. Let us listen for a moment to that voice, and profit by the lesson it conveys.

The grandest idea which the human mind has ever conceived is the idea of religion. If art is the means by which the deepest sentiments of the human heart can be expressed, if science gives man the power to become the lord and ruler of the world in which he is placed, religion elevates him to the dignity of a son of God, the Creator Himself. Art lends him the abilities to expose, so to say, the lofty and unfathomable treasures of his soul to the conception of organic senses; science aids him to utilize the material and to grasp the spiritual blessings of God's provident wisdom in the universe, but religion does more than that—it unites his own dualistic nature; it reconciles the physical with the spiritual element of man in man; it creates peace and harmony between these two naturally op-posed elements. The Kabalists have beautifully termed religion "The intermarriage of body and soul."

The true nature of a race can be best estimated by its religious conceptions, for in its religion both the sensual and the spiritual nature of a race is expressed. Take for instance the gross, and, at the same time, imposing ideas of Providence and creation as expressed in the Hindoo religion. Your imagination is awed by the mysterious and majestic mountains from where the source of life springs forth, and from which the emblems of creation arise in the forms of mystic triangles and squares and numbers. The very deities, which have no defined or human forms, rise from and are intricated with those forms. There is nothing that approaches a familiar form or figure. Everything is hazy, mysterious, awe-inspiring, gross and at the same time affording food for the most extravagant imagination.

Draw a parallel between these and the Grecian deities. Place by the side of the Hindoo Maha-Mora (Hymalayan mountain) the Grecian Olympus, with its gods and goddesses with their human or animal forms, with their petty jealousies and disagreements and schemes of revenge, etc., etc., and you will easily conceive how trifling and insignificant they appear. You will find then that the oriental believer is clumsy in form and confused in his mind about the intricate emblems of his religion, but he is majestic and grand in his general conception of religion; while his Arayan brother is subtle and clear in the detailed elaboration of his ideas, but degradingly low in his general conception of the religious idea. The former trying to explain to himself what no human mind can grasp, revels in mysteries, while the latter does not suspect any mystery or acknowledge any inefficiency in the human mind, to comprehend the works of God. Everything is human with him, only on a grander style. He knows what his god eats, with whom he enjoys himself and how he enjoys himself.

His knowledge is, as I have said, degradingly low. His gods have not the slightest pretension of respectability. In short, the olympus, with all his exquisitely beautiful paraphanalia, is a child's toy in comparison with the caillara Jupiter is nothing better than a naughty boy, in comparison with any priest of Braham. He cannot be compared with that deity itself, for it has no form whatsoever. As Jupiter and Braham are two religious ideas which have originated with two entirely different races—the former Arayan, the latter Semitic, they afford the best illustration of the peculiar characteristics of those races.

Suppose for a moment a Grecian priest would come to a Brahmin and announce to him that he is under condemnation because he does not worship Cupid. The Braham whose head is full of the grand and mystic forms of his religion would naturally ask: who is that God, from which side of the triangle yoni or from which gem out of the nine gems of the quadrat does he rise? The refined Greek would then explain to him how Cupid, the God of love, is the son of Mars who is the son of Juno, who is [the spou]se of Jupiter, who is the God of all Gods, etc. etc.; he would tell him also about the great influence and high connections of that God. Surely, the Brahmin could not say a word in reply to such argument, but the rough sarcastic smile which he would bestow on the Grecian soul-saver, would be more than all that argument could accomplish.

I would beg to intimate here that I have drawn this paralled for no other purpose but to show how the Arayan conception of spiritual matters dwindles down to a pigmy when compared with that of the semitic or oriental races. Now let me pass to the main subject of my discourse.

The sceptic may doubt the existence of God, he may deride the idea of religion—but no rational thinker can be blind to the fact that the idea of religion springs up spontaneously wherever the human race is represented. This proves that religious feelings are either a spiritual necessity towards the maintenance of the human race, or, at least, a natural consequence of the peculiar combination of the spiritual and material elements of man. In either case religion is a subject of the greatest importance to the essential existence of man. True religion is the only agency which makes man worthy of his destination.

But there was a time when the spirit of man was not yet awake to is significance and importance. Religious consciousness was floating like a vague thought in the dream of the human race intermixed with the phisical forms. Idolatery and deification of physical phenomena was the consequence. Our progenitor, Abraham, was then called upon to interpret that dream to his fellow-men. He was prompted by the divine spirit within him, to proclaim the existence of God, the incomprehensible source of life and spirit.

Since that time the religious idea has made some progress towards purity and rational appreciation among men. The oriental races have changed their blocks of wood into spiritual forms of intricated figures. The Arayen races, not able to grasp a pure abstract idea without the aid of a material agency, have personified our purely abstract ideas of God, providence and creation in some shape or other. The general dream of religion in the world has assumed a more coherent connection of ideas. But the dream is not yet dispelled—the greatest bulk of mankind is not yet awake to comprehend the limited powers of the spirit and unlimited magnifice of the spirit of all spirits. They pictture to themselves God as they would like to have him, they mistake the idea of the incomprehensible for that of the mysterious; they unconsciously give their God a substance and a form, while in their religious dogmas they teach the reverse.

All this would be a harmless amusement on their part if they were not so positive and so selfish. But the subject assumes quite a different aspect when their dream is applied to practical life. It is really injurious to the social state of society and degrading to the spirit of humanity to hear them threatening condemnations and shouting anathemas at such who cannot and will not coincide with their views on the deity. Such proceedings can have no better effect than strengthen the prejudice of man towards his brother, and bringing decay into the growth and development of society. They claim to have taken their wisdom out of *our* bible, and they presume to teach us the meaning thereof by means of a phraseology of cant and cruel expressions of illiberal contents. The deity, the ideas of which they admit having adopted from us, the bible, which vernacular they hardly know and the spirit of which they are unable to comprehend, is interpreted by them according to their own imagination and forced upon us in a shape in which we, the original owners of it, are unable to recognize it.

And it is a pity they act so, for their own sakes, for they are a good, kind race of people in their natures, and the visions of *hell, condemnation, everlasting punishment*, which they see for us, must be a hard and heavy dream for themselves. We have read last week the sermon of a Presbyterian minister, in which that gentleman was courteous enough to treat the greatest majority of mankind—"the Jews and the heathens"—with everlasting damnation.

The poor gentleman must have overloaded his mind with ideas he is unable to digest, hence his restlessness, hence the heavy dream that is tormenting him. But he he is only a specimen of a class, of a large class of dreamers like himself. For mercy's sake let us try to wake them up, and when they are awake let us try to interpret their dream so as to calm their consciences. It is not the first time that an Israelite is called upon to interpret dreams. In the portion of the pentateuch to-day we have read how Joseph has been called upon to interpret the dream of Pharaoh. Daniel also has interpreted the dreams of Nebuchadnezar. Where are our sages of the present time to interpret the dreams of the modern spiritual potentates.

Arise, Israel to thy duty! Unfurl the banner of wisdom and of the knowledge of God as thou hast done since times of yore! Pave the road of enlightenment for all nations so that the promise of God may be fulfilled speedily and in our days: "Then will I turn over unto all nations a clear language, that all may call in the name of the eternal." Amen.

Rather Expensive Furs.

[Paris Letter, Nov. 27, Philadelphia North American.]

The subject of furs brings to my mind the Empress of Russia's visit to Paris, on her way to the south from England, which she visited on the occasion of her daughter's, the Duchess of Edinburg, confinement. The cloak the majesty of the north wore on her arrival is said to be of the value of 100,000 francs, consisting of the richest Siberian zhibelline. Not less than 228 skins were employed in the cloak, each skin being estimated at 300 francs. But this is far from coming up to the value of the fur trimming of a coat of the Empress of Russia, which, consisting of blue fox, a most rare and valuable fur, is worth upward of 120,000 francs. Mad. Adeline Patti, the Marquise de Caux, received as a present from the Emperior Alexander, during her late visit to St. Petersburg, a set of magnificent furs, of the value of 50,000 francs. This may be said to sing to some purpose. The equipage of the Marquise when she arrived in Paris created no little sensation: black horses, bells, furs, and even coachmen were all got up in true Russian style! Nothing was wanting; the pretty prima donna herself, sitting gracefully within, and looking as if waiting for the ovations which were awaiting her on the Parisian boards, in her new part of Valentine; in "Huguenots"—new to her admirers there, though one of her early successes in New Orleans.

Raising Almonds in California.

[From the Santa Barbara Index.]

Mr. Olmstead of Carpenteria has finished picking his crop of almonds. He will have from his orchard this season over five tons of the Languedoc or soft-shell almonds. Mr. Olmstead's orchard is only four years old, and, of course, is not yet in full bearing. His trees bore a few nuts when two years old. The third year the average yield to the tree was about five pounds. Two rows in the orchard, covering ground equivalent to two acres, that received great care in planting and special culture, produced 2,600 pounds of dried almonds. This yield, at the wholesale San Francisco market price for the soft-shell almond, will give Mr. Olmstead about $230 per acre, after paying all expenses of the year's culture, gathering, sacking, and marketing. Mr. Olmstead keeps the ground clear, cultivating nothing between the trees, nor allowing weeds to grow up to rob them. The trees should be at least twenty feet apart each way.

Another Angry Debate on the Appropriation Bill.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, December 19.—In the house yesterday the bitter personal debate upon the motion to strike out was followed by rejection. The bill passed as reported. This continues the bureau of justice. A resolution was adopted allowing the committee on the south to proceed, either as a whole or by substitute, to New Orleans.

The house then adjourned to Monday.

WASHINGTON, December 19.—The house appointed a commissioner to inquire about Vicksburg, appropriating $5,000 for expenses.

The Longshoremen.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

NEW YORK, December 19.—The police dispersed the turbulent m[eet]ing of longshoremen, yesterday. There is a fatal split id the union.

"THERE'S MILLIONS IN IT."

Sharon Raises Cabral out of his Boots—What are a Few Bushels of Diamonds Compared with a Mountain of Solid Silver?—Enormous Value of Recent Developments in the Comstock Lode—A New Lead that will Pan out $300,000,000.

[Virginia, Nevada, (Dec. 6,) Correspondence of the San Francisco Chronicle.]

At last, the great "bulge," the true heart of the world-famous Comstock silver lode, would seem to have been reached. As far as explored, it lies in the consolidated Virginia, California and Ophir claims. In all three of these mines have been developed marvelously rich bodies, of wonderful masses of sulphuret and chloride ores. We have said "bodies," but there is in reality but one body—one immense bonanza, chimney, or whatever else we may choose to call it—one huge mass of ore extending all the way from the consolidated Virginia through the California into the Ophir, and no one knows how much further; nor does any one know much of its height or width, and nothing at all of its depth. As to its length, we know something definite—namely, that it extends 400 feet through the consolidated Virginia, and undoubtedly traverses the entire length (600 feet) on the California, as it has been discovered in the Ophir mine, which adjoins the California on the north. How far it extends into the Ophir ground, time and the honest miner can alone determine. It is conceded, however, that the ore body cannot be less than 1,200 feet in length.

THE GREAT FISSURE.

In which this large bonanza of ore rests appears to have expanded at this particular point in the course of the vein in order to form for it a cradle suited to its giant proportions. Measuring across from the true "west country" rock to the true "east country" rock, the distance is from 1,000 to 1,200 foot. The space between the east and the west country rock is the fissure in which lies the body of ore, which of late has so startled and bewildered all of the "experts" and the whole "mining world," of the Pacific coast. The great fissure is filled with what our mining men call "vein matter"—or gangue—a mixture of quartz, clay, and porphyry. Here, in the midst of this vein matter or gangue, which fills the vast fissure from side to side, has formed, and is now found the huge mass of ore which runs through the three mines mentioned above.

For several months the Consolidated Virginia Company have been at work in the crest of

THIS SUBTERRANEAN SILVER MOUNTAIN.

And the Ophir company have been gouging into it for a shorter period of time, while the California folks have but just begun to feel their way into its western slope at two or three points. Never until lately have the consolidated Virginia company seemed to get fairly into the ridge of the mountain—to penetrate to a point where they could begin to see what they were working upon, although in their upper levels they have opened great breadths of wonderfully rich ore.

Last Sunday afternoon I visited the famous mines in company with a number of experts and operators. The cage was rapidly lowered to the 1,500-foot level of the consolidated Virginia mine, so rapidly that we had hardly time to exchange a dozen words before we touched bottom.

THE CALIFORNIA CROSS-CUT.

This cross-cut is not in the California ground, but is fourteen feet south of that company's south line.

It is here in this drift that the wonderfully rich ore of which so much has of late been said was found. The ore is moderately rich where it was first cut by the drift, but it rapidly grows richer, and within a few feet it becomes a mass of glittering sulphurets and pale-green chloride ore. The drift has now penetrated this mass of ore—a part of the great whole—a distance of about twenty-five feet. Look where you may—at the bottom, the top, or the sides of the drift—it is every-where the same. The men throw down their picks and step back, while, candle in hand, you critically examine the face of the drift, just where they have a moment before been digging. You find before you the same "material" that you have been examining at the sides of the drift—a pale green shade forms the ground tint, and running through this in vaious directions, or in places forming little nodules, is seen the black sulphuret ore, with bright points of iron and copper pyrites glittering on its surface. This ore yields an average assay of six hundred dollars per ton. It would be an easy matter to get samples of ore in this drift that would assay far up into the thousands; indeed, in taking a sample the trouble would be to avoid getting hold of this very rich ore. This is the famous drift which seems to tell the story of the fabulous wealth lying near at hand in the California. All about you is ore that is so rich that it "makes a poor man sick to look at it," as one of our party very justly and feelingly observed; and the drift is going forward in the same mass.

At cross-cut No. 2 has been opened

A ROAD INTO THE SILVER MOUNTAIN.

This cross-cut is, or was a day or two since, 204 feet in length, and nearly all the way in exceedingly rich ore. From being "low grade" at first it rapidly increases in value till in going a short distance it is worth over $100, and soon the car samples average $200, and in this kind of ore we continue to the end of the drift, where men are seen still digging ahead in the same wonderful mass of mingled chloride and sulphuret ores. For nearly 200 feet they have been pushing eastward across the great ore body, and as yet no sign of any east wall is seen.

About midway in the length of this cross-cut (No. 2) is a winze which connects with a drift 50 feet lower, which comes in from the Gould & Curry. This winze, through its whole course, is in the same rich ore that is found in the drift. The ground about the timbers having caved away, it was being filled in at the time of our visit with ore worth from $150 to $200 per ton, there being no waste rock for this use near at hand. This does not matter, however, as the ground into which the ore was being thrown is itself a mass of ore of equal value. Moving again to the south, along the main thoroughfare, we reach

CROSS-CUT NO. 3.

Here ore is seen both east and west. In the west end of the cross-cut is to be seen the west wall (not the west country rock), composed of quartz, clay and porphyry. Following the cross-cut east, we find in the southeast corner of its face, just coming in, a patch of glossy black clay. This is supposed to be the east clay wall, and it looks wonderfully like it. Supposing it to be what it proclaims itself, we have at this point a width of one hundred and forty-one feet of ore, most of it the richest kind. The patch of east clay wall seen in the end of this drift gives us a clue to the direction of the east side of the great bonanza. Its course is about 45 degrees east of north, showing that the cross-cuts lying to the north—Nos. 1 and 2—still have a long way to go before reaching the east clay wall.

We push on

INTO THE CALIFORNIA MINE.

At the distance of 200 feet north of the south line of the California we reach a drift which is driven east, and which is in but fifteen or twenty feet. This is going for the great ore body, which it is supposed will be reached within a distance of 150 feet.

BELOW THE ONE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FOOT LEVEL.

It has just occurred to me that I have as yet said nothing about what is below the 1,500 foot level of the Consolidated Virginia. Here are the few million dollars in sight that I came near forgetting. The drift which comes from the Gould & Curry, 50 feet below the 1,500 foot level of the Consolidated, constitutes what is known as the 1,550 foot level. Here, so far as explored, all is as rich as the level above. From the main north and south drift on the 1,500 foot level a winze is raised to cross-cut No. 3 in rich ore. The drift then passes through 150 feet of fine ore to where the winze comes up to cross-cut No. 2, as mentioned above, and beyond this it extends over 100 feet, all the way in the same ore as is found above on the 1,500 foot level. I may [men]tion that here in this north and south drift on the 1,500 foot level, north of the winze going up to cross-cut No. 2, a winze of large zinc is going down for the 1,500 foot level (yet to be), and is now down 50 feet, all (the way in ore of wonderful richness.

AN EXPERT'S ESTIMATE OF WHAT IS "IN SIGHT."

It is estimated by Mr. Deidesheimer, the well known mining engineer and expert, that there is now standing in the consolidated Virginian mine, above the 1,550 foot level, $43,000,000 worth of ore, or about $27,000,000 in dividends. This is saying nothing about what is below, and as we have seen, they already have a winze down fifty feet below the 1,550 foot level in ore of the richest description.

THE OPHIR AND THE NORTH END OF THE CALIFORNIA.

The great center of interest in the vast ore body running through the three mines is at present in a little drift in the Ophir ground, just at the edge of the north line of the California. In this, last Saturday afternoon, was struck ore far suspassing in richness anything yet seen in this enormously rich body of ore. Specimens are here found that are almost pure silver, that are quite malleable, and that may be whittled with a knife, almost the same as lead.

TWELVE-HUNDRED-DOLLAR ORE.

It is estimated that the ore in this little ten-foot drift (as yet in Ophir ground) will average $1,200 per ton. A specimen taken out at this point assayed over $8,200. It is such ore as is nowhere else to be seen on the Comstock lode, and is far ahead of the famous "California cross-cut" mentioned above, situated 14 feet within the Consolidated Virginia ground. If that is rich enough to make one poor man sick, this should nauseate half a dozen paupers. "This fearfully and wonderfully" rich ore seems to be making directly into the California, though, of course, it must spread to a considerable distance into the Ophir. There are indeed, to be seen strong indications—in more places than one—that this great ore-chimney has an inclination to the northward, whereas, south of this great "bulge" the ore-chimneys have inclined to the southward. It is certain that right here, in both the Ophir and California mines, is a tremendous deposit of almost incalculable richness. That such ore should be found here on the north line of the California, and again in the drift at the south line, just within the Consolidated Virginia, indicates a wonderful mass lying between the two points. Mr. Deidesheimer and other experts estimate that there are in the California ground (600 feet in length) at least

ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS' WORTH OF ORE.

On the 1,465-foot level of the Ophir, the main north and south drift, after being extended south into the California a distance of 30 feet, was turned west, where it has penetrated ore of an excellent quality for a distance of 127 feet. On the 1,300-foot level a drift run some time since began to enter the same rich ore after it had gone a few feet over the California line.

A GLANCE AT THE OTHER MINE.

What has been said above of the wonderful strike in the small drift below the 1,465-foot level is, of course, an account of a portion of Ophir, though it tells equally well for California. All of the ore breasts on the 1,300 and 1,465-foot levels are looking better almost daily. On the 1,465-foot level are constantly observed indications of the great bonanza "making northward, and, indeed, of its expanding in all directions. It is as though they were at work on the top of a great bowlder, which is found to stretch away in all directions as explorations are made upon and around it. In order to give your readers some idea of the quantity of ore already developed in the Ophir, I may here say that the best estimates show that there are on the 1,300 and 1,465 foot level not less than 159,000 tons of ore opened up and in sight. At present the Ophir Company are extracting ore at the rate of 240 tons per day, keeping four mills in operation, but they could very easily increase the amount if it were necessary.

THE RICHEST MINERAL DISCOVERY IN THE WORLD'S HISTORY.

There can be no doubt that the body of ore now just being opened in the three mines under consideration is undoubtedly the largest and richest the world ever saw. In the California the width will doubtless prove to be immense; just how wide it may be found no one can say, and the experts themselves fear to risk an opinion, but they hint at all the way from 200 to 400 feet. The length, as we all know, is 600 feet. A cross-cut for the vein has also been started from the main north and south drift of the 1,400 foot level of the California, and is being advanced in promising vein matter. Soon we shall know something about the width of deposit on this and the 1,500. From the developments now being made at each end of the mine, we up here are beginning to fear that somewhere near the centre it will be found to be but a solid mountain mass of pure silver.

WHAT MR. SHARON THINKS.

[From the San Francisco Chronicle, Dec. 9.]

A Chronicle reporter called upon Mr. Sharon last evening and found that gentleman in that peaceful and communicative mood which ever succeeds a good dinner. The reporter's mission was obtain from the King of the Comstock such ideas as that well-informed gentleman might see at to communicate relative to the value of the great bonanza.

In reply to a leading question upon this point, Mr, Sharon said: "Of course it is not possible for any one to look into the bowels of the earth, and consequently I can't pretend to exactness; the best judge, however, say that its value is fabulous, Superintendent Requa, of the Chollar, and Superintendent Smith, of the Belcher, set down the bonanza at double the size of that found in the crown point and Belcher, and three times as rich."

THE VALUE ESTIMATED AT $300,000,000.

Reporter—Have you any notion what the lead will pan out?

Mr. Sharon—Judges place the gross at $300,000,000, and the profits at from $150,000,000 to $200,000,000.

Reporter—Is there any doubt about the ore body extending to the California?

Mr. Sharon—Here is a dispatch from the ground, which I received about an hour ago. It is from W. H. Smith, of the Belcher, and my expert, F. F. Osbiston:

The dispatch read;

VIRGINIA, Dec. 8—5 P. M.

"Have just come out of the consolidated Virginia. Crosscut on California line is thirty-five feet; think face will average $300. Never saw it looking so well. Same applies to every part of the mine. The character of rock shows great strength going north."

Mr. Sharon—There, that last sentence looks well for the prospects of California. Every report confirms it.

Bismarck's Woes.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

LONDON, Dec. 19.—The Post special dispatch from Berlin says, the crisis is entirely over. It was suggested at the cabinet council Thursday, that the reichstag be dissolved as a remedy for Bismarck's complaint of lack of reliable majority, but the chancellor declined the proposition.

The News correspondent at Berlin telegraphs that Bismarck stated in the conversation Thursday, that he had received a warning from the police of a fresh plot against his life.

The Vicksburg Trouble.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

JACKSON, MISS., December 19.—The majority report of the senate on Ames' message calls urgently upon the president for troops. The minority report says there is certainly no demand for federal interference. The majority report adopted.

The Hayden Dam Broken Again.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

HAYDENVILLE, MASS., December 19.—The Hayden Company's dam has broken again, demolishing everything in its course. The loss of life unknown.

Charlie Ross' Body.

(By Telegraph to the Constitution.)

NEW YORK, December 19.—The body of a child, supposed to be that of Charlie Ross, has been found in Newark bay. The burglar, Mosher, often anchored in that vicinity.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OBSTACLES TO MARRIAGE.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood Restored. Impediments to Marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and circulars sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 419 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania—an Institution having a high reputation for honorable conduct and professional skill. sep8—d&w 4w.

☞ SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS will be found to possess those qualities necessary to the total eradication of all bilious attacks, prompt to start the secretions of the liver, and give a healthy tone to the entire system. Indeed, it is no ordinary discovery in medical science to have invented a remedy for these stubborn complaints, which develop all the results produced by a heretofore free use of calomel, a mineral justly dreaded by mankind, and acknowledged to be destructive in the extreme to the human system. That the properties of certain vegetables comprise all the virtues of calomel without its injurious tendencies, is now an admitted fact, rendered indisputable by scientific researches; and those who use the Mandrake Pills will be fully satisfied that the best medicines are those provided by nature in the common herbs and roots of the fields.

These pills open the bowels and correct all bilious derangements without salivation or any of the injurious effects of calomel or other poisons. The secretions of bile is promoted by these pills, as will be seen by altered color of the stools, and disappearing of the sallow complexion and cleansing of the tongue.

Ample directions for use accompany each box of pills.

Prepared only by J. H. Schenck & Son, at their principal office, corner Sixth and Arch streets, Philadelphia, and for sale by all druggists and dealers. Price 25 cents per box. dec2—deod1m

AMUSEMENTS.

THE LADIES OF THE

FIFTH BAPTIST CHURCH

— WILL HAVE —

A FAIR

—AT—

No. 52 Whitehall Street,

up-stairs, for the benefit of the Church, commencing

Monday Night, Dec. 20th.
dec19—d2t

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Gilt-Edge Property

— AT —

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold before the court house door, in Gainesville, Hall county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in January, 1875, the celebrated

Oconee White Sulphur Springs

property, consisting of the tract of land on which is the Spring, containing 350 acres, 50 of which is good bottom land on the Oconee river. There are 60 acres of cleared land on the place, and the balance is in the native forest. The HOTEL, situated on a commanding eminence near the Spring, will be sold with the land. It contains 32 good rooms and attached are stables, carriage house, garden and some good cabins for families who prefer not to board. The property is situated six miles east of the beautiful little city of Gainesville, and 1½ miles from the Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line Railroad, amid some of the most beautiful scenery in the South. These Springs have been celebrated for over fifty years for their medicinal properties, and are thronged every summer with visitors in quest of health or pleasure.

At the same time will be sold the FURNITURE in the Hotel, consisting of beds, bed steads, chairs, tables, &c. Indeed, all the Furniture necessary in such an establishment. All of which is almost entirely new.

Also, at the same time and place, 50 acres land near the Springs and in one-half mile of the Air-Line Railroad, all in the woods.

Also, ten acres land adjoining the Springs which has been cleared but is now grown up.

Also, a good spring wagon, a good carriage and a buggy.

All sold as the property of S. R. McCamy, deceased, for the benefit of the heirs and creditors.

Terms made known on day of sale.

T. B. McCAMY,
R. J. McCAMY,
A. D. CANDLER;
dec2—deod1m Executors.

FOR SALE.

I WILL SELL VERY CHEAP FOR cash, or monthly or annual installments, to suit the purchaser, the following city property:

One gilt edge Residence Lot on the corner of Peachtree and Harris streets; Two Residence Lots on the corner of Merritt avenue and Calhoun street, the other adjoining on Merritt's avenue. Two tenement houses on Frazer, between Rawson and Jones streets. One tenement house on Rawson, between McDonough and Frazer streets. Tenement house corner of Clark and Martin streets. Four vacant lots fronting on Solomon and Clarke streets, near Martin street. Vacant lot corner of Crumley and Frazer streets. My interest in three lots on Broad street, between Hunter street and the Candy Factory. Half interest in two Brick Yards on Alexander street, 8½ acres of land owned with Dr. W. C. Asher's two vacant lots on Gray street, and other lots that I own solely or jointly with other parties.

Apply to DR. J. H. LOW, at his office at Venable & Collier's drug store or at the National Hotel. nov22—dwed&thur1m

TO DRESSMAKERS

OR DEALERS IN

LADIES' GOODS!

We would like to connect our

PAPER FASHION

business with some other business. We hav[e] large salesroom in best location. Any on[e] having a nice light business that would be benefited by a change, is invited to investigate. E. H. CRAIG'S,
ug7a—dtf 27 Marietta street

THE FIFTH SESSION OF PROF LOGAN'S

Select School for Girls,

— OPENS —

Monday, January 4, 1875,

in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church. dec17—dtf

The Bean Stone Pump—Absolutely Without Competition.

GIVES water with up and down motion of the handle. It is never affected by frost and also free from s ime, filth, rust and other impurities prevalent with all other pumps. Call on or address

NICHOLS & TREADWELL,
Manufacturers, Atlanta, Ga.
Corner Loyd and Decatur sts. }
nov25-d&w1m

Cheaper Still!

FROM THIS DATE I will sell for CASH the best COAL CREEK LUMP COAL, double screened, at 30 Cents per bushel, from either Coal Yard.

Dated December 11th, 1874.
EDWARD PARSONS.
dec11—d1mo-fri sun&tues

NATIONAL HOTEL.

REPORTS having been circulated to the effect that Mr. J. E. OWENS had sold his proprietary interest in the National Hotel, he avails himself of this medium to inform his patrons and the public generally, that he is still the proprietor of the National Hotel, at Atlanta, Georgia, and intends to remain so. He would be pleased to meet his former customers and as many new ones as may desire to visit his house. dec9—dif

For Sale.

4 GOOD MULES FOR SALE, upon reasonable terms, by

ADAIR & BROTHERS,
dec18—d6t 27 West Alabama street.

50 BARRELS

Early Rose Potatoes!

JUST ARRIVED,

FOR FIRST PLANTING!

—AT—

MARK W. JOHNSON, WOODRUFF & CO.
dec18—d1w

Teacher Wanted.

A COMPETENT TEACHER to take charge of "Greenesboro' Female Seminary," Greenesboro', Georgia, for the year 1875. Testimonials required.

W. M. WEAVER,
dec19-d2t President Board Trustees.

O. K. CLOTHING STORE.

OFFICE OF THE
O. K. STORE,
32 Whitehall St.

FACTORY,
500 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA.

JUST RECEIVED,

Direct from our Factory,

SEVERAL NEW LOTS

—OF—

FINE SUITS AND OVERCOATS

For Men and Boys.

This Clothing is manufactured from piece goods bought within the last four weeks at several

Importers' Closing Out Sales

— AND —

ARE NOW OFFERED

—AT—

Greatly Reduced Prices!

Those who come early will secure great bargains.

Haas'
Haas'
Haas'
Haas'
Haas'
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
O. K. Store,
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.
32 Whitehall.

dec6—dtf

RAILROADS.

THE GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE

VIA

Atlanta and Augusta

To Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

RUNNING A DOUBLE
Daily Through Passenger Train

CONNECTIONS by this line are most certain and sure at all seasons.

The Eating Houses

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

Conductors on this line are affable and courteous to passengers.

The quickest time and sure connection made by this route.

Passengers can purchase through tickets and have their baggage checked through from New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus and Atlanta to Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York, by four different routes, via Augusta, Kingsville and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta Wilmington and Bay Line.

Fare as Low by Augusta

As any other Route.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

On all Night Trains leaving Atlanta by this Route.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find

SPLENDID LINE OF STEAMSHIPS

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia, Boston and New York.

The Charleston Steamships

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

Unrivaled on the Coast.

Through Tickets on sale at Montgomery, West Point and Atlanta to New York via Charleston Steamships.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintenden
A. ROBERT, General Ticket Agent.
jan24—tf

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
ATLANTA DIVISION,
Central R. R. and Banking Co. of Georgia,
Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 10, 1874.

Change of Schedule.

ON and after Thursday, December 10, 1874, the trains between Atlanta and Carrollton will run as follows:

	Arrive.	Leave.
Carrolton		7 45 a m
Whitesburg	8 45 a m	8 55 a m
Sargents	9 15 a m	9 17 a m
Newnan	9 37 a m	9 52 a m
Sharpsburg	10 27 a m	10 29 a m
Turin	10 34 a m	10 37 a m
Senola	10 57 a m	11 07 a m
Brooksville	11 32 a m	11 42 a m
Griffin	12 22 p m	12 36
Atlanta	2 55 p m	

RETURNING.

	Arrive.	Leave.
Atlanta		1 00 p m
Griffin	3 15 p m	3 25 p m
Brooksville	4 00 p m	4 05 p m
Senoia	4 35 p m	4 45 p m
Turin	5 05 p m	5 07 p m
Sharpsburg	5 12 p m	5 14 p m
Newnan	5 49 p m	6 04 p m
Sargents	6 24 p m	6 26 p m
Whitesburg	6 46 p m	6 51 p m
Carrollton	7 51 p m	

A. J WHITE, Pres. and Supt.,
S. G. and N. A. R. R.
G. J. FOREACRE, Supt,
dec11—dtf C. R. R. (A. D.)

Memphis and Charleston R. R.

MEMPHIS, TENN., OCT. 15, 1874.

NOTICE.

MR. AKERS having resigned as agent of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad at Atlanta, Mr. T. G. GARRETT has been appointed as his successor.

Planters and others desiring information in regard to transportation of hands from that section, may get reliable information by calling on or addressing

T. G. GARRETT,
Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
W. J. ROSS,
General Superintendent. oct18-dtf

OPIUM ANTIDOTE.

Stop, Read, Reflect and Act
Before it is too Late!

Dr. S. B. Collins' Painless

OPIUM

ANTIDOTE

Is a perfect and painless cure for

The Habitual use of Opium

in any of its forms, whether as
MORPHINE,
LAUDANUM,
ELIXIR, or
GUM OPIUM

It Positively Produces a Permanent Cure.

IT is strange yet true, that as a rule it is the brightest intellects, the best members of society become addicted to this diseased appetite. A habit which makes them slaves beclouds their minds, ruins their dispositions, and gives them in their more natural moments a hatred of self as well as a feeling that everybody despises them—to such an extent that society has no charms. But thanks to the Giver of all good, this morbid, terrible habit, and degraded condition, as well as all of the desire and feeling for opiates in any form is soon removed by this remarkable antidote, entirely so, and the weakened body and mind are invigorated, given renewed health until love and hope take the place of despondency and doubt. Though you may not be afflicted with the habit of using MORPHINE, LAUDANUM, or other forms of OPIUM, some friend may be, and you know it not, therefore let me ask you, in the name of suffering humanity to pass this on. By so doing you may reap the reward of those who do good. DELAY NOT.

All correspondence strictly confidential. For further particulars, and in sending orders from any of the Southern States, address

B. M. WOOLLEY.
General Agent for the Southern States
No. 38 South Broad street, Atlanta,
y10-deod3m&w1am3m

D. C. SKINNER | M. SWEETSER | C. E. LEONARD

Skinner, Sweetser & Co.

Producers of and Dealers in West Virginia

LUBRICATING NATIVE ROCK OIL,

USED by most of the Railroads in the United States, Canada and Europe, and by mechanics on all kinds of machinery. The Safest, Cheapest and most Reliable Lubricator in the World. Obtained the Highest Prize at the Paris Exposition. [illegible] Gravity. [illegible] Horse Neck and Cow Run. West Virginia. Tanks and Shipping Stations, West Virginia. Office, [illegible], Ohio. C. W. CUTTING, Atlanta, General Agent. dec6—d1m

THE HOWE SEWING MACHINE.

LADIES

Should Remember, that no matter whether they ha[ve a]

SEWING MACHINE,

or not, that no Household is complete wit[h]

A HOWE!

J. B. SCARRATT[,]
Mana[ger]
aug2—may7-dtf wed fri&sun

COOKING STOVES, HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, &c.

1100 COOKING STOVE[S]

350 HEATING STOVES!

Must be Sold

— BY —

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRAT[H]

NO. 12 MARIETTA STREET,

WHOLESALE AND RETA[IL]

— DEALERS IN —

Cooking and Heating Stove[s]

Ranges, Furnaces, Grates, House Furnishing Goods, Tinners' Trimmings Shee[t] Co[pper], Sheet Lead, Sheet Iron, &c., &c. We call the particular attention o[f] Housekeepers to a few of our LEADING COOK STOVES that are not excelled in the State or out of it, fo[r] their SUPERIOR BAKING QUALITIES.

The Improved "Columbia Cook,
"Acorn Cook," Carroll, Cook,"
"Cottage Cook," "Excelsior Cook
"Sentinel," "Capitol,"
"Farmers' Premium," "Fearless,, "O. K[.]

WITH A VARIETY OF OTHER PATTERNS.

Steam and Gas Fitters, Steam Pipes, Steam Gaug[es]

STEAM WHISTLES, &c., &c.

We are also Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitte[rs]

Contractors for Steam Heating, Tin Roofing, Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window [and] Door Caps, Manufacturers of

Concrete Sewer and Drain Pip[e]

☞ AGENTS FOR KNOWLS' STEAM PUMP.

No. 12 Marietta Street, Atlanta, Georgia,
oct22—dtf HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH

WAGONS, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.

MARK W. JOHNSON. W. W. WOODRUFF. WILBUR F. JOHNS[ON]

MARK W. JOHNSON, WOODRUFF & CO.'S

Great Agricultural Warehouse, Seed Stor[e]

AND CARRIAGE REPOSITORY,

ATLANTA......GEORGI[A]

WE BEG TO CALL SPECIAL ATTENTION OF THE PLANTING COMMU[NI]ty to the following articles, which we offer cheap, for cash only:

500 Farmers' Friend Plo[ws]. The best and cheapest chilled ground plows ever offered to customers. *Premiums awar[ded] these plows at our Fair*



500 BRINLEY'S CE[LE]BRATED STEEL UNIVERS[AL] PLOWS. Received *nine premi[ums]* at our Fair.

BRINLEY'S GANG PLO[W]. Ride and Plow While You Can.

250 SUBSOIL PLOWS. 50 HARROWS, Latest Improved, 50 CORN SHELLE[RS]

THE THING SETTLED—THE WILSO[N]

We have the best Sewing Machines in market.

10 Feed Cutters, also, 50 Blanchard Churns, Field Rollers, Clod Crushers, Porta[ble] Engines, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Cider Mills, Corn and Cobb Mills, Smut Machine[s], Rock, Bolting Cloths, Gins and Cotton Presses, Premium cheap Wheel-Barrows, Smit[h's] patent Well Fixtures, 100 Farm Wagons and Carts, 50 One-horse Spring Wagons, 1,[000] tons Fertilizers.

SEEDS! SEEDS! SEEDS FOR THE MILLION,

1,000 bushels Grass and Clover Seeds, 2,000 bushels Wheat, Rye, Oats and Barl[ey], 1,000,000 Papers Fall Vegetable Seeds, 10,000 Flowering Bulbs, assorted, 5,000 Pap[ers] Flower Seeds.

100 Family Carriages and Buggie[s]

We call especial attention to our Carriage and Buggy Department.

Improved Cattle, Hogs, Sheep and Fowls a Specialty.

OUR GUN DEPARTMENT.—Please remember, we keep a fine assortment BREECH-LOADING and other styles of sporting Guns. Also, ammunition [and] accoutrements.

MILITARY COMPANIES.—Arms and accoutrements complete, furnis[hed] at manufacturers prices—freight added. We invite correspondence from the diffe[rent] military organizations throughout the State, with the assurance that we can equi[p] at less cost than the same can be furnished by any other firm in the South.

OUR TREE DEPARTMENT.—We furnish the finest Fruit and Ornamen[tal] Trees that are to be had in the broad land. 500 *Eucalyptus Globulous* (Fever Tree) arrived from across the Continent. Let no mortal be without one of these beaut[iful] evergreen and healthful trees.

MARK W. JOHNSON, WOODRUFF & CO.,
nov1—d2m Seed Merchants, Atlanta, Ga.

WAREHOUSE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

A. LEYDEN,

Warehouse, Storage and Commission Mercha[nt]

— WILL —

Buy, Sell or Store Cotto[n]

IN HIS LARGE ROCK FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE, SITUATED IMMEDIAT[ELY] on the railroad, thereby saving his customers the expense as well as injury sust[ained] by draymen handling it.

Charges for storing, selling, buying and insuring, will be as low as any respo[nsible] house in the city. Shipments made to my correspondents in the Northern, Easte[rn and] Liverpool markets, on usual terms.

Futures Bought and Sold at Best Rates.

☞ THE USUAL MONEYED FACILITIES EXTENDED TO MY CUSTOMER[S]. Consignments of Bacon, Bulk Meats, Lard, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Rye, Flour, Fertilizers, Cement, Plaster, &c., offered at low rates to prompt payers.

Warehouse, Nos. 19, 21, 23, 25 and 27, Bartow street, corner Western and Atlantic road, ATLANTA, GEORGIA. Respectfully,
sep8—d4mo A. LEYDEN

MERCHANT TAILORING.

JERRY LYNCH'S

TEMPLE OF FASHION

James' Bank Block Building.

JERRY LYNCH, THE PEOPLE'S CLOTHIER, has in store and arriving daily, line of the finest goods ever brought South for fall and winter wear. A full st[ock]

Pant Goods, Vestings and Coating[s]

Also, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS and UNDERWEAR of all kinds, an[d] celebrated and unequalled

STAR SHIRT

He invites inspection of his goods, GUARANTEEING THEM IN QUALIT[Y AND] PRICE. sep6

HARDWARE AND CARRIAGE MATERIAL

HARDWAR[E]

Wholesale and Retail.

M'NAUGHT & SCRUTCHI[N]

36 and [38] WHITEHALL STREET,

ATLANTA, - - GEORG[IA]

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, Etc.

LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK IN THE SOUTH,

CARRIAGE AND WAGON MAKERS' WOOD W[ORK]

AXLES, BOXES, THIMBLE-SKEINS, Etc.,

SADDLERY AND HARNESS HARDWA[RE]

HORSE AND MULE SHOES OF THE FINEST QUALITY,

AGENTS FOR THE SALE [OF] DUPONT'S CELEBRATED

RIFLE AND BLASTING POWD[ER]

oct18-dtf

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

THE LARGEST CIRCULATION CITY, COUNTY AND STATE.

DEFIES REFUTATION.

To Lawyers.—A full report of the decisions of the Supreme Court is furnished to The Constitution by the Reporter of the Court.

To Correspondents.—We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communications we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

Supreme Court Decisions are now ready in pamphlet form, with table of cases and general index. At the last term decisions of very great importance were rendered. Sent post paid for $1. Address W. A. Hemphill & Co.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENT: I. M. ACTON.

ATLANTA.

Sunday Morning, Dec. 20, 1874.

To Mail Subscribers of the Constitution.

The postage law of the last session of congress, while largely reducing the rates on newspapers, requires that in all cases after January 1, 1875, the postage shall be paid in advance at the place of mailing. It will therefore become necessary for publishers to attend to this payment instead of subscribers.

The postage heretofore paid by subscribers on the Constitution, has been at the rate of $1 20 per year on the Daily, and 25 cents per year on the Weekly. Hereafter, on subscriptions running after the 1st of January, subscribers will pay no postage at their home postoffices, but in remittances to this office it will be necessary to add to the usual subscription price of the paper the following rates for the prepayment of postage:

One Daily, one year..............60 cents
" six months..........30 cents
" three months..........15 cents

In other words, the price of the Constitution, to mail subscribers will, hereafter be at the rate of $10 60 for the Daily, and $2.15 for the Weekly, which will include prepayment of postage—payment in all cases to be made in advance.

The saving in the sum thus paid for postage by subscribers is clearly apparent in these figures, amounting to one half in the Daily, and nearly as much in the Weekly edition.

In cases of failure to remit the amount thus charged for postage, the difference will be charged against the time for which the paper is sent. And in ALL CASES where subscribers are delinquent, we will be compelled to erase their names, as we cannot afford to pay postage at all, much less for delinquents.

If Charley Ross is found in consequence of the shooting done by the Van Brunts, how much of the reward will they be entitled to?

By the latest count of noses in the Wisconsin legislature, Carpenter commands 35 votes for senator, and Washburn 32, with 14 scattering.

Captain Charles B. Hudson, of Schley, a member of the last legislature, and a prominent member of some of the special investigating committees, will be a candidate for clerk of the house.

The press of the country, in announcing the demise of the New York Republic, is unkind enough to mention the mistake which led to its downfall. The St. Louis Globe is of the opinion that the fatal mistake of the Republic was the printing of the first number, which is probably true.

Doctor Redfield writes of Andrew Johnson: Up and down the line, among friends and enemies alike, it is understood that this is the old man's last fight. If he wins the term is six years, and he will hardly ever want office again, and if he fails he can never get it again. So all are coming up to the scratch with long finger nails and bloodshot eyes, and wool will fly.

The Albany Penitentiary will make a clear profit this year of about $30,000. Prisoners from many of the interior counties, and some United States convicts, are sent there, and the payment of their board covers the cost of feeding them. A shrewd management of their labor makes the institution a good investment for the tax-payers of Albany county.

Hon. Bailie Peyton, who has come down to us from a former generation, will probably be sent to congress to fill the vacancy created by the death of the late member elect of the fourth district of Tennessee. He was associated with Clay and Webster, having first entered congress in 1833. Next to Guvenor Allen, it may be said of Peyton that he is the oldest of our many old men who take an active part in public affairs.

The registration in the city of Mobile closed with the following result, viz: Whites 4,083; negros, 2,246, creoles, 78; showing a white majority, leaving out the creoles, of 1,837 votes. The democrats lead in every ward except the 7th, in which the negroes have about one hundred and forty majority. The entire municipal government will no doubt, be under democrat control after the election, which takes place in a few days, the 22d inst.

The statue of Stonewall Jackson, executed by the late Mr. Foley, the well-known English sculptor, for the city of Charleston, South Carolina, is now nearly completed at the Manor foundry, at Chelsea, near London. The general is represented as standing with a drawn broadsword in the right hand. The hand rests on the swordhilt, and the point of the weapon is placed upon a piece of rock at the side of the figure. He wears a horseman's short tunic, girt by a broad belt, and buttoned close on the chest, and loose trousers, with riding boots. The defect of the work, says the Athenæum, is in the face, which lacks vivacity, and even poetic suggestiveness.

Cæsar and Kalakaua had bad colds when they met, but we have secured both the speeches. Said Grant: "Your royal highdess, did gibs me bleasure to grasb the had ob your royal highdess. I hobe your royal highdess is bleased wid this coundry, and wid the national hyb of your royal highdess as blayed by our brass bads. I hobe this visid ob your royal highdess will dend to cemend the dies ob this coundry ad the coundry ob your royal highdess." [Music by the band—Hawaiian national anthem.] Kalakaua neatly replied: "I thag your egcellenzy for this welcub to your gread coundry. Id is a coundry ob whose rezources I hab heard mudch, ad ob whose clibate I hab already had sobe egsperience. Iv the civil ridghts bill basses I hobe do see more ob your coundry. I had a good tibe id Califordia, ad hope I shall contidue to hab a good tbie id your coundry." [Cheers, and music by the band; music, the national anthem of Hawaii.]

The Girls of New Orleans.

The attempt to introduce negro girls into the Upper Girl's High School of New Orleans has resulted in the temporary abolition at least of the public schools of that city. The result may be safely accepted by the country as an infallible indication of what will occur throughout the south if congress tries to force a system of mixed schools upon us. This is scarcely probable now, however. The elections of last fall were so emphatic on that question that even the hero of Fort Fisher has heeded them. The new civil rights bill, which Butler submitted to congress last week, provides that any state may avoid its penalties and odious conditions by establishing separate schools for the races.

The brave girls of New Orleans have illustrated the practical effects of evil legislation. They have buried some of it, we hope, very deep. The rebellion against a gross imposition, brought out their patriotism and made them magnificently equal to what was to them their 14th of September. Beneficial as the Penn revolution indisputably was and is, we are not sure that the girls of the Fourth district school have not accomplished fully as much for their city and the whole south.

This issue of race has been brewing some time in the foul circles of Kelloggism; and when the negro Brown was appointed superintendent of education, the thinking people of the Crescent City felt that their schools were doomed. Brown began with a good deal of caution and cunning. At first he put into some of the schools a few light-colored mulattoes, then he tried children of a darker hue, until, says the Bulletin, he succeeded, in a few instances, in placing negro girls as black as ebony, to sit with the fairest Caucasians. Children were withdrawn, and remonstrances presented, but Brown and the board of education were immovable. They claimed the power to mix the schools, and mix them they would. But when they attempted to put sixteen negro girls into the Fourth district high school they aroused the pride and dignity of southern girls, and found a Waterloo.

The firm and uncompromising stand taken by these young ladies, may become historical. The telegraph has kept our readers pretty well informed of the different phases of their protest against an attempted violation of every sense of propriety. Suffice it, that while the creatures of federal bayonets resolved and enacted, no power on earth could compel the young ladies to attend mixed schools. They never will, neither there nor elsewhere. Mixed schools are, therefore, impossible; and we hope every honest man, and especially every honest legislator, will study the history of the New Orleans struggle, for it was an exact counterpart of what Sumner's civil rights bill would have produced, in every southern town, if it had become a law.

The New York Tribune mourns the death of its late contemporary, the Republic, in the following instructive lines:

Yesterday morning the Republic loaded itself to the muzzle with outrages from Arkansas, Mississippi, Louisiana, Tennessee, Alabama, the court of Oyer and Terminer, and the eighteenth ward, and discharged them all with one tremendous report, and simultaneously disappeared from view. Whether it had blown itself out of existence, or only died of exhaustion, it would perhaps be impertinent to inquire. It is enough to know that when the smoke of the explosion lifted, the New York organ of the administration was discovered to be shattered into hopeless fragments. It will never roar for us again. In some respects it was a good paper. Its facilities for obtaining news were not extensive, but it made the best use of such as it had, and it was able to command the services of several clever and experienced journalists who understood their trade. Its appearance was attractive, and if it was never brilliant it was certainly better written and better edited than many journals which have achieved a fair measure of success. It discovered more murdered negroes in the south than all the other journals put together, and it was the only newspaper in the world which published intelligence of the death of Queen Victoria and the consequent turmoil in the streets of London. But it was upon its party sympathies, after all, that it founded its chief if not its only title to consideration, and its failure therefore conveys a lesson which politicians with more money than brains will do well to learn.

The bill introduced by Mr. Smith, of North Carolina, appropriating the money collected from the southern people as a tax on raw cotton to pay the debts of the southern states, does not elicit much favor in the section most deeply interested. The Nashville Union and American thinks it would be the best way to distribute the cotton tax, beause it would destroy at one fell blow a world of vexatious litigation between contesting claims that would surely arise if the money were paid in any other way. The New Orleans Times disposes of the matter more briefly and satisfactorially when it says "The project would of course be pleasing to the tax ridden public; but it is scarcely worth while to discuss its justice or merits, since it undoubtedly belongs, so far, at any rate, as this congress is concerned, to the great family of Buncombe."

Of all the schemes of the western radicals to bring back "good times" and party success, none exceed Mr. Farwell's in enterprise and dash. His plan removes all limitations upon the number and circulation of national banks; allows them to have bank notes to the extent of ninety per cent. of the *full* value of bonds deposited; withdraws greenbacks from circulation at the rate of a million a month until they are at par with gold; relieves the banks of all national taxation, which now amounts to $7,000,000 a year; and exempts all bank paper having less than four months to run from the action of state usury laws. The New York Herald says that this novel scheme is gaining a good deal of favor, and although not an administration measure, is assuming considerable importance.

Our readers will be apt to read the account, in other columns, of a remarkable "find" in the silver-mining districts of Nevada, which changed the fortunes of some men like magic. Gen. Thomas H. Williams, for example, held 6,500 shares of "California," and 8,000 shares of "Consolidated Virginia." The first cost him little or nothing, and the last not a large amount. He can now sell his shares in "California" for $1,959,000, and his shares in "Consolidated Virginia" for $750,000. His profits in a single twenty-four hours on these stocks were $650,000—more than $25,000 an hour—$500 a minute.

The Tennessee papers are urging their legislature to adopt a code that will provide for the collection of vital statistics. They think that an official record of births, marriages and deaths, with the causes of death, would be a great benefit in a sanitary way, and would entitle the state to lay claim to a surprising healthfulness. The Chattanooga Times places official and reliable vital statistics as only second in importance and usefulness to good schools. We hope Dr. Thomas or some other patriotic member, will help Georgia to a similar law, for our need of one is fully as great as Tennessee's.

In the governor's proclamation, on the 5th instant, offering a reward for the arrest of the murderers of Jackson Brady, in Clinch county, the name of one of the fugitives should be Thomas Padgett, instead of James T. Padgett, the representative elect from Echols county. It has been certified to the executive department that "the mistake originated in the jury not being correctly informed as to the right name of Thomas Padgett, it being understood, at the time, that his name was James Thomas, whereas it now appears to be only Thomas."

Judge Bond, of the United States circuit court, for South Carolina, has decided that the Air-Line railroad company is not subject to state or local taxation, and the South Carolinians, who are paying heavy annual taxes for the building of that road, are very indignant. The case, however, has been carried to the supreme court for final adjudication, and the tax-payers are restraining their wrath, in the hope of securing a conclusive reversal of the decision rendered by Judge Bond.

The Galveston News is altogether too fast in accepting, and in giving currency to a statement from a financial journal of New York, to the effect that the debt of this state is "sadly in arrears," and that the state is "for the present helpless." These statements from New York lack truthfulness—that's all. They have not the slightest basis to rest upon. Georgia is promptly meeting every obligation.

And now it comes to pass that a city cotemporary has gone into the chromo business, and offers pictures to subscribers. We merely note it as a current event, and not that we have any objection to it, it is a matter of business, and our cotemporary has as much right to give presents as any other journal. It is only an inducement, you see, outside of the merits of the paper itself, to win subscribers, which is perfectly proper.

THE FEDERAL CAPITAL.

Transportation Projects.

The Atlantic and Great Western Canal.

Meeting of the Republican Caucus.

Southern Outrages, and the Financial Question.

[Special telegram to The Constitution.]

Washington, December 19, 1874.—The various transportation projects before the house committee on railways and canals have been referred to a sub-committee, with instructions to report the most important with the amount of subsidy asked.

THE ATLANTIC AND GREAT WESTERN CANAL.

There is no one here, outside of the Georgia delegation, to represent the Atlantic and Great Western canal, and to present its claims for consideration. The other transportation projects are strongly backed.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

It is not believed that this bill will pass. If it does, it will be in a modified form, as stated in a former dispatch.

Tommy Hauck.

A BIG JOB.

(Special to Louisville Courier-Journal.)

The House committee on railways and canals has agreed to report a bill to aid in the construction of a freight line of railway from Washington to St. Louis, via Cincinnati, with a branch to Chicago. The bill provides for $15,000,000 bonds, the interest on which is to be guaranteed by the government.

TAX ON TEA AND COFFEE.

It is certain now that an attempt will be made directly after the holidays to restore the tax on tea and coffee. The prospects for the next fiscal year are claimed to be such that this increased taxation will be absolutely necessary. This is the view which Mr. Dawes takes of the situation, and it is probable that he will be supported by a majority of the Ways and Means committee.

SOUTHERN OUTRAGES.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Washington, December 19.—At a caucus of republican senators to-day, several of the caucus committees made reports. While no formal action was taken regarding southern affairs, there was unanimity on the point that all citizens in that section must be protected in their lawful rights. Some senators suggested that there should be an increase of the army for that purpose, while others were of the opinion that improved militia arrangements might better secure protection, while being less objectionable than a regular military force, and more in accordance with the spirit of our institutions. The question was adjourned to a future but early caucus. The caucus committee on southern affairs will not make any recommendation with regard to Arkansas affairs until the committee appointed by the house shall have made their report to that body; and, therefore, the Arkansas question was not discussed. There was an indisposition to take action relative to the Kellogg government. As to the question of admitting Pinchback, it is said there were questions pending before the committee on privileges and elections affecting him which should first be settled before discussing the propriety of giving him the seat belonging to Louisiana. Most of the time of the caucus was consumed in the consideration of

THE FINANCE QUESTION.

A report having been made by the committee, eleven, on that subject, through its chairman, Senator Sherman, the debate took a wide range, but all who spoke expressed the opinion that something was necessary to be done, and that therefore it was the part of wise statesmanship for those present to harmonize their views if possible. The committee of eleven, before they brought their report into the caucus, were divided in their views, seven being in favor of the report and four against it, but finally, on motion of one of the four, the report was made unanimous, and after a long discussion was adopted by the caucus. The bill agreed upon will be reported at an early day to the senate, according to best attainable information. It provides for the resumption of specie payments, on the first day of January, 1879, for free banking and for the retiring of greenbacks to the extent of 80 per cent. of the amount of new national bank notes issued; and also requires the forty six millions of fractional currency to be gradually withdrawn and silver coin in denominations of from 5 to 50 cents issued in its place. The secretary of the treasury is authorized to use the surplus coin in the treasury on and after the day fixed for resumption, to redeem the legal tenders, and if necessary, to sell bonds for the same purpose if the amount of specie is not sufficient.

We republish, because of unavoidable errors in its first appearance, the masterly argument of Hon. John H. James on usury, homestead and other vital matters. We hesitate not to say that for strong common sense and unanswerable argument, it is one of the best papers we have seen in some time, and will advance him in the opinion of the people. Upon a minor point or two we may differ with him, but upon the leading ideas we think his views will meet the endorsement of the masses. They will bring into greater prominence his gubernatorial aspirations, which, by the way, are honest aspirations openly avowed. "Common sense and money sense," he well says, "are very rare articles." John H. James unquestionably possesses both, and many other traits that, despite his plain education, endears him to the people. As a candidate he is rising.

What better present can be made to a friend than that of a good newspaper. The new postage law makes the gift of a newspaper more acceptable, as the recipient now has no postage to pay, or any expense whatever to incur. The present of a good family journal, for one year, while it costs little, is a most agreeable one. One who thus sends The Constitution to a friend, also receives a card for himself, which may bring him a handsome and costly present.

There is a communication in to-day's Constitution for "city officers," speaking of rumors affecting one of the aldermen. We cannot for a moment believe that the gentleman in question would do anything in the premises which would compromise his integrity, official or otherwise. And this we say from our knowledge and observation of the man and his career.

Send on your subscriptions at once, and receive cards. We entered six hundred dollars of subscriptions on our books yesterday. See announcement on the local page. Next week the distribution comes off. Write at once. Remember postage.

A pardon was refused, yesterday, to Frank Willis, convicted at the last November term of Randolph superior court, of the offense of carrying concealed weapons, who plead guilty and was sentenced to four months in jail.

Our special telegrams and correspondence from Washington are growing in interest.

Fires.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

Reading, December 19.—The iron works of the Great Western railway were burned last night, and four hundred men are thrown out of employment.

Gallatin, Tenn., December 19.—The Eagle woolen mills, were burned, Loss, $30,000.

Auburn, December 19.—The Flag collar factory in the state prison was burned to-day. Five other simultaneous fires were extinguished without material loss. The convicts intended to burn the penitentiary and escape en masse.

Congratulations.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.]

New York, December 19.—Henry Ward Beecher and Miss Proctor have exchanged congratulatory letters.

Cotton Article—Volume III—No. 16.

The receipts this week are 193,110 bales, compared with 200,000 last year, 116,000 the year before. It is likely the receipts for next week will be about 190,000 bales, compared with 215,000 bales last year, and 104,000 the year before, and the receipts at the interior towns 30,000 bales, compared with 53,000 last year and 25,000 the year before.

WEATHER.

The thermometer has averaged 50 degrees at noon; clear and warm four days; cloudy and cool three days; rain one night. Rain fall for the week .50 of an inch.

The same week last year, the thermometer was 53 degrees at noon; clear and pleasant six days; cloudy one day; no rain. The same week year before last, the thermometer was 46 degrees at noon. Clear and pleasant one day; cloudy and light rain on six days; rain fall for the week 2 24 inches.

ATLANTA MARKET—RECEIPTS.

	1874.	1873.
Receipts this week......	2,870	3,700
Receipts previously....	41,958	32,700
	44,828	36,400

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments this week....	4,306	2,970
Shipments previously...	36,978	31,516
	41,284	34,486

STOCK.

Stock on hand.........	3,000	1,920

PRICES.

Middling, ...	12½	13¼

For the next three weeks after this time last year, the receipts at this place were only 3,750 bales or an average of 1,250 each week. Sixty-seven per cent. or just ⅝ of the total receipts here for the year, were received last year up to that time.

If only ⅝ have been received this year, the total will be 67,000 bales; which is more than we expect.

RECEIPTS.

The daily receipts at all ports for the next week, for the past four years, are as follows;

	1870	1871	1872	1873
Saturday	17,956	23,481	12,611	30,230
Monday	25,970	25,000	20,986	57,247
Tuesday	21,577	13,378	25,024	28,141
W'ds	21,795	22,870	12,676	40,016
Thursday	16,757	23,232	13,500	29,652
Friday	27,896	21,667	18,154	29,721
Various	937	1,770	1,497	587
	131,888	132,398	104,448	215,594

NEW YORK.

This market has been dull and weak, with a very small business for spots; sales only 6,000 bales, at a decline of 1-4 of a cent. Contracts have been very active. Sales 225,000 bales, at a general decline of 1-2 a cent. The continued heavy receipts have broken down the strong feeling of security in their position that the bulls have relied on for a month past, and the consequence was a weakening in the price.

LIVERPOOL.

This market has been dull, at a decline of 1-4 of a cent; heavy receipts at our ports; large exports from this country; and a dull state of trade at Manchester have been the causes of this continued weakness.

WATTS & CO.

This old reliable house of Liverpool, England, seems to be natural bulls. For a long time now, they have thought well of cotton, and still it has gone down. They say in their circular, under the date of Nov. 27th, "Whilst upon this subject we would add that we ourselves have for some weeks past regarded a crop of four millions of bales in America this season as highly improbable, but we must confess that the recent very heavy receipts have shaken our confidence in the deductions we have heretofore drawn from the reports of acreage, condition, etc. Now if this paper should reach these parties we would say in all kindness to them that they have been imposed upon by interested parties, and if they will allow us a little egotism we will tell them where to get the facts from parties who are not interested, and who have by far the greatest opportunity of getting correct knowledge of the crop at all times. We refer to the Financial Chronicle, of New York, and to the writer of these papers. Two years ago we underestimated the crop only 30,000 bales. The bureau and most other authorities missed it half a million. Last year we started out with 4,250,000 bales September 1st, and afterwards reduced our estimate to 4,125,000, and the crop was 4,170,000, only missing it 80,000, before a single bale of the crop was delivered, and finally under estimating it only 45,000, when many other estimates, notably, the bureau, Mobile and New Orleans, missed it 500,000. This year we started out September 1st with an estimate of 4,100,000 bales, although we were 500,000 bales larger than some, and 1,000,000 bales larger than others, we are likely to be too small ourselves. We have no interest in deceiving any one. But we will assure the Messrs. Watts & Co., and all other European readers of these papers, that their sources of information, except such as may come from reliable private persons, are not to be depended on; and we could give the reason for our opinion, but do not care to publish it, or to tell all we know.

LARGE BEAR INTEREST.

For the past seven months we have been assured by the bull party that the bear interest was a very large one; that they had largely oversold the market, and that this would be seen to put the price up; in fact, this has been the principal reason given by most bulls why the price would rise, as they would soon be cornered. But as month after month has passed, and the market has steadily declined, we begin to believe that the bears themselves start and foster these reports of their weak condition, so the bulls may continue to buy from them, and thus continue to pour gold into their already overloaded coffers.

HALF CROP.

This hackneyed and stereotyped term does not mean what it is supposed to by most persons. In the spring of the year you see a peach orchard where the trees are covered with blooms. Soon after you find over half of them have fallen off, and still later you may find one-half of the young peaches on the ground, and the farmer thinks his peach crop will be a failure as "it has all shed off." But this shedding is only an effort of nature to relieve the tree of the fruit which would break it down, and from its quantity spoil the quality. Later on, the farmer finds there are just as many peaches on the trees as they will bear. This applies as well to cotton. The farmer plants 100 acres in cotton and hopes to make 30 bales If the spring and summer is a good one, as this was, he goes over it and asks his neighbors to look at his fine cotton crop. Being in a pleasant mood they all conclude there is fruit enough on the plants to make 60 or 75 bales, and so calculate. But after awhile the weather becomes wet or dry, it does not matter much which, and the plants being heavily overloaded with squares and blooms, they shed off and fall upon the ground. The average is that fully one-half the squares and blooms fail to make cotton every year. The farmer seeing this embryo fruit upon the ground, at once says he is ruined, and cannot make over half a crop, but when he comes to gather it he finds it much better than he expected, and often makes more bales than he planted for. This is the true history of the half crop stories, and the same thing occurs ever year, but sometimes worse than others.

PROSPECTS.

We can see no prospects ahead for cotton to rise sufficient to pay for the cost and risk of holding it.

State Departments.

STATE GEOLOGIST.

Mr Schley, the accomplished assistant of Dr. Little, being indisposed, has returned to the city. The Dr. has finished his survey of Floyd county and is in Polk county at this time. This last named county will be finished up in a day or two. Dr. Little and the party will return to Atlanta on Thursday next.

STATE AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

The labratory connected with the above department is now fully fitted up, and Prof. P. H. Mell, Jr., has commenced the analysis of soils of Bartow county, the result of which will be published in a hand book of the county soon to be prepared by the commissioner of agriculture. The commissioner is engaged at this time in the preparation of a circular which will be published in the course of two or three weeks, upon the status of labor in the different counties in the state, and the amount of home supplies raised by farmers in Georgia, which it is expected will contain many valuable statistical facts.

USURY.

An Unanswerable Argument.

Views of Hon. J. H. James on Usury and Other Questions.

To those who think they can make a living by grumbling and saying "I cannot get trade," or "I cannot work at my trade," I would say—and this advice is applicable to many classes—go to farming; produce something. All our troubles are due to the lack of producers. Men making money out of each other by trading do not benefit the state to any extent, but when money is kept here by production, or brought here by sale of productions, the whole people are benefitted. Hence the whole law-making power should be favorable to the farmer and producer, or manufacturer. They are the main stay and support of all other men and businesses. These traders and speculators, who are trying to write up usury laws and write down interest, had better sell their property, get out of debt, bring in their sails, and go to producing something, instead of trying to do what cannot be done—write down the price of money, which always has, and always will be, governed by the demand and supply, and the supply is governed by the surroundings.

You may pass laws against usury from year to year, but you cannot keep the lender from getting his price, and your laws will keep the timid from loaning, and the brave will get higher prices. Just as well pass a law, saying a man cannot get a dollar and a half for a bushel of corn as to say he cannot get 1½ per cent. for his money. You cannot keep a man from making his note payable to bearer for $100, and sending another man to sell it for $60 or $75, and you cannot say that this is usury in the sight of the law. Neither will the next Georgia legislature, in my opinion, change the law so soon after passing it, until it has had a longer trial.

Since the law was passed we have had severe trials in financial circles. Some persons say that stocks and bonds have depreciated under the law of free interest. I deny this. Good stocks and bonds are as high now as they have been in four or five years. Some have depreciated, but it is from endorsing, and extending, and bad management. The same thing will depreciate an individual's credit. I will admit that in some cases property, in my judgment, has depreciated by this and by the panic, and by general stringent times, but with the amendments I will suggest to some of our laws, everything will be benefitted and money attained a great deal cheaper, and property will advance. We have too many laws. If our legislature, when it meets, instead of trying to pass a great many laws, would appoint committees on different sections of the laws, to see how many could be repealed without detriment to the public interest, and would repeal them, we would soon be better of. Would you not think me a fool, if my children possessed two or three hundred thousand dollars each, amounting to over one hundred millions of property, to make a law forbidding any person crediting them on their property, and fixing it so that it could not be sold for their debts, thereby placing them dependent and without credit in times of adversity. This is the condition of Georgia's sons and daughters. Law-makers, will you be so kind as to reduce the homestead law to three hundred or five hundred dollars, and give credit to the twenty-four men out of every twenty-five in Georgia, so that they can go to their neighbors and to merchants in their section and get credit, not by lien or deed, but by having their little property to back them, and not at 50 or 100 per cent., but at from 10 to 25, and not from one person alone, but from every person who has anything to sell them. Then evers man who has a little property will enjoy some credit (as he did before the war, and be an independent grange within himself,) that he will use preciously, and will make a debt with a view to pay it, and when he does this it is easily paid. When a man makes a debt under the present laws, the prices are so high for everything he buys that he has no heart to pay; hence he is all the time thinking how he can avoid it. By making all property in Georgia bound for its owners debts, you increase the credit of Georgia's sons from 100 to 200 millions of dollars. Credit is capital. Plenty of credit or capital makes cheap money. You say, how does this make money cheaper? It is in this way. The man who is worth $3,000 can go to any store in his section and get credit at from ten to twenty-five per cent. profit on goods, and the merchant from whom he buys can show his northern or western creditor his books and accounts, and assure him that these debts will be paid promptly in the fall, as there is no homestead law in Georgia, by means of which the payment of just debts can be avoided.

Northern merchants will then say, you can get instead of $10,000 credit, as you did under the homestead laws, $100,000 from me, and other merchants will do the same, and so on, until we are benefitted as a people to the extent of millions of dollars. This is credit to all classes. This is the same as cash, for now we have but little credit, and it takes all our cash out of the state to keep up our business as a people. I do not wish to have the homestead law so repealed as to affect people who have already taken it. Enact such a law as will enable those who desire to apply to the Ordinary to be released from it. But let our law-makers untie the hands of the hundreds of thousands of people in Georgia who hold property which is capital or credit to them. To change the homestead law the action of two legislatures and a vote of the people is required. It is a constitutional law.

Then make laws so that money can be collected speedily by giving mortgages with power to sell in sixty days. You will then see cheap money. When a man gets into a close place, if he has property and there is a law enabling speedy collections, he can get money. Under the present laws when judgment is rendered against a man his credit is gone, because no other man wishes to help him with one to three years law before he can get his money. If he did he would charge a high rate of interest. When a money lender knows he can get his money in sixty days he does not often want it. In this way money is kept easy and interest low. The people probably did not know that there is really very little cash, or money in banks; they have it loaned out, and their assets consist of notes and bills of exchange, and not cash hoarded up, as many of the usury law advocates think. Plenty of money makes cheap interest, and holders will not let it be idle. There is a great deal of money being loaned now in Georgia at 7 per cent. per annum. I am paying that for it, and get thousands of dollars. Why do others and myself get it at so low a rate? Because the owners think it good, and can get it when they want it. You see at once the want of a good credit to make money cheap. Then make laws to elevate credit; this cheapens goods, and cheap money will follow.

England has cheap money; so has Massachusetts. Their laws are as Georgia laws are now, interest open to contract. New York has usury laws; money gets lower and higher there at times than in any place in the United States by evasions, called interest, discount, commission, etc., etc. If we had what we desire in Georgia—lower taxes—interest would be lower and money more plentiful. We are paying nearly twice the amount of state taxes we should pay. Why are we paying 50 cents on the $100 state taxes when our debt is about eight millions, and the income from the State road sufficient to pay about one-half of this?

Tax payers will you ask our law makers to stop this, or will you sit still and pay it? Let us encourage railroads, thereby increasing our property and lowering taxes, asking them not to encourage emigration by low fare to the injury of them and us as carriers and producers.

Let us encourage immigration by state aid to a line of steamers from Savannah to Europe, bringing workingmen to help us till our soil and pay taxes. Those who will produce something to bring money into the country will make it cheaper. The press of this state should devote attention to this matter, and give a correct account of the condition of the west, both financially and socially, inducing our population, white and black, to remain here and produce cotton and provisions, thereby keeping interest down.

Let our next legislature pass a law taxing emigrant agents so high that they cannot stop in Georgia. I have traveled all over the west, and know Georgia to be superior to any western state, and as good a country as a man can desire to live in. President Grant says he is in favor of free banking and stops. I don't understand him. I am in favor of free banking under state laws, the same as we had prior to the war, with legal tender gold or silver as a basis, three for one. Then we will have a local currency that will be current at home, but not current all over the United States, which will remain amongst us, and we will have money all the year round. Our present currency is all expressed out of the country during the summer months and returned in the fall for our cotton crop. This local currency will make interest lower, because we cannot pass it out of the state, and money will be more plentiful with us. Under the present national bank laws we are taxed, in round numbers, about twenty millions of dollars to pay the dividends and officers' salaries of the national banks when the people would prefer United States money, and the banks prefer the old law. Away with this government paying six per cent. interest in gold on bonds belonging to national banks, and then, giving the bank ninety cents on the dollar in currency to loan at any price, getting pay for money twice out of the people. If we are to have government money, let us have it direct from the government without national banks, and save the twenty-five million taxes per annum.

The issuing of the twelve hundred thousand dollars in Georgia eight per cent. bonds, known as the Nutting bonds, and making them non-taxable, caused home people to purchase them, instead of northern people. If they had been taxed, thereby making them not so desirable, the north would have bought them instead of home people. This money, say at least one million dollars, would have staid in Georgia for the benefit of borrowers, and would have been taxed.

I see that some writers are referring to the money changers, tables being turned over in olden times in the temple spoken of in the Bible, and cutting at the business. In answer to this, it may be asserted that money dealing is honorable, and there are but a few of the dealers in this day who would not help turn over the tables of money changers if they should commence their business in our churches. I know that preachers in all denominations are glad to get money from money changers to live on and build churches with. Would that we had more changers with more money to make lower interest. Passing laws will not lower it. Common sense and money sense are very rare articles. I think that money is property, and very desirable property. I am glad that the day has came, as shown by our late elections, when the mighty people have said, by their vote, down with corruption and rings, and up with honesty and more money; down with close banking and up with free banking, to make cheap money, usury laws or no usury laws. If you wish to benefit the banks, reenact the usury laws. This will force timid loaners to deposit in banks.

Jno. H. James.

Atlanta, Ga., December 15, 1874.

SAVANNAH.

Georgia's Great Seaport—Its Importance and Beauty—Newspapers, Etc.

[Special Correspondence Atlanta Constitution.]

Savannah, Ga., Dec. 15, 1874.

Savannah is a city of great importance; her interests are the interests of the state, and along with her prosperity must rise or fall the prosperity of the whole state. Standing as she does upon the Savannah river, eighteen miles from the ocean, with the soft sea breezes turning the weather-vanes on her steeple tops, her river lined with shipping from many portions of the globe, her streets alive with men of all nationalities, from the smiling Frenchman to the Wandering Jew, she presents a picture worthy the pen of any writer. We do not propose to describe Savannah, thinking that your readers are ignorant of her appearance, but merely to acquaint you of the northern portion of the state with the features of your friends who live on the ocean and eat oysters fresh from the shell.

On a bluff, about fifty feet high, Savannah is built. The streets cross each other at right angles, and are shaded by a luxuriant growth of oaks, which give title to the place,

FOREST CITY.

Beautiful squares, with shade trees and occasional fountains throwing forth streams of mingled spray and water drops, monuments to the honor of Green and Count Pulaski, and in others, large mounds of sand, closely compacked with green grass and plants of various names. There is also a magnificent park, too little appreciated by those who see its beauties daily, with its walks of compressed gravel, winding in geometrical forms and shapes, leading to a central point, where stands the finest fountain in the southern states. Decorated with many concessions, it sets forth the beauty of the original design with much exactness, reflecting credit upon the early city fathers, and showing to this unappreciative generation, that they lack the taste which characterized their predecessors. These are some of the artificial features of Savannah.

The business portion is along the river and very convenient to shipping. Here we have the large commission houses that handle with steady hands and strong muscles the thousands of cotton bales that come floating down the river on boats, or rolling snugly packed in Central railroad cars, or Atlantic & Gulf.

Most of the firms in this city are firmly established, and I propose in time to come to give you an account of them, showing the strength of our financial system. Then, you ought to know something about our newspapers. The Morning News is one of the oldest and most successful papers in the city. Colonel Thompson, the author of Major Jones' Courtship, is the editor and a man of much talent; while sitting at his feet, with a pair of scissors ready to clip out the state news and coin it into more original forms, is Harris of whom you have heard. I have casually mentioned this paper, but propose to give you a more concise account of the others some time in the future. While I acknowledge the apparent inactivity of this city, I at the same time deny what the governor of Texas said of us when he passed through a few weeks ago. Said he: "Savannah reminds me more of the life to come than of the life that now is. It reminds one of a Sunday afternoon. There is no energy or business activity." This is not so, and perhaps that runaway exgovernor had a guilty conscience, which did not feel at home in such a calm and quiet city as ours.

No doubt, a person coming from Atlanta, would think Savannah

RATHER QUIET.

And so it is, when compared with such an opponent, but people enjoy life here. There is none of that rush, which endangers human life and deafens human ears, there are no pressing crowds throughout her thoroughfares, furnishing material for the gay and festive pick-pockets; but other things we have. We have places of amusement; our theatre is open often, and the lightest, smallest feet imaginable skip gently over the boards. We have pretty women on our streets, dressed in the fashion—in a word, we are up with the times.

COL. ACTON,

after eating a very comfortable dinner at the Pulaski house, left the city on the Atlantic & Gulf. He is stirring up business for your paper, and will throw out money in piles on your counter when he arrives.

Vol.

Debt and Usury.

In the farmers' convention, now in session in Atlanta, a proposition to appoint a committee to petition the legislature to re-enact the usury laws was unanimously adopted. This is business. And now, if the committee will go a step further and prevail upon the general assembly to pass a law compelling the vile capitalists to lend their money upon demand at 7 per cent., or legal interest, they will have solved the problem.

The convention also adopted a resolution agreeing to "nevermore contract debts except under extraordinary circumstances." This is undoubtedly a very wise resolution if it can be carried out, but its passage is a singular commentary upon the unanimous ardor of the members in favor of the restoration of the usury law. For it must be apparent that if they are not going into debt the freedom of money will have no effect upon them, while the "extraordinary circumstances" so naively alluded to would perhaps be the very "circumstances" under which the members would be glad to pay the market (and not the legal) rate of money.—*Savannah News.*

A Spanish Reply to Grant.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Madrid, December 19.—The Correspondencia publishes a note from the minister of foreign affairs to the Spanish representative at Washington, in relation to the Virginius question. The note refers to that portion of President Grant's message which treats of Spanish and Cuban affairs. It is couched in patriotic terms, and claims to be grounded on rules of international law.

A Celestial Shipment.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

New York, December 19.—Japan had 400 Chinese, only for cabin passengers.

The Lost Pacific Steamer.

[*By Telegraph to The Constitution.*]

New York, Dec. 19.—The steamship Japan left San Francisco, Nov. 14, arriving at Yokohama Dec. 12 and sailed thence. She had on board 973 tons of freight and $375,000 in treasury, when she left San Francisco, but the officers of the company in the city cannot say what amount was still on board when she left Yokohoma. Her cabin passengers for Hong Kong were J. W. Crocker, R. M. Tindell and Mary St[illegible]. The Chinese in the steerage numbered [illegible]. The following is a list of her officers: Capt. E. R. Warsaw; first officer, F. A. Hart; second officer, H. A. Andrews; third officer J. P Gallagher; chief engineer, John Cosgrove; Purser, John Rooney; Surgeon, V. B. Gallas; freight clerk, C. I. Gorham; storekeeper, W. B. Horn; steward, O. N. Clarke; second steward, William Ray; first assistant engineer, W. Bennett; second assistant enginee, David Fulton; third assistant engineer, James Henry. The Japan is eighth vessel which the Pacific Mail company have lost in the last five years, including the Bienville which was only chartered by the company, and the Alaska which went ashore at Hong Kong, but it is hope will be afloat again.

The Weather.

(By Telegraph The Constitution.)

Washington, December 19.—Probabilities for the south Atlantic and eastern Gulf states, are that the weather will be cloudy, with heavy rain and brisk easterly and southerly winds; with falling barometer and slight changes in temperature. For Tennessee and the Ohio valley, rain and falling barometer, followed by lower temperature and north or west winds—probably snow.

The Indian War.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Omaha, December 19.—The Pioche official despatches report the Indians are murdering the citizens, who are totally unarmed. A call has been made for troops. Two companies are now marching for Pioche.

The End of an Abortion.

[By Telegraph to the Constitution.]

Washington, December 19.—A Philadelphia young lady brought to this city for abortion purposes, found in a medical college on the dissecting table. Several arrests.

An Absconding Union President.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

New York, December 19.—A warrant was taken out for the arrest of James Marlow, president of the longshoremen, he was charged with embezzlement of the Union's funds.

The New Orleans' Schools.

(By Telegraph to The Constitution.)

New Orleans, December 19.—Further troubles in the high schools, when the board dismissed all public schools until further orders.

Harry Von Arnim's Sentence.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Berlin, Dec. 19—Harry Von Arnim was sentenced to three months imprisonment, including one month during which he had been under arrest.

Prussian Parliament Prorogued.

[By telegraph to The Constitution.

Berlin, December 19—Parliament passed the imperial budget and adjourned to January seventh.

Burned at Sea.

[*By Telegraph to the Constitution.*]

Hong Kong, Dec. 19.—The Pacific mail steamer Japan was burned at sea. It is feared that the money and lives were lost.

Three Men Killed by a Falling Roof.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

Sedalia, Mo., Dec. 19.—The roof of the Catholic Church fell and killed three men.

SOCIETIES.

Ladies' Memorial Association.

The members of the Ladies' Memorial Association are requested to meet TOMORROW (Monday) AFTERNOON at half past three o'clock, at the Young Men's Library.

MRS. JOHN M. JOHNSON, President.
Mrs. J. H. Glover, Secretary. [dec20-1t

Masonic.

Companions of Jason Burr Council of R.·. and T.·. M.·. of 27.

Monday evening, December 21, 1874.

Election of officers.

By order of the T.·. Ill.·. M.·.

S. L. SOLOMONSON,
dec20—d1t Recorder.

TEN CENT COLUMN.

Advertisements of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Rent," "Lost and Found," &c., will be inserted in this column at Ten Cents a line, each insertion.

☞ All advertisements in this column must be paid for in advance; and none will be taken for less than thirty cents.

FOR RENT—A Large Store on Pryor near Line st. Apply to F. D. THURMAN. dec20—d5t

FOR SALE—A new stationary engine, 14-horse power; governor, pump, heater, etc, complete. Address GEO. A BARNARD, P. O. Box 254, Atlanta. [dec16-d5t

PATENT NUTMEG GRATER. SEND 25 cents for one. Agents wanted for all kinds of Novelties and Jewelry. H. D BRIRR & CO., 11 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia. dec13—d2suns

WHAT TO GET FOR CHRISTMAS Presents from Phillips & Crew, general agents Parlor Kaleidscope. Writing Desk, Gold Pen, Pencil, Tooth Pick and Ear, Elegant Album, Traveling Case, Beautiful Picture, Inkstand, Piano Cover and Stool, Scrap Book, Family Bible, Pocket Bible, Prayer Book, Hymn Book, Pocket Book, or those Elegant Boxes of Stationery.

By command. KING REX.
dec13—d2taw3w

AMUSEMENTS.

DeGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.

GRAND HOLIDAY BILL.

Friday Night, Dec. 25,

HELEN D'ESTE,

SUPPORTED BY

J. G. STULTZ,

AND HER NEW YORK COMPANY.

On Friday night will be presented Rev. J. Sheridan Knowle's five act play, entitled the

HUNCHBACK.

JULIA............HELEN D'ESTE
MASTER WALTER........J. G. STULTZ

Reserved seats three days in advance at Phillips & Crew's bookstore. [dec20-dtd

Y. M. L. A.

EXPOSITION

THE RAFFLES THAT WERE NOT decided at the Exposition will take place at the Library on next

Monday Night.

THE REMAINING

CHROMOS!

Will also be disposed of, by

DRAWINGS, RAFFLES,

—AND—

AUCTION!

Parties having drawn or purchased Chromos, will please call on Mr. A. Haas for them. dec20—d1t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JNO. F. EDWARDS'

COAL!

The Largest Stocks in the Market.

THE LARGEST LUMPS

and the best screened.

The Price as low as the lowest.

dec13—d1mo-u-h-n-a

THE CAHABA COAL

DON'T dust up rooms like other coal, because the

ASHES ARE HEAVY.

Its the nicest, cleanest coal for richly furnished houses, rooms, parlors, offices, &c., ever used in this city. It is first class in every particular.

SCIPLE & SONS

are sole agents for this market and surroundings, corner Broad and Hunter streets and 59 Decatur street.

☞ On sale every day by car load at the depot. nov25-dtf

BEST LUMP COAL

—AT—

26 cents per bushel

—AT—

W. S. GRISHAM'S

COAL YARD,

—ON—

Alabama Street,

AT CAR SHED.

Call and See.

December 18, 1874—d2t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 16th day of December, A. D., 1874, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Columbus D. Smith, of Newnan, county of Coweta and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, and that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, is forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove his debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be holden at the court house in Newnan, Georgia, before Lemuel T. Downing, Esquire, Register, on the 2d day of January, A. D., 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
dec20—d1t

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 14th day of December, A. D., 1874, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of David A. Griffith, of county of Clarke and State of Georgia who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition, and that the payment of any debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Register's office in Madison, Georgia, before Albert G. Foster, Esquire, Register, on the 12th day of January, A. D., 1875, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
United States Marshal, as Manager.
dec20—d1t

SHORT-HAND.

THE subscriber has established himself in Atlanta, as a writer of the latest system of Stenography. Lawyers will find assistance of this character of great benefit in the taking of testimony and in the drawing up of briefs, points, interrogatories or other legal documents. *Terms reasonably.* Can be found from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., at the office of H. I. Kimball, Esq., to whom he refers, as also, by permission, to Major Geo. Hilyer, Hon. M. A. Candler, Hon. B. H. Hill, Judge O. A. Lochrane and Messrs C. H. Strong & Co. WALLACE R. MOSES.

I take great pleasure in recommending Mr. Moses to the favorable consideration of the attorneys and others needing his services in Atlanta. They will find his services convenient and profitable, and a very little encouragement from each one will retain him as a citizen. H. I. KIMBALL.

dec20—dtf

Hints to Music Buyers.

SEND your orders direct to Ludden & Bates' Music House, Savannah, Georgia, and they will be filled *promptly* and *satisfactorily.* Our stock is by far the *largest South,* and when we have not the music wanted we take especial pains to procure it from other publishers. Prices same as in New York, and orders filled in *half the time.* Dealers, Teachers and Schools, supplied at lowest rates. Catalogues and bulletins of new music free to any address. *Try us with an order.* Price lists, Pianos, Organs and Musical Merchandise, and specimen copies of the Southern Musical Journal ($1 00 per year,) mailed free to any address.

LUDDEN & BATES,
dec20—w1mo Savannah, Ga.

Administrator's Sale

BY virtue of an order granted by the Inferior Court of Franklin county, Georgia, will be sold before the court house door in the county of Coffee, between the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in February next, land lot number two hundred and nineteen, third district of Coffee county, containing four hundred and ninety acres, more or less. Said land belonging to the estate of John Johnston, deceased. Sold for the benefit of the heirs of said estate. Terms cash. December 20 1874.

SAMUEL JOHNSTON, Adm'r
of John Johnston, deceased.
dec20—wtds

Lost or Stolen,

A LIGHT IRON GRAY MARE, DARK spots on her shoulders. Strayed off from the lot of Mrs. C. V. Howell, 72 Tatnall street. Any one returning the animal will be suitably rewarded. dec20—d2t

Excelsior Pianos.

ONE STYLE. ONE PRICE.

$275.—LARGEST SIZE, 7¼ OCTAVE scale, Rosewood Case, Carved Legs, French Action, Overstrung Bass, Agraffe. All modern improvements, Sweet Toned, Durable, and equal to any piano in the United States. Warranted for five years. Money refunded if not exactly as represented. Sold on easy terms. Send for illustrated price-lists, giving full information. Sold only by LUDDEN & BATES, Savannah, Georgia,

dec20—w1m Sole Agents for the South.

Pawnbroker's Sale.

WILL be sold by Mayson & Norman, Tuesday evening, Dec. 22, at 7 o'clock, a large lot of Pawnbroker's goods, consisting of gold and silver English and American watches, chains, bracelets, ear-rings, and a general line of first-class jewelry. Now is the time to purchase your Christmas presents. T. C. MAYSON,

dec20—d1t Auctioneer.

Furniture at Auction.

WILL be sold by Mayson & Norman, Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock, a large assortment of

Furniture and Household Effects general. All goods to be sold without reserve, as the parties are compelled to leave that day. T. C. MAYSON,

dec20—d1t Auctioneer.

STRAYED,

FROM the lot of Joseph Rich, on Gainett street, a BAY HORSE, long tailed, reaching to the ground, white spot in forehead, about 2½ years old, had a leather halter on him when he left the lot. A liberal reward will be paid for his recovery, or information sufficient to lead to his recovery. Apply to JOSEPH RICH,

dec20—d2t 104 Whitehall street.

Christmas Turkeys.

I WILL have Two Hundred and Fifty (250) fine KENTUCKY TURKEYS at Jones' Livery Stable, for sale, Monday, whole sale or retail. Call early and get choice.

dec20—d1t WM. O. JONES.

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, &c.

1874! XMAS! 1874!

Purchase your Holiday Presents

AT THE

GREAT SOUTHERN.

LOW ONE PRICE

Dry Goods Establishment

—OF—

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.

54 WHITEHALL STREET.

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Charleston, S. C., established 1865
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., Jacksonville, Fla., established 1868
FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO., New York City, Resident Partner and Buyer, Established since 1852.

ATTENTION

That the public may avoid paying such BIG prices, we offer the following at greatly reduced prices:

15 pieces of elegant qualities of Lyons Black Silks from 85c to $1 25 per y'd.

10 pieces Striped Silks from 75c to $1 15 per y'd.

The celebrated Bonnet, Ponson and Bellon Silks from $1 50 per yard up. They are the most reliable goods imported, and are warranted to wear and to give satisfaction.

All kinds of Trimmings always on hand.

100 pieces fine German, English and French Poplins from 25c to 35c per yard.

30 piecei double Diagonal Mohair, in all the new shades, 40c per yard.

50 pieces Wool Plaids from 25c up.

25 epices Irish Poplins at 75c and $1, full value $1 25 and $1 50.

200 pieces fine grades of Dress Goods at one-half their value.

500 pieces of Black Alpaca from 25 cents up.

Our 40 and 50c Alpacas we specially recommend.

Full lines of Cashmeres, Bombazine, Merino, Empress, Henrietta, Delaines, &c., at less than Importers cost,

Full lines of

SILK VELVETS,

Black Velveteens, Shawls, Furs, Cloaks, Housekeeping Goods, Cloths, Cassimeres, Domestics, Gloves, Ribbons, Hoisery, Handkerchiefs, &c.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Extraordinary Inducements!

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

CARPETS!

Those in need of

CARPETS.

OIL CLOTHS,

AND RUGS,

will save from 20 to 25 per cent. by examining our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Samples sent on application and orders promptly filled.

A Call is respectfully solicted

FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
54 WHITEHALL STREET.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR CONSTABLE.—*Messrs. Editors Constitution:* Please announce that I am a candidate for the office of constable for the 1234th district, G. M., Fulton county. Election first Saturday in January, 1875.

dec16—dtd JAMES CAMPBELL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice in Bankruptcy.

THIS is to give notice that on the 19th day of December, A. D. 1874, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of William C. Hood, of Barnesville, county of Pike and State of Georgia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition, and that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Register's office in Griffin, Georgia, before Alexander E. Murray, Esquire, Register, on the 4th day of January, A. D., 1875, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

W. H. SMYTH,
U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.
dec20—d1t

For Rent,

CHAS. A. LARENDON'S ELEGANT and commodious three-story French roof Brick Mansion, No. 173 Peachtree street, 15 rooms, 9 closets, baths and all modern conveniences, carriage and other outhouses. Lot 100 by 200. Possession given by 1st January, 1875.

Also, a nicely finished three-roomed Cottage, No. 251 N. Calhoun street, between Cain and Harris. Apply to

CALVIN FAY, Architect,
No. 19 S, Broad street,
dec20—dsun&sun up stairs.

GEORGIA, Fulton county.

Ordinary's Office, December 19, 1874.

G. W. McDUFFIE has applied for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 30th day of December, 1874, at my office.

DANIEL PITTMAN,
dec20—w2t Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fayette county.

Ordinary's Office, December 18, 1874.

MARION JACKSON has applied for exemption of personalty and setting apart and valuation of a homestead and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock a. m., on the 29th day of December, at my office.

L. B. GRIGGS,
dec20—w2t Ordinary.

Cincinnati

TYPE

FOUNDRY,

Manufacture both Type and Printing Machinery, as well as deal in the manufactures of other similar establishments. Do not buy an outfit until you send for specimens, estimates and terms to

CHAS. WELLS, Treas'r.
CINCINNATI TYPE-FOUNDRY,
201 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

20,000 POUNDS

—OF—

Anawaka Cotton Thread Rope.

NOW IS THE TIME TO LAY IN YOUR ROPE for the fall and winter trade. Sizes, 5-16, 3-8 and 1-2 inch.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY

Will fill your orders at

Very Lowest Market Prices.

address Z. A. RICE,
Chapel Hill P. O.,
Douglas county, Georgia.
sep9—d2taw3mo

GIFT CONCERTS.

DOLLARS

TO THE AMOUNT OF TWO MILLION FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND ARE TO BE DISTRIBUTED ON THE 27TH FEBRUARY BY THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KY. UPON THE OCCASION OF THEIR FIFTH AND LAST CONCERT.

Drawing Certain or Money Refunded

One Grand Cash Gift..........	$250,00
One Grand Cash Gift..........	100,00
One Grand Cash Gift..........	75,00
One Grand Cash Gift..........	50,00
One Grand Cash Gift..........	25,00
5 Cash Gifts, $20,000 each......	100,00
10 Cash Gifts, 14,000 each......	140,00
15 Cash Gifts, 10,000 each......	150,00
20 Cash Gifts, 5,000 each......	100,00
25 Cash Gifts, 4,000 each......	100,00
30 Cash Gifts, 3,000 each......	90,00
50 Cash Gifts, 2,000 each......	100,00
100 Cash Gifts, 1,000 each......	100,00
240 Cash Gifts, 500 each......	120,00
500 Cash Gifts, 100 each......	50,00
19,000 Cash Gifts, 50 each......	950,00

Whole Tickets $50. Halves $25. Tenth, or each coupon $5. 11 Whole Tickets $500.

For Tickets or information, address
THOS E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent and Manager, Louisville, Ky.
For tickets or information, apply to J. H. JONES & CO., at Phillips & Crew's, Atlanta.
dec18—dtues&sat&wtilfeb23

DECEMBER 29th!

SECOND AND LAST

GRAND GIFT CONCERT

IN AID OF THE

Masonic Relief Association

OF NORFOLK.

Day Positively Fixed.

Tuesday, 29th December.

LAST CHANCE!

Authorized by Act of the Virginia Legislature (passed March 8th, 1873.)

50,000 Tickets. 6,000 Cash Gifts.

$250,000

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

One Grand Cash Gift of........	$30,000
One Grand Cash Gift of........	25,000
One Grand Cash Gift of........	20,000
One Grand Cash Gift of........	10,000
One Grand Cash Gift of........	5,000
One Grand Cash Gift of........	2,500
One Grand Cash Gift of........	2,000
15 Cash Gifts of $1000 each...	15,000
28 Cash Gifts of 500 each...	14,000
43 Cash Gifts of 250 each...	10,750
79 Cash Gifts of 150 each...	11,850
250 Cash Gifts of 100 each...	25,000
578 Cash Gifts of 50 each...	28,900
5000 Cash Gifts of 10 each...	50,000
6000 Cash [illegible] aggregating	[illegible]

PRICE OF TICKETS.

Whole Tickets..$10 | Quarter [illegible] $2 50
Half Tickets....$5 | Eleven [illegible] $100

For tickets and circulars giving [illegible] information, address

HENRY V. MOORE, Secretary,
Norfolk, Va.
nov24-eod1m&w1m

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the Honorable the Circuit Court of the United States, for the Northern District of Georgia, in favor of the plaintiffs in the following case, to-wit: ARTEMAS SIMS AND WIFE ET AL, VERSUS SHEROD S. SIMS, EXECUTOR OF SHEROD SIMS.

I have levied upon, as the property of Sherod S. Sims, executor, lot of land No. 34, containing 155 acres, and part of lot of land No. 3, containing 15 acres, more or less, lying and being in the 3d district of originally Monroe, now Pike county, and now occupied by said Sherod S. Sims, and will sell the same at public auction, at the Court House, in the City of Atlanta, county of Fulton and State of Georgia, on the FIRST TUESDAY IN JANUARY next, between the lawful hours of sale.

Dated at Atlanta, Georgia, Dec. 2, 1874.

WILLIAM H. SMYTH,
dec-d1aw5w United States Marshal.

GEORGIA, DeKalb county.

Ordinary's Office, November 24, 1874.

S. R. BROWN has applied to me for exemption of personalty and I will pass upon the same on Thursday, the [illegible] day of December, 1874, at 11 o'clock A. M., at my office.

JOHN B. STEWARD,
nov25—w2t Ordinary.

DAILY CONSTITUTION.

SUGAR CREEK PAPER MILLS.
WM. McNAUGHT & CO.
See Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION for specimen of our "news." mar11-1y

PEASE'S PALACE DINING ROOMS,
ALABAMA STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
HAVE PLEASED THE PEOPLE
SINCE 1865.

The first to give Atlanta what she has long needed, a Reliable Restaurant.

This House has had a popular run of eight years.

Our Lady Department, on the second floor, strictly reserved for their accommodation, gives universal satisfaction.

Special attention is given to select Suppers, Dinner to order, Wedding parties, etc., etc.

Mr. West, formerly connected with Ryan's Soda Water, is now connected with me in the Fish, Oyster and Fruit Business.

Price List of Norfolk Oysters:
Select, per quart..........65 cents
Medium, per quart..........50 cents
Ordinary, per quart..........40 cents
Address O. L. PEASE,
jan11-dtf Atlanta, Ga.

ATLANTA:

Sunday Morning, Dec. 20, 1874.

Our Advertisers.

Elegant Peachtree residence for rent.
Watches, jewelry, etc., at auction Tuesday night.
Large store on Pryor street for rent.
Furs at John A. Doane's.
Jewelry at Robert Dohme's.
Furniture auction Tuesday by Mayson & Norman.
Hats at John A. Doane's.
Christmas presents at Robert Dohme's.
Toys at L. deSaulles & Co.'s.
Photographs at Bowdoin's.
Cheap carpets at Kendrick's.
Iron gray mare lost or stolen.
Trunks and walking canes at John A. Doane's.
Elegant watches at Robert Dohme's.
Candies at Louis deSaulles & Co.
Weather strips at Kendrick's.
Bankrupt notice—W. C. Hood.
Administrator's sale—S. Johnson.
Costume goods at Louis de Saulles & Co.
Step ladders at Kendrick's.
Bankrupt notice—C. D. Smith.
Oil cloths at Kendrick's.
Christmas gifts at Louis deSaulles & Co's.
Bankrupt notice—D. R. Griffith.
Exemption notice—G. W. McDuffie.
Excelsior pianos—Ludden & Bates.
Choice oranges—W. Powers & Son.
Hints to music buyers—Ludden & Bates.
Boots and shoes—Robinson & Co.
Holiday goods and sensible presents at [Jo]hn Keely's.
[S]pecial attention is directed to the card [abo]ut the Y. M. L. A. exposition.
[S]hort-hand writer—Wallace R. Moses.
[B]ay horse strayed.
Exemption notice—Marion Jackson.
Go to Turner, Braumuller & Barth's great [S]outhern music house and procure one of Steinway's celebrated pianos.
Helen D'Este at DeGive's on Christmas night.
Second-hand pianos cheap at Guilford, Wood & Co.'s.
New songs at Guilford, Wood & Co.'s.

Parkins, & Jennings,
32 BROAD STREET,

Have in store (and constantly receiving) an immense stock of white pine doors, glazed sash, blinds, store doors, head and side lights, mouldings, and other ready-made building material. All work warranted thoroughly seasoned. Their facilities are such that they cannot be undersold. sep23—wed-fri&suntf

BOOK binding of any kind done in the very best style at THE CONSTITUTION office. nov12—dtf

Attention! Attention!

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.,
54 WHITEHALL ST.,
Have just received the following goods suitable for

Christmas Presents!
AT VERY LOW PRICES:
100 dozen handkerchiefs,
100 dozen kid gloves,
Berlin and Paris cloaks,
A full line of children's furs from $1 25 per set up.
Also a full line of ladies furs from $3 00 per set up.
A splendid assortment of silks, shawls, dress goods, silk velvets.
Latest styles of scarfs and ribbons.
Pocket books,
Embroideries,
Ladies and gent's underwear, hosiery, notions, etc., from 20 to 25 per cent. cheaper than elsewhere.
Call and examine. dec17—dtf

Carpets, Oil Cloths
—AND—
WINDOW SHADES.

Messrs. Furchgott, Benedict & Co., offer
200 pairs shades from $1 50 up.
100 pieces assorted carpets from 25 to 75c.
100 pieces two and three-ply from $1 25 up.
50 pieces best Brussels from $1 25 up
dec17—dtf

SEE advertisement of bay horse strayed

THERE will be a Christmas tree and a supper given at the First Baptist church on Christmas eve. Every child will be presented with a handsome prize from the tree. A real nice time is anticipated.

C. A. LARENDON'S elegant French roof residence on Peachtree street is for rent.

Weather Strips.

Protection against cold, rain and wind, at KENDRICK'S Carpet Store.
Corner Marietta and Broad streets.
dec20—d1t

HON. RUFUS LESTER, of Savannah, is in the city.

CARPETS, matting, oil cloths, window shades—the largest stock ever offered by us—at KENDRICK'S Carpet Store.
Corner Marietta and Broad streets.
dec20—d1t

A. W. EDWARDS, of Conyers, paid a flying visit to the city yesterday.

Step Ladders.

Light and durable, from 3 to 10 feet long. Every house-keeper should have one.
KENDRICK'S Carpet Store.
Corner Marietta and Broad streets.
dec20—d1t

DROP in at John A. Doane's for your Christmas furs or walking canes.

Cheap Carpets.

A beautiful line of 2-ply carpets from 50 to 75 cents. Quality and patterns good.
FIGURED LINEN CARPETS,
In handsome designs, at reduced prices.
KENDRICK'S
dec20—d1t Carpet Store.

WE direct special attention to the Y. M. L. A Exposition. All interested will please note it carefully.

Photographs.

The most desirable present for the holidays. Bowdoin's Gallery is the place to get them. Adjoining Dr. Gurley's Eye and Ear Institute.
dec20—d1t 33½ Whitehall street.

F. T. WHITE, the genial landlord of the "H. J. Ricks" house of Cartersville, was in the city yesterday.

CAPT. JOHN KEELY offers sensible p[res]ents to our lady readers at fair prices. [Call] in at his bazaar of fashion and get [your] presents.

A BEVY of the fair pupils of Wes[leyan] Female college at Macon, passed th[rough] here last night, en route to Oxford to [spend] their vacation. They were under the [care] of the Mayor of Oxford and were in th[e best] of hands.

THE COMMISSIONERS.—James S. W[illiams] of Fayette county, was tried before [Com]missioner Smith yesterday [for re]tailing [illegible] wholesaling distilled [illegible] The evidence a[illegible] strong, and the [illegible] a bond of $500 [illegible] defense.

TURNER, [illegible] men, and [illegible] [pia]nos. We print in [illegible] [illegible]ation of the factory [illegible] which house Messrs. [illegible] [Sou]thern agents. Establ[ished] [illegible] [S]outhern music house [illegible] people.

[illegible] [pictu]re works, prize pa[ckages] [illegible], confectioneries, [illegible] [an]d turkeys or fowls; [illegible] [fin]d the heart of your [illegible] [inn]er man," why go to [illegible] [ca]n get it. Noah's Ark [illegible] to Hagan's store. It [illegible] [ge]nerate what he hasn't got, [illegible] that he has. Go and see [f]or you[rselves] [and] supply your wants and be happy.

We glean from our exchanges news of the expected return to Georgia of Rev. R. C. [illegible], who has been called to the pastoral [char]ge of St. Phillips church, Atlanta. [Th]e Rome and Atlanta papers adduce some [fi]ne encomiums to the merits and genius and natural oratorical powers of this young divine. Our people, no doubt, remember the services he rendered at St. Marks church in this place, and will doubtless be glad to have him so near them as Atlanta, instead of distant Kentucky.—*Dalton Citizen.*



Steinway & Son's Mammoth Piano Forte Manufactory.

The mammoth Piano-forte manufactory of Steinway & Sons, located on Fourth Avenue in the city of New York, occupying the frontage of the entire block between 52d and 53d streets, is the LARGEST PIANO MANUFACTORY IN THE WORLD. The published official revenue returns reveal the startling fact *that their yearly sales exceed those of the twelve largest Piano makers in New York combined.* They have been awarded the *First of the Grand Gold Medals of Honor at the World's Fairs, Paris,* 1867; *London,* 1862.

TURNER, BRAUMULLER & BARTH,
"OLD" SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE, WHOLESALE SOUTHERN AGENTS,
16 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Georgia.

DECEMBER 31ST.

Get Ready for the Distribution.

We are making complete arrangements for the distribution of presents on the night of the 31st. It will be at DeGive's opera house or other large hall, where the public can attend. The principal gifts are: one of *one thousand dollars in gold,* one of five hundred dollars, five hundred dollars more in smaller sums, a one thousand dollar Chickering piano, a six hundred dollar piano, gold and silver watches, oil paintings framed, &c. The money gifts will be delivered at once from the stage to those entitled, if present. The other gifts, pianos, etc., will be delivered the following day or upon demand.

We shall be glad to receive a letter from any subscriber at a distance, who can be present and act as manager.

A NEW FIRST-CLASS COAL.

The Cahaba Red Ash.

It is clean, kindles quick, burns beautifully and makes no cinders. It is pure coal unmixed with any earthy impurities and burns up clean into dust ashes like wood. The best coal ever shipped to this city. We have it on sale every day at depot by car load, by ton and retail at our two yards, corner Broad and Hunter and 58 Decatur streets.
Sold only by SCIPLE & SONS, Sole Agents.
dec3—deod1m Atlanta, Ga.

The City Sexton.

Editors Constitution:—It has been the misfortune of this community to lose its zealous and efficient sexton, Mr. John Connelly, the inexorable King "Mors" having gathered him within the narrow borders of his silent domain, the grounds of which it had been his pride, for the last few years, to beautify and keep in order. He was a gentleman universally respected, and for whose position it will be difficult to find a competent successor. '*Requiescat in pace!*'

It will devolve, as a duty, upon the incoming council to make this selection, and it's to be hoped they will consider fully all the attainments necessary in the man qualified to fill this situation. A sexton has not to work, in a cemetery like ours, manually, but mentally; we need, not a common laborer—a man of "thews and sinews"—but a man of education, taste, and well versed in the culture and care of trees and flowers, and landscape gardening. It is not merely necessary that a sexton should keep the cemetery neat and in order, but also be able to improve it from time to time, and that, too, without too much sameness. Our cemetery is peculiarly susceptible of improvements, being naturally well situated upon rolling ground, and we ought, if possible, secure the services of a person fully adequate to develope its greatest capacity. Such a man as we need could be found in the person of Mr. Emile Van Goldtsnoven, a gentleman of fine education and attainments, not confined solely to horticultural, and who has been well and favorably known in our city for about fifteen years, he having come here when about nineteen years of age, and remained here ever since. Mr. Van Goldtsnoven has devoted nearly all his time to the study and culture of plants and landscape gardening. He has done more than any other resident of Atlanta, both in time and money, to foster and develope a taste for the useful and beautiful in the vegetable kingdom among the inhabitants of our city. Last year Mr. Van Goldtsnoven had the opportunity of visiting some of the most beautiful gardens and cemeteries in the world—such as "Kew Gardens," near London, England, the "Lydenham Palace Gardens," and the renowned cemetery of "Pere la Chaise," near Paris, besides other European gardens of note. He did not visit these grounds merely for pleasure or idle curiosity, but for improvement in his specialty, spending several days in each, studying the exquisite tastes displayed therein. If our next council will secure the services of this gentleman, we feel confident they will never regret their selection, and would meet the hearty approbation of a large number of the intelligent citizens of ATLANTA.
December 19, 1874.

THE ladies of Atlanta who are interested, and willing to assist and contribute for the Christmas dinner for the poor, are requested to meet at the library rooms on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Daily Proceedings of the Supreme Court.

SUPREME COURT GEORGIA,
Atlanta, Ga., Dec. 19, 1874.

EASTERN CIRCUIT.

No 18. Argument concluded.

No. 19. Mayor & Alderman of Savannah, et al. vs; Solomon's lodge. Injunction, from Chatham. Argued.

W. S. Basinger, for plaintiffs in error.
Rufus Lester, contra.

BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.

No. 1. Jacob de Neufville, et al. vs. D. M. Hughes. Equity, from Glynn.

O. A. Lochrane, A. O. Bacon, T. J. Simmons, Joseph Ganahl, for plaintiff in error.
Jackson, Lawton & Basinger, contra.

At the conclusion of the argument of Mr. Lochrane the court adjourned until 10 o'clock A. M. Tuesday next.

THE Jonesboro News is the only paper published in Henry, Fayette and Clayton counties. If you want that retail and wholesale trade, send your advertisements to that paper, 20 miles from Atlanta.
REV. A. E CLOUD, Ed.
dec16-2t C. P. VAUGHN, Pub.

A Fair at Marietta.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church will give, December 22, at Nichol's hall in Marietta, a fair and supper for the benefit of the Sabbath school of that church. It will be a grand affair, and as the object is a worthy one, a large crowd should pay their respects and money on the occasion. Admission will be at the small price of twenty-five cents. The ladies particularly desire the attendance of a number of our Atlanta young men, and they are most cordially invited. We learn that quite a number of them will be present, and we confide them to the care of the Marietta girls. Treat them tenderly—talk sweet to them, and you can get the last cent of their money.

THE ladies of the Fifth Baptist church give a fair, commencing next Monday night at No. 52 Whitehall street, up stairs, for the [benefit] of the church.

[Sh]ort Hand.

[The attention] of professional gentlemen [is called to the] advertisement of Mr. Wal[lace R. Moses], stenographer of acknowl[edged ability], who has had long experience in [some of the] larger cities of the north, [and comes to A]tlanta with the highest testi[monials of his p]roficiency. [illegible], we believe, a brother of [illegible] [Mos]es, so well and favorably [known as a m]ember of the firm of C. H. [illegible] of this city. He has taken a [room in the off]ice of H. I. Kimball, and we [hope he will f]ind sufficient encouragement [illegible] to settle permanently in our [city].

[The Coun]ty School Commissioner of [illegible] [coun]ty complains that he recently [came to Atlan]ta, and was unable to find Col. [Jones], the State Treasurer, at his [office]. Col. Jones was absent at the time, being called away to his farm in southwest Georgia on imperative business. We learn that if school commissioners would save themselves a trip to Atlanta and the school fund of their county the expense, they can do so by writing to the Treasurer and he will mail them an order on their tax collector to pay over the fund to them. This will also save the collector the express charges on the tax money forwarded to [th]at extent.

APPLETON'S JOURNAL for 1875, will sustain its reputation for general excellence. The publishers will endeavor more strenuously than ever to furnish a periodical of a high class, one which shall embrace a wide scope of topics, and afford the reader, in addition to an abundance of entertaining popular literature, a thorough survey of the progress of thought, the advance of arts, and the doings in all branches of intellectual effort. We hope to see it liberally sustained.

HAVE your name gilded on your pocketbook, portemonie, traveling bag, etc., at THE CONSTITUTION office. nov12—dtf

BLANK books ruled and bound after any pattern at THE CONSTITUTION office.
nov12—dtf

THE PALACE BOOK EMPORIUM.

The Bazaar of Beautiful Books and Handsome Christmas and New Year's Presents.

The Palace Book Emporium of J. W. Burke & Co. at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets, is daily thronged with parties from all parts of the city and by parties visiting the city, inspecting the magnificent array of Christmas and New Year's presents. We do not think a finer stock of goods was ever brought to the south. They were carefully selected in New York by Mr. F. G. Hancock in person, and excellent taste and sound judgment is fully demonstrated in this selection.

Just as you enter the store, immediately on the right is an

ELEGANT CASE OF GOODS

filled with odor cases, card cases, pocket ink-stands, ladies' work boxes, etc. In another case is [a magnificent display of Russia] leather pock[et-books]. Further o[n] [illegible] case one of [the finest displays of]

BIBLE AND [PRAYER BOOKS]

ever seen in Atlanta, and at exceedingly low prices.

Mr. Hancock, with a special eye to the wants of his lady friends, selected

WRITING DESKS AND GLOVE BOXES,

that for elegance and beauty, are rarely equalled. Glove and work boxes of Russian leather, and rosewood collar boxes, jewel boxes, etc.

Perhaps the most interesting part of the store is where is congregated the

THOUSAND PRESENTS FOR CHILDREN,

in the shape of puzzles, picture books, games, banks, (some very original and unique), alphabet blocks, etc.

NEW YEAR'S CARDS.

In cards for New Year's calls, they have six different styles—all tasty and elegant.

There are presents for old folks and young folks, married folks and single folks, boys and girls, religious and sentimental.

All can find suitable presents here at low prices, for the house of J. W. Burke & Co have established a reputation for very low prices.

In addition to this the firm has a splendid assortment of standard works, school books, stationery, letter and note paper, envelopes, inks, blank books, etc. They are doing a fine business with country dealers, supplying them with fancy goods and notions. By energy, pluck and tact they have developed a large trade. We dropped in a few minutes yesterday and saw a number of Atlanta ladies present, in addition to several from Decatur, Marietta, Covington, Griffin and Newnan.

Call in at the

PALACE BOOK EMPORIUM.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

Methodist.

TRINITY.

Rev. W. J. Scott, the new pastor, will preach this morning and to-night at the usual time.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. W. A. Dodge, the new pastor, will preach morning and night. Sunday-school at 3 o'clock P. M.

PAYNE'S CHAPEL.

Rev. T. H. Simmons, the new pastor, morning and night.

Baptist.

FIRST BAPTIST.

Rev. E. W. Warren, morning and night.

SECOND BAPTIST.

Rev. A. J. Battle, president of Mercer University, will preach at the Second Baptist Church this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Presbyterian.

Rev. Mr. Crawford, of the Cumberland Presbyterian church, will preach at Good Templar's hall in the morning, and at Mission church at night.

CENTRAL.

Rev. J. T. Leftwich, D. D., morning and night.

FIRST CHURCH.

Rev. J. H. Martin, morning and night.

Young Men's Christian Association.

The regular Sunday afternoon prayer meeting will be held at the hall of the association, corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets, this afternoon at 4 o'clock. All are specially invited to be present, especially strange young men in the city.

City Officers.

Editors of The Constitution:—We see by one of our city papers that a member of the city council is an applicant for the place of chief of police.

It has been rumored for several days that such was the case, and that some questionable figuring was being done to bring it about.

That: of agreeing to give his vote and use his influence with other members of the council, for the friends and relatives of certain members of the police commissioners, in return, vote for and use their influence to elect him, on the Monday following, to the above office.

While we call attention to the rumor, we do not vouch for its truth.

We add, and so we believe, will all our good citizens, that such transactions would be decidedly wrong.

It would be using a responsible and influential position, a delegated power, for selfish ends. However, if the madam is correct in her surmises as regards the motives of the city father, we cannot possibly think any member of the police board, would be parties, coolly and deliberately to such trading.

Indeed, such proceeding would certainly ruin any man in the estimation of our best men, and destroy greatly the weight of his or their official acts.

We most earnestly enter our protest against any thing of the kind. Atlanta's board of police commissioners have been giving great satisfaction, and their efforts to give us an efficient police force has given the citizens confidence in their good judgment and determination to have good order; but such a misstep would at once destroy that influence.

We want, as a chief of police, a man of established character, steady and dignified, sober and just.

A man that will take pride in preventing crime, and not in having it committed for the doubtful credit gained by making or having made numerous arrests, or who would allow himself to be used, to play into the hands of those whose income depend upon the fees collected.

He should be a man of moral force. We do not wish to be understood, that the councilman spoken of, is wanting in integrity and good qualities; yet, we do doubt, if the unbiased mind of a commissioner would select him to fill the particular place of the chief of police.

While a man may carefully guard the city's interest, it does not follow he would be the man to direct others.

Give us a tried man, one who has had experience in managing men, and proved himself efficient—one who is commercially, financially and morally interested.

A VOTER.

Christmas Dinner for the Poor.

Do not forget that the ladies of the Benevolent Society will give a dinner for the needy, the day after Christmas. Persons who are willing to aid (and who can refuse) will please send either money, or provisions either cooked or uncooked, to the residence of Mrs. Tuller. Reader, remember the injunction in the good book, "When thou makest a dinner or supper, call not thy friends, nor thy rich neighbors, lest they also bid thee again, and a recompense be made thee. But when thou makest a feast call the poor, the maimed, the lame, the blind; and thou shall be blessed; for they cannot recompense thee; for thou shalt be recompensed at the resurrection of the just."

Edict VI.

All editors, local reporters, business managers and others of his majesty's newspa[pe]rs, are hereby commanded that they shall no[t w]rite, or cause to be printed in their re[spective] papers, any advertisement or notices bea[ring] our royal name, unless the advertisers hol[d] our royal letters patent, with the seal of our [hou]se attached. Any deviation from this order [w]ill incur our lasting displeasure, and the advertisers published as frauds and impos[tors]. Be ye therefore careful.

By the king himsel[f]. REX.

Attest: [illegible] [Sm]ith, Lord High Chamberlain.

QUITE a number of ladies came here [illegible] ing towns [illegible] they said. Yet, they [illegible] John Robinson's circus.

FLASHING GEMS.

The Diamond Merchant.

If there is any gentlemen south of New York entitled to the above appellation certainly Mr. George Sharp, Jr., of 34 Whitehall street, Atlanta, is one of them.

The show windows of his establishment remind one of Tiffany's, yet this is nothing to the display made inside. Glancing along the counters there are handsome cases containing a glittering array of diamonds, watches, bracelets, silver forks, rings, in fact it is one of the most attractive places in the state to persons who desire to secure beautiful and suitable articles for Christmas, New Year's, wedding and anniversary presents. His

"BRIDAL PRESENT DEPARTMENT"

flashes with the gleam of diamonds and magnificent solid silver ware, the latter from the well known Gorham & Co.'s manufacturing establishment. It was a pleasure to examine solid silver punch bowls, ice cream, tete-a-tete, fish, coffee, and tea sets, dessert, [illegible] and various other [illegible], spoons, cups, goblets, [illegible] cudient [illegible] handsome articles [illegible]. His

DIAMONDS AND PRECIOUS STONES

embrace a very large stock. The establishment is fairly resplendent with rich jewelry and beautiful ware, and made up with the greatest taste and after the latest and most approved styles. Mr. Sharp enjoys a wide spread reputation for his fine fancy and discriminating judgment and general courteous manners. Crowds of people daily throng his store. He has on exhibition the magnificent costly crown of King Rex, and also the beautiful gold and silver watches to be presented to the subscribers of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

CHRISTMAS GIFTS! Gifts! at Louis de Saulles & Co's. dec20—d3t

ANOTHER BIG SALE.

Let all the Vacant Places be Built up

We are glad to state that very probably within a week another big real estate sale will take place in this city, including lots, which, since the sale a few days since, are unquestionably the *very best* in the city.

We are glad to see this. Parties who are not prepared to build at present should not hold to their lots for speculation, but let them be purchased by those anxious to secure them and build at once, and there are many such. Among these lots will be the splendid one, corner Broad and Alabama street, and the only one of the city park lots now left the one next Jackson's building. At least these lots will be included, if not disposed of at private sale previously. There is a prospect of the erection of more business houses in Atlanta next year than for years past.

DON'T forget to examine the splendid stock of Christmas presents at Robt. Dohme's, No. 5 Peachtree street. dec20—d4t

ADMIRAL SEMMES

Revisits the Library and Beholds a Change.

It will be well remembered that the first lecture committee of the Library Association, in its struggles to inaugurate a system of lectures, brought to the city, among other distinguished men, the great confederate admiral, Raphael Semmes, who delivered two intensely interesting and instructive lectures upon his daring career upon the sea, that so thrilled the American people at the time.

On his former visit he saw the library in its infancy. Last night, passing through from Augusta, where he lectured, while waiting for the train, he passed a half-hour at the library, and expressed his delight at the great success it had attained. Can we not have another lecture from him?

Fine Second-Hand Pianos Cheap.

One 6 octave Marsh Piano	$ 40
One 6 octave Nunns & Clark Piano, (upright)	$ 50
One 6 octave Nunns & Clark Piano	$ 60
One 6 octave Stoddard & Dunham	$ 70
One 6¾ octave Gale, (modern style)	$150
One 6¾ Chickering, (modern style)	$150
One 7 octave Stoddard, (nearly new)	$175
One 7 octave Hallett & Davis, (nearly new)	$225

Organs.

One small Melodeon	$ 25
One Single Reed Smith Organ	$ 50
One Single Reed Wood's Organ	$ 50
One Single Reed Organ with Piano leg	$ 60
One Eight Stop, Double Bank	$250

Harp.

One fine Harp, nearly new	$ 75

TWENTY-ONE NEW PIANOS.
EIGHTEEN NEW ORGANS.

We will sell the above stock lower than any other house in the State during the next ten days. Call and see, or address
GUILFORD, WOOD & CO.,
No 4 Marietta street,
dec20—d4t Atlanta, Ga.

CANDIES! Candies! at Louis deSaulles & Co's. dec20—d3t

Theatrical Items.

Miss Katie Putnam and company, played in Chattanooga, Friday night.

Brown's combination are playing in Savannah.

Miss Ada Gray was delighting the people of Charlotte, on the 18th inst.

Mrs. Lander is playing in Louisville.

Some of the leading theatres in Germany propose to put a stop to the system of recalls and of throwing bouquets and wreaths on the stage during the progress of an opera or play.

It is stated as probable that one of the Paris theatres will adopt the rule of closing the doors as soon as the curtain rises and keeping them rigorously closed while the curtain is up, so that late comers may not interfere with the comfort of all who are seated betimes.

Fox's Humpty Dumpty played to large and fashionable houses in this city on Friday and Saturday nights.

JUST RECEIVED, a fine lot of Watches Jewelry and Silver-ware, at Robt. Dohme's, No. 5 Peachtree street. dec20—d4t

Press Pungencies.

The belle of Newnan is in Atlanta. She glides around in number ten brogans, and don't the town shake when she does glide!—*Rome Commercial.*

Jack Lumpkin's old cow that had three calves at one time and all before breakfast, has now been caught in the act of killing sheep.—*Newnan Herald.*

A Carroll county young man, Charles Cochrane, has taken a fine chance in the matrimonial lottery by marrying Miss Josephine Chance.—*Rome Courier.*

TOYS! Toys! Toys! at Louis deSaulles & Co's. dec20—d3t

THE MAGISTRATES.—Rachel Edwards and Nancy Parker, both ladies of color and muscle, were before Justice Walker yesterday for fighting. These warlike damsels occupied adjoining rooms in the same house, and all went on smoothly between them until Nancy's husband chanced to vote the democratic ticket at the last election. This fact gave rise to much bad feeling, and upon one occasion Rachel shook her fist in Nancy's face and offered to whip her for a very small consideration in cash. The offer was accepted last Friday, and the battle took place in true prize-ring style. Before victory had declared itself, the combatants were separated and placed under arrest. After appearing in court, they concluded to settle, which was done at the costs of the prosecution.

Justice Ezzard has a ring case on trial for Monday. The case is between negroes.

"I KNOW HIM WELL, HORATIO."—Appreciating the services of a newspaper man in giving publicity to the merits of his wares, Mr. E. C. Thomas invited the reporter to his store, No. 26 Whitehall street, to inspect them, and he is more than satisfied that Mr. T. is able to furnish anything in his line that may be required. He is now adding to his stock, and his goods are beautiful indeed, many are of entirely new patterns, and all are remarkably attractive. The stock is now the largest of its character in the state. The writer has long been acquainted with Mr. Thomas, knows [and ap]preciates his business qualifications, [and ex]amined his beautiful goods, ma[ny] very suitable for Christmas [illegible]

A GRAND CONCERT.

The Best Music in Atlanta.

The Arrangements for Our Distribution at DeGive's Opera House.

We are glad to be able to announce that we have partially made our arrangements for the finest concert of instrumental music that Atlanta can afford, at DeGive's opera house on the night of the distribution. We shall make the occasion one of the most enjoyable ever passed at our famous place of amusement.

As the distribution occurs next week (ten days off), we shall probably have our hands full in attending to letters and sending out cards. But the business office has secured an extra assistant, and we shall be enabled to promptly answer letters. But the first come are the first served, and when the limit is obtained, no more cards can be sent out. The following are among the latest numbers issued, excluding city numbers:

1166, Cartersville, Ga.
1168, Morganton.
1199, Hartwell.
1170, Maysville.
1175, Luthersville.
1845, "
1167, Doraville.
1173, Newnan.
1171, Rock Mills, Ala.
1174, Fayetteville.
1179, Union Point.
1180, McDonough.
1848, Morris' Station.
1177, Stone Mountain.
1181, Jonesboro.
1178, Dark Corner.
1674, Covington.
1860, Overton, Texas.
1859, McDonough.
1858, Brooks Station.
1861, McDaniel's Station.
1671, Crawford.
1683, Albany.
1684, "
1685, "
1686, "
1688, "
1636, Americus.
1690, "
1692, "
1652, "
1672, "
1607, Montezuma.
1694, Grantville.
[illegible]
232,
1606, Lawrenceville.
1675, Cartersville.
1676, Conyers.
1678, Savannah.
1679, "
1680, "
1781, "
1682, "
1857, Calhoun.
1856, Dalton.
1855, Ringgold.
1237, Griffin.
1259, "
1689, "
1873, Bear Creek.
1654, "
1258, "
1852, LaGrange.

SUMMARY OF STATE NEWS.

ELBERTON.—The stockholders of the Elberton Air-Line railroad are called upon to pay in ten per cent of their subscriptions by the 25th of this month.——On Tuesday, the 8th instant, Mr. Joseph Pulliam was robbed of about three hundred dollars in gold and two hundred dollars in greenbacks.—*Gazette.*

AUGUSTA.—The Sweetwater sabre club won the first prize of the contest. They made 798 points. Next to them came the Richmond Hussars who scored 737. The individual prize was won by W. T. Roper, of the Sweetwater club, who scored 54. Gen. Wade Hampton was the chairman of the committee of award. The reunion closed with a grand ball at the opera house.—*Chronicle and Sentinel.*

DAWSON.—A Dawson man whipped his wife, and the chivalrous Dawsonites grew so indignant that they hung him in effigy. ——The negroes had a mass meeting some time since to devise some means to leave their native state. After much speechmaking, and the proposition of various expedients, the meeting broke up in confusion and many of the colored people were completely disgusted with emigration.

BARNESVILLE.—Messrs. John Mann and William Parker, cut each other up considerably on Thursday.——Business dull.—— The "Blues" will soon smile in their new uniform.—*Gazette.*

COLUMBUS.—The cotton receipts are very large this year. The excess over last year's receipts is nearly eight thousand dollars.—*Enquirer.*

MACON.—A negro child was recently found upon the streets. It is supposed that it was deserted by its mother. The little foundling was kindly taken care of by a woman and is now in the hands of the police who are searching for the unnatural mother.—*Star*

TOCCOA CITY.—Several gentlemen have recently been to Toccoa looking at lots, and express a determination to settle there. The prospect for an increase of inhabitants is fine.——The gin house of Mr. Kennedy Jarrett, some six miles from the city, was burned on Monday.—*Citizen.*

DIED.

Mr. Thomas Burke died of consumption at the residence of his father, in LaGrange, on Monday night last.

Mrs. M. D. Bishop died in Dawson on the 8th, after an illness of several months.

Mr. S. H. Wilkins, of Charlton county, died at his father's residence of congestion on the 10th.

MARRIED IN GEORGIA.

In Early county, on the 7th, by Thomas Johnson, Esq., Mr. S. L. Weston, of Terrell, and Miss Laura Mims, of Early.

On the 10th instant, at the residence of Mrs. Mathews, in Pike county, Mr. S. H. Hall and Miss M. E. Mathews.

On the 10th, at the residence of Mr. W. Waller, in Upson county, Mr. W. H. Brown and Miss Eliza Waller.

On the 7th at the residence of Mathew Harris, Upson county, Mr. Josiah Freeman and Miss Clara Harris.

On the 16th at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. W R Sanders, of Bibb county, to Miss Susie McGehee, of Griffin.

On the 16th by Rev. Dr. DeVotie, W. C. Jenkins to Miss M. A. Fuller, all of Spalding county.

GUILFORD, WOOD & CO. don't sell the pianos designated as "*The $250 Pianos,*" but they want it distinctly understood that they sell a *better Piano* for *less money* than any other house in the south. All they ask is for you to call and see for yourselves. dec20—d1t

"JENNIE" was in town yesterday and went home rejoicing with a fine set of furs purchased at John A. Doane's. dec20—d1t

POLICE NOTES.—A small negro girl was locked up yesterday for stealing $3 in money and a pocket-book from Mr. Quigley. She was employed about the house, and stole it from under his pillow. The police arrested fifteen violators of the city laws. Most of them for imbibing too much whisky.

THOSE fine furs at John A. Doane's are the best Christmas present. dec20—d1t

New Songs, Just Issued.

"Wont You Kiss Me Good Night, Little Darling," by Raymond.
"I Want to See Mama Once More."
"The Words of Little Charlie Ross."
At Guilford, Wood & Co's Mammoth Music House, Atlanta, Ga. dec20—d1t

COSTUME GOODS.—Everything for fancy masks and costumes at Louis deSaulles & Co's. dec20—d3t

GEORGIA RAILROAD.—On and after today, night passenger train leaves Atlanta at 10:30 P. M., arrives at Augusta 8:15 A. M., arrives at Atlanta 6:25 A. M. No other change.

IF you want to buy a handsome Christmas present, go to Robt. Dohme's Jewelry store, No. 5 Peachtree street. dec20—d4t

IF you would cause joy to illumine your household, go to John A. Doane's and get furs for your wife and daughters. dec20—d1t

ANOTHER POLICEMAN SHOT AT.—Last night about eleven o'clock, officer Starling Roberts was fired upon near the corner of Whitehall and Hunter streets. Roberts was riding down Hunter street, and noticed three men standing at the corner. As he passed the shot was fired, but fortunately without effect. Roberts is satisfied it was fired at him. The men instantly disappeared.

THE LIBRARY EXPOSITION.—As the committee of the Young Men's Library Association, who have the matter in charge, have not fully made up their report as to the result, we have not made up our estimates, save the general one a few days since.

The last night of the exposition, the balloting for the handsome bracelets swelled up the receipts very considerably over the previous estimates made by the reporter. In a day or two the full result will be ascertained. One of the committee informed the reporter that the net profits in money will not be far from $2,700, and about $500 in books. When we take into consideration the rather dull times and the scarcity of money, the exposition can but be regarded as quite a success. Aside from this, it afforded several evenings of great pleasure to [those] who attended. Much cred[it is] due those [who ha]d the matter in charge [and] managed [illegible]

A POLICEMAN SHOT.

An Unknown Negro Attempts to Kill Officer Simpson.

Particulars and Incidents of the Murderous Assault.

Last evening a most desperate attempt to murder Officer F. M. Simpson, of the police force. The particulars of the assault indicate that the bloody affair had been deliberately planned, and that, had not the would-be assassin's aim been unsteady, the city would have lost one of its best policemen.

Simpson has been a prominent member of the force for a long time. He soon won the approbation of his superiors by his efficiency, and doubtless incurred the enmity of many law breakers by the steady war he waged upon them.

THE PARTICULARS.

The particulars of the affair are as follows: For some time past the force has been looking for a negro named Peter Coleman. This Peter was a boy of bad character, and about three weeks ago had an affray where in he came very near killing his colored antagonist. He managed to dodge arrest, and the police have been trying to catch him. In fact there is an indictment now pending against him for assault with intent to murder. Last evening a suspicious looking darkey notified the police that he knew where Coleman was. He stated the place—some negro shanty out on Castleberry's hill, and officers Simpson and L. P. Barnes determined to go out and effect the capture. They accordingly, shortly after nine o'clock, went to the place pointed out, where they found Coleman, whom they took into custody.

THE MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

The officers started for the station house with their prisoner, and at half-past nine o'clock, or a little later, had reached the corner of Thompson and Peters streets, where the attempt was made on Simpson's life. Just beyond the corner they saw a negro coming rapidly to meet them. The night was so dark and rainy, however, that they did not notice him until he was immediately in their front. As this negro passed, he put a

WHITE HANDKERCHIEF UP TO HIS FACE,

evidently to avoid being recognized. Simpson ordered him to stop, but he paid no attention to the command. Then, turning to Barnes, Simpson said, "hold on a minute." As he spoke, he turned back to follow this unknown negro, who had turned into Thompson street. Simpson had scarcely got back to the corner before

PISTOL FIRING COMMENCED.

Several shots were exchanged with [illegible], and Barnes turned back with [illegible] [as] fast as he could. When he got to Sim[pson] [illegible] to him and said,

"I'M SHOT, AND THAT BAD,"

while the unknown shootist instantly took to his heels and disappeared down Thompson street. Encumbered as he was with his prisoner, Barnes could not follow him, but fired one shot at his retreating figure. The wounded man was taken into a little store, near the spot, and Dr. E. J. Roach sent for. He found that Simpson was shot through the left hip, and gave his opinion, that while the wound was serious, it was not necessarily dangerous. Later the wounded man was carried to his home, where at last accounts, he was resting comfortably.

A FIXED UP JOB.

While the negro Coleman, who was brought on to the guard house stoutly denies knowing anything at all about the water, the police nevertheless believe it to have been a fixed up job. A better place and a better night for such an attempt could not be found, and the manner in which this unknown negro passed show that he must have had his weapon out and ready for immediate service.

Several of the members believe him to be Wiley Redding. This is the most desperate negro now at large, and is indicted for murder as well as for almost every other crime. During the past few days the police have received information that he was hanging around the circus, and have made several unsuccessful efforts to catch him. We hope that Simpson will soon be restored to health and duty.

LIVELY.—Now that the holidays are close upon us, crowds of people of all ages are seen promenading our principal thoroughfares all seemingly having in view the purchase of Christmas or New Year gifts for relatives or friends. The determination of all seems to be to let all homes know that it is Christmas again. That no little stocking hung with loving faith in the chimney corner, on Christmas eve, shall be empty in the misty grey of the breaking Christmas morn. That faces around the Christmas breakfast shall grow bright in the love reflected from the Christmas gifts beside each plate. Consequently relatives and friends are busily engaged in searching after suitable presents. Reader examine the advertising columns of THE CONSTITUTION, and you will find exactly where to go to make your purchases.

Oranges! Oranges! Oranges!

Will receive on Monday morning, a car load of choice Oranges, just picked from the trees.
W. POWERS & SON,
Corner Peachtree and Walton streets,
dec2?—d1t Atlanta, Ga.

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICES.

JOHN KEELY'S
HOLIDAY GOODS!!!
SENSIBE PRESENTS!!!

Great attractions in prices of Dress Goods, Shawls, Black, Alpacas, Black Silks, Blankets, Table Linens, Towels, Cassimeres, Broad Cloths and other goods.

SHOES.

A first class line of Shoes in Ladies' and Misses Dress Shoes, Walking Shoes and Misses and Children's School Shoes of the neatest and most durable kind. Prices low. Goods warranted.

A choice line of Neck Rufflings, Silk Ties and other Fancy Goods, just opened at
dec20—d1t JOHN KEELY'S.

BOOTS AND SHOES FOR CHRISTMAS!

Robinson & Co., 45 Whitehall street, have just received a large variety of Boots and Shoes for the Christmas trade, which they will sell at

VERY LOW PRICES,

for the next two weeks. Those in want will save money by calling on them. Goods to suit all classes. dec30—d2t

THE largest stock of Hats, Caps, Furs, Trunks and Umbrellas, at John A. Doane's, No. 40 Whitehall street.
dec20—d3t

Ho! Christmas, Ho!

I will expose all my Christmas presents for sale Monday morning, the 14th instant This is the greatest and largest variety of elegant goods ever seen in this market, consisting of watches, diamonds and fine jewelry. Five hundred pieces of solid silverware presents from $50 up to $100. My stock of silver-plated goods, manufactured by Reed & Barton, are the handsomest ever seen in this market, just received by express Saturday, December 12th. I shall sell my goods at one price, and lower than they were ever offered before. It is best for all my customers to call early and get first choice, before the rush. Every piece of solid silver sold by me is handsomely engraved free of charge. GEO. SHARP, JR.

YOUR DAYS ARE FEW.

The Directors of the Masonic Relief Association of Norfolk, Virginia, assures the public in the most positive manner that their Second and Last Grand Gift Concert will take place upon the 29th instant, (as advertised elsewhere), or the money will be refunded to purchasers of tickets. Your days are few for the securing of prizes. There will certainly be *no postponement.* Take due notice thereof, and govern yourselves accordingly. dec18—d1t

CARD NUMBER 2,
FROM
GEO. SHARP, JR.

I desire to make known to the ladies of this city and to the community generally, that I have just introduced some very elegant designs of fine Jewelry of the latest and most modern styles. This elegant class of goods has never heretofore been offered in this city for sale.

I also have the largest stock of Roman and 18k. Gold Bands, Chain Bracelets, Gold Guard and Opera Chains. Seventy-five different patterns of Vest Chains. All the latest styles of Jewelry and a larger variety of elegant Sterling Silver Bridal Presents than ever before. In this line my stock can not be competed with except by the manufacturers, Messrs. Gorham & Co., themselves.

Remember, no agreement to keep up prices binds me.

I can sell my goods at retail on better terms than any Jewelry house in this city or state.

Gold Watches from $35 to $800.
GEO. SHARP, JR.,
34 Whitehall street,
dec3—dtf Atlanta, Ga.

Trapper Eph.

CONCLUDED.

"The bloody cusses have drove along all the cows and horses they could gobble," muttered Eben, "and hoppled them on the edge of the woods. They expect to find only women and children and the old man at home. They don't dream of the warm welcome we've got ready for them, Eph. There, now they begin to smell mischief; the shanty looks too quiet. Who's that big brawny fellow crawling ahead?"

"Big Pine-Tree," whispered Eph, with his eye to the opening. "He and his braves killed every settler in Slocum Valley last year. Don't fire yet; lay low. Let 'em creep up closer. We must pick our men every time."

There was a blaze, a sharp report, a cloud of smoke; then a yell went up from the savages, as they sprang to their feet, that shook the tasseled corn like a great wind.

"How many bit the dust that time, Eph?"

Eph held up two fingers.

"Let me load for you," whispered Hanny. "I'm your other arm. Take the old gun, it won't kick this time."

Eben looked over his shoulder, and saw Bessie crouching on the floor behind him.

"Go comfort your grandfather," said he, sternly.

The old man sat gazing with pale vacant face and bewildered eyes at the scene before him. A low monotonous moan, like the cry of some animal in pain, issued from his lips. Bessie dragged herself to him, and put her arms round his neck, and drew his head down on her bosom. Mrs. Gardner had hung a kettle of water over the fire; it was all she could do. She crept to the bed on her knees, with her apron over her head, and began rocking back and forth in the intensity of silent prayer.

The yells and hoots and howls of the savages were like the beating of storm waves on the shore. Every shot from the inside of the little fortress told fatally upon the enemy. There were wild wailings and death songs from a band chosen to carry off the dead and wounded.

"Only two rounds left," whispered Eph, wiping away the powder and smoke from his eyes.

The decisive moment of the assault had come. There was a scrambling of feet up the side of the cabin, and the sound of dull, heavy blows on the roof, which, fortunately, was made of timber [of great thick]ness, [b]ut squared by the ax. [Eben mounted the ladder to] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] rigid as a man of [illegible] et in hand, took up his station at the door, where the trunk of a large hemlock tree had been brought to act as a battering ram. The red-skins, frenzied by their losses, had attempted to kindle a fire under one corner of the cabin, but the ground and fuel being damp from recent showers, it failed to ignite.

There was a dense cracking and snapping and bursting asunder of the planks of the door from the terrible concussion of the missile directed against it. The blows of the assailants upon the roof mingled with those below. It was an orgy of demoniac noises. There may have been shrieks and wails from within, but they were drowned in the tempest that raged without.

At last they have succeeded in kindling a slow fire under the angle of the house, where the wind drove the flames against the wall. A suffocating smell of smoke began to creep in between the logs. Hanny had dropped her gun, and was now passing boiling water up the ladder to Eben, who, judging from the unearthly yells of the half-intoxicated savages, was using it to good effect.

"It's time for the whisky," said Mrs. Gardner, in the brief pause while Eph stood waiting, and she lifted the jug to his lips. He took a long, deep pull, and thanked her with a look.

Splinters from the door flew about in all directions. It groaned in a kind of agony. Slowly the tough plank yielded until there was an aperture large enough to admit a head—a head with a pair of snaky, glittering evil eyes. Eph, standing a little in the shadow, brought down his axe. It clove the skull of Big Pine-Tree through bone and brain. Then followed the sharp report of a rifle. It was the last Eph knew. His arm dropped lax and nerveless at his side. His head fell forward a little; he sank to his knees, and finally fell prone.

Bessie uttered a heartrending cry.

"Hark!" said Mrs. Gardner holding her back, for she would have rushed to Eph at the risk of her life. "There's something coming through the woods. It's either the Judgment day or an earthquake."

It was a crashing and rushing and rending through brush and undergrowth with the steady, even, measured beat of horses' hoofs pressed to their utmost speed.

The loss of Big Pine-Tree had disorganized the attack below for a moment, and the breach through the door was not yet large enough to admit a man's body. Eben was engaged still in a close hand-to-hand fight upon the roof, dashing the boiling water upon the foe, and using it at the same time to put out the fire. In a moment's breathing space he happened to look toward the wood, where the openings in the trees rendered visible any moving object behind them. Then he raised his voice in a mighty shout. "The soldiers! the soldiers!" he cried. Deliverance was close at hand.

When Eph feebly came to consciousness, his eyes seemed half full of blood; there was a strange whirring in his head. His limbs were of as little use to him as if they had belonged to another body. Some one was fumbling and feeling about his side with a gentle hand, and then he heard Eben's voice.

"There may be two or three ribs broken; I can't tell yet until we get him on to the bed; but I know the wound ain't mortal. He is young, and tough as a pine knot. Come, Celindy, hurry along; bring me some bandages out of the chest; tear up a shirt if there isn't anything else handy.

It was a minute or two before Eph could concentrate his strength on the act of opening his eyes. Then all was mist—a mist of pain; for he was conscious of a terrible ache somewhere. But presently he saw a patch of the cabin floor with sunlight lying on it, and knew, though he did not see them, that a group of men were gathered about the door. Hanny was by the fire place feeding her grandfather something out of a bowl. Where was he? Who was supporting him? With this thought, Eph feebly directed his gaze upward until it rested on Bessie's face. She was holding his head in her lap, and he saw that a little pearly tear was stealing down her cheek. In an electric flash all the past came back to him. "What has happened to me?" He motioned cut the words rather than spoke, for his tongue and lips seemed made of cast iron.

"You got hurt, Eph," and the tears dropped down his face: "but I hope not much. You wont die, Eph, you're so young and strong. Father said it is a mortal wound, and he is a kind of natural bone setter."

There were other questions in Eph's eyes, to which he could not give voice.

"The soldiers came from the fort," Bessie went on, "just as the fire got under way and was about to smoother us all. They drove off the red-skins and are chasing them now through the woods, only a few that staid to help father put out the flames. But you saved us, Eph, when you held them back from breaking down the door. Not any of us are hurt. Father didn't get a scratch. Oh, what a miserable coward I was! I could do nothing to help; but you, Eph—you would have given your life to save us."

Bessie's face quivered, and she covered it with her trembling hands. Eph never removed from her his eyes. His gaze was profound, searching, inscrutable, going down into the very depths of her being. With all his impetuosity, there was in him something of the deep reticence of the savage.

"Do you want me to live?" he said at last. And then he added slowly, "I didn't want to live any longer after what you told me the other day. You couldn't like an ignorant fellow brought up like a bear's cub in the bush."

A painful crimson tide swept over Bessie's neck and cheek. "Eph," said she, "I was a foolish, silly girl, not worthy of you. This day has taught me the value of a brave, true man." Then she bent her head lower, and added, in a whisper, "You are dearer to me than life, and I must have been loving you all the time."

Eph's face was transfigured. He stretched out his hand. Bessie understood the motion, and clasped it in hers. Then, with a great sense of weakness coming over him, he fell asleep.

Eben was examining the old man for the third or fourth time to see that he was uninjured.

"Hearty, ain't you, father; only a little shook up?"

The [old man] smiled vaguely. "I knew you'd take [care of] me, Eben. You always held t[o] [illegible]

shanty, though. Me and the old man, we'll stay, and Hanny too, I guess. That girl, she's worth her weight in wild cats. But if you feel scary about staying, you might go and stop a while with your sister Dorcas until we get cleared up a little more. I can't breathe in a thicker settled place than this. I must have lots of fresh air; and now I've fit the Injuns and overcome, I've drove down the stake for a good long spell."

"The Lord has given us a great deliverance," said Mrs. Gardner. "It was in direct answer to my prayer, and you won't hear me complaining any more after to-day. There's nothing like looking death in the face to bring folks together, and make them of one heart and one mind. Here I raise my Ebenezer. We'll stay and civilize together, Eben, and the wilderness shall blossom as the rose."

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

ATLANTA COTTON STATEMENT

ATLANTA, December 19, 1874.

Cotton closed quiet and steady; low middling 12⅞a13 cents.

RECEIPTS FOR TO-DAY.	Bales.
By wagon	137
By Western and Atlantic Railroad	5
By Central Railroad	70
By Air-Line Railroad	161
Atlanta & West Point Railroad	55
By Georgia Railroad	44
Total	472
Receipts previous	45,358
Total	45,830
Stock on hand September 1	102
Grand total	45,932
SHIPMENTS.	
Shipments to-day	418
Shipments previous	42,696
Total	43,114
Stock on hand	2,818

THERE was a big fight in New York today between the bulls and bears. The latter tried to sell the market down on the report of the Financial Chronicle. They succeeded in running the market down a quarter of a cent; it afterwards rallied an eighth.

See afternoon market reports on fourth page.

Bank Statement.

[By Telegraph to The Constitution.]

NEW YORK, December 19.—Loans in[creased] [illegible] half million. Specie decreased [illegible] [ten]ders decreased [illegible] decrease [illegible]

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS,
Atlanta, Ga., December 19, 1874.

HOGS.—Receipts for the last week have been light compared with the two weeks previous. The next week will wind up the hog crop. We quote medium grades $7 80 to $7 90; good packing to extra butchers' 8c. There were 400 head left over unsold.

CATTLE.—Common grades plenty and market for same rules dull. Of good grades offerings are short of the demand for the holidays, and for this class the market is strong and firm. Prices range for the various grades as follows: common 2 to 3c; fair to medium 4a4½c.

SHEEP.—The market rules firm and active at 4½ to 5½ for common to extra.

COMMERCIAL ITEMS.

MINING STOCKS.

The speculation in mining stocks continues to run high in California. The sales at the San Francisco stock board for the past week foot up a value of $7,483,000.

$30,000,000 IN HOGS.

It is estimated that the pork packers of Chicago have paid out over $10,000,000 for hogs packed there since the beginning of the season on the first of last month. Besides this, it is estimated that at least $4,000,000 more have been paid by Chicago shippers for live hogs to forward to the east. Including the October packing and shipping at one half of all that is done in that line in the western states, it gives the grand total of $30,000,000, paid out for hogs in the west within the last fifty days, the greatest part of which has been paid to farmers in Indiana, Illinois, Iowa and Wisconsin. Add to this the fact that these states will have received several millions of dollars more for corn in 1874 than they ever received in any previous year, and it must be apparent to all that the west is really growing rich.

THE WAY THE TELEGRAPH FACILITATES BUSINESS.

To show the increased facilities enjoyed by the business men of our time, the St. Louis Republican narrates the following facts of recent occurrence:

About the last of September a prominent sugar refiner received a telegram from New York advising him that a cargo of sugar could be bought at Pernambuco, Brazil, and shipped to New Orleans at a given price, including freight. The purchase was immediately made, a vessel chartered, and in less than forty-eight hours after the first telegram, advices were received from Pernambuco that all things had been arranged and the sugar would be on its way here in a few days. The cargo in question, consisting of 8,300 bags, or 1,300,000 pounds, is now on the landing at this city. One year ago it would have required not less than six weeks for the advices from Pernambuco to reach this city, and perhaps months of delay would have been experienced in completing the transaction. A subsequent purchase of 960 bags, made through the medium of the submarine cable to Brazil, is now on its way up the river here.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

[*Special to The Constitution.*]

COTTON MARKETS.

Receipts at all ports to-day	28,559
Exports to Great Britain	12,941
Exports to continent	2,326
Stock in New York	141,950
Stock at all ports	750,028

NEW YORK, December 19.—Gold 11⅛.

Old classification: spots quiet; low middlings 14; middlings 14½. New classification: spots quiet; low middlings 13⅞; middling 14⅛; sales to export 50; spinners 229.

Futures closed steady; sales 51,200; January 14a14 1-32; February 14 7-16a14 15-32; March 14 27-32a14⅞; April 15 5-32a15 7-32; May 15 17-32a15 9-16; June 15 13 16a15⅞; July 16 1-16; August 16⅛.

Net receipts 470 bales; gross 5,843.

[*Associated Press Reports.*]

The Associated Press reports show the state of the markets an hour later than the above special.

NEW YORK, December 19.—Cotton quiet; sales 279 bales at 14⅝a14⅛.

Net receipts 470 bales; gross 5,842.

Futures closed barely steady; sales 51,300 bales; December nominally 14; January 14; February 14 7-16; March 14 27-32; April 15 5-32a15 3-16; May 15 17-32a15 9-16; June 15 13-16; July 16 1-32a16 1-16; August 16⅛.

Money easier at 3a3½. Sterling steady. Governments active and strong. State bonds quiet and strong.

BOSTON, December 19.—Cotton quiet; middlings 14½; net receipts 10 bales; sales 21; stock 9,145.

MEMPHIS, December 19.—Cotton nominal; net receipts 3,829 bales; shipments 2,210; sales 2,000; middlings 13½a13¾; stock 84,401.

CHARLESTON, December 19—Cotton quiet; net receipts 3,399 bales; sales 1,000; middlings 13⅞; low middlings 13⅜; continent 1,011; stock 61,683.

NORFOLK, December 19.—Cotton quiet; net receipts 3,120 bales; sales 300; middlings 13⅞; stock 17,127.

WILMINGTON, December 19.—Cotton market quiet; net receipts 627; sales 500; middlings 13½; stock 4,544.

PHILADELPHIA, December 19.—Cotton—quiet; middlings 14½; net receipts 131 bales.

PROVIDENCE, December 19.—Cotton stock 17,000 bales.

PORT ROYAL, December 19.—Cotton stock 36 bales.

SAVANNAH, December 19.—Cotton dull; buyers and sellers apart; net receipts 4,491; sales 833; middlings 13⅝; continent 1,042; stock 107,438.

GALVESTON, December 19—Cotton firm; net receipts 3,002; sales 1,269; good ordinary 13; stock 90,023.

AUGUSTA, December 19.—Cotton irregular; middlings 13⅝; net receipts 1,076 bales; sales 1,098.

NEW ORLEANS, December 19.—Cotton irregular, active, and lower; net receipts 9,667; sales 8,400; middlings 13⅝; exports to Great Britain 9,974; stock 3[illegible].

MOBILE, December 19.—Cotton dull; net receipts 3,358 bales, sales 2,000; middlings 13⅝a13⅞; stock 65,589.

BALTIMORE, December 19.—Cotton dull and easy; net receipts 283; sales 425; middlings 14½; stock 25,586.

PROVISION MARKETS.

NEW YORK, December 19.—Southern flour in limited request; common to fair extra $4 90a$5 85; good to choice do. $5 90a$8 25. Wheat 1c higher; better export demand. Corn quiet and in buyers' favor. Pork unsettled; old $19 80. Lard closed firm; prime steam 13⅛. Coffee firm. Sugar dull and ⅛c lower. Rice quiet. Molasses quiet. Turpentine firmer at 36. Rosin steady. Freights firm.

CINCINNATI, December 19.—Flour dull. Corn steady at 70a72. Pork dull at $18 75a $19. Lard dull; steam 13a13½; kettle 14. Bacon dull; shoulders 9½; clear rib 12½a13; clear 13½. Whisky firm at 97.

LOUISVILLE, December 19.—Flour [unc]hanged. Pork quiet [illegible] [de]clining at $19 25a$19 50. Bac[on] [illegible] jobbing and order trade; sho[ulders] [illegible] clear rib 12½; clear 13½. Lard [illegible]

CHICAGO, December 19—Flour [illegible] Corn dull; old No. 2 mixed 7[illegible] [illegible] Pork quiet and weak at $18 60. Lard [illegible] and wheat at 12⅞. Whisky steady at 97.

NEW ORLEANS, December 19.—Flour [illegible] fair demand; treble extra $5a5 6[illegible]; choi[ce] $5a6 50. Corn quiet; mixed [illegible] [illegible] for corn ordered to be removed [illegible] New mess pork offering at $20 [illegible] [illegible] demand. Dry salted meats dull and d[e]clining; shoulders 7⅞; clear rib 10½; clear 10⅞. Bacon in small stock and no demand; shoulders 9½; clear rib 13; clear sides 14. Sugar-cured hams new 15½. Lard quiet; tierce 13⅞; keg 15a15½. Sugar dull; inferior 4⅞a5½; common 5⅞a6; fair to fully fair 6½; prime to strictly prime 7¼a8; choice 8⅛. Molasses stronger and in good demand; centrifugal 35a45; fair 46a50; prime to choice 51a57. Whisky quiet at $1 04. Coffee steady; fair to prime 17⅞a19. Corn meal firmer at $4.

LOCAL AND BUSINESS NOTICES.

CHRISTMAS IS COMING!

And the place to get your supplies is at

JOHN T. HAGAN'S.

—HE HAS—

California Pears,	Pickles in half barrels
Michigan Apples,	Pickles in glass,
Oranges,	Jellies,
Figs,	Pepper Sauce,
Raisins,	Oysters,
Currants,	Lobsters,
Prunes,	Salmon,
Dates,	Tomatoes,
Citron,	Brandy Peaches,
Cocoanuts,	French Brandy cherries,
Peanuts,	Canned Peaches,
Chestnuts,	Nelson's Gelatine,
Nuts of all kinds,	English Pickles,
Malaga Grapes,	Fire Crackers,
Sardines,	Nicnac Crackers,
Cheese,	Condensed Milk,
Irish Potatoes,	Dried Cod Fish,
Onions,	Dried Beef,
Cabbages,	White Peas,
Cranberries,	White Beans,
Sour Krout,	Atmore's Mince Meat,
Buckwheat Flour,	Poor Man's Soap,
Bologna Sausage,	Italian Macaroni,

Max Ams Fruit Butter.

He makes a specialty of Prize Packages, (twenty different kinds); Toys in great variety; Fire Works of all kinds; Roasted Coffees, Teas, Dressed Turkeys and Fowls, &.

Drop in and see HAGAN and get what you want. dec18—dtf

CARNIVAL GOODS.

[We have] received and opened a large line [of] [illegible] for Masque Ball [illegible]
[Gold and Silver Stripes],
[Gold and Silver Cloth],
Scarlet and Gold Cloth,
Blue and Gold Cloth,
Blue and Silver Cloth,
Steel Armor Cloth,
Gold and Silver Tassels,
Gold and Silver Stars,
Gold and Silver Lace,
Gold and Silver Gimps,
Gold and Silver Braids,
Gold and Silver Cord,
Silk Dominoes in all shades, etc.

Making the most complete and elaborate stock of costume goods ever brought to Georgia. LOUIS DESAULLES & CO.
dec18—d3t

TO ALL CONCERNED.

On and after December 21st, Monday, I will sell for cash only, therefore, I will be able to sell 5 to 10 per cent. less than those who run monthly accounts. I will have during the Christmas Holidays Eggs, Choice Butter, Fat Turkeys, alive and dressed, low for cash only.
C. J. KICKLIGHTER,
dec18-tf 81 and 83 Whitehall St.

To Whom it May Concern.

As we are now doing strictly a cash business, allparties indebted to us are specially requested to call and settle all past dues. Accounts not closed will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection after January 1st, 1875. CASTLEBERRY & CO.
dec18—dtf

LOUIS DE SAULLES & CO.

In addition to our large stock of every description of holiday goods, we have prepared a counter for the sale of

CANDIES,

which we receive fresh from the factory, and sell at the same prices that they do. We have every variety manufactured.

We have also opened a department for the sale of

TOYS,

in which will be found every variety.
dec13-1w

DR. TUTT'S MEDICINES.

DR. TUTTS
VEGETABLE
LIVER PILLS.

A mild aperient and gentle purgative, recommended for the cure of all derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. By their timely use much sickness is prevented. The test of many years have proven them to be the safest, surest and best of all the pills ever offered to the public. They purify the blood, remove all corruptions and restore the diseased system to perfect health. **As an Antidote to Chills and Fever** they have no equal. **For Dyspepsia they are a Specific. For Sick Headache and Bilious Colic** they are sure cure. **For Constipation, Rheumatism, Piles, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the Side, Back and Loins, Nervousness,** a positive cure. **For Female Irregularities, without a rival.** When one does not "feel very well," a single dose stimulates the stomach and bowels, restores the appetite, and imparts vigor to the system. Sold everywhere. Office, 18 Murray street, New York.

DR. TUTT'S HAIR DYE,

is easily applied, imparts a beautiful black or brown, and acts like magic. The best in the world. Sold by all druggists. Price, $1 00 per box.

DR. TUTTS
EXPECTORANT.

The ghastly record of deaths that result from pulmonary affections is frightful. There is no disease that is so insiduous in its attack as consumption. By the neglect of "slight colds" they soon become deep seated and defy remedies which, if applied at the outset, would have averted all danger. Dr. Tutt's Expectorant has proven itself **the most valuable Lung Balsam ever discovered. A distinguished clergyman** of New York, pronounces it the "greatest blessing of the nineteenth century," and says "no family should be without it." It is pleasant to the taste, and a single dose will often remove the most obstinate cough. Office, 18 Murray street, New York.
oct13— feb1—deod&w

NOTICE.

Plumb, trustee, et als. vs. George T. & White, Kent & Co., et al.—Bill for injunction and relief in the superior Court of Fulton county, Georgia.

IT APPEARING TO THE COURT that the names of the individual members of the firm of Kent & Co. are unknown to the complainants, and it further appearing the said firm do not reside in the State of Georgia, but do reside in the city and State of New York, and that they are not represented in court by an agent or attorney upon whom service can be made, and it appearing that substantial relief is prayed against the complainants [ag]ainst Kent & Co. It is ordered by the Court that Kent & Co., do appear in person, or by attorney, at the Superior Court to be held in and for Fulton county, Georgia, on the Monday after the fourth Monday in March, 1875, to answer the complainants bill, as amended by leave of the Court on the 20th day of November, 1874, or said bill as to said Kent & Co. will be taken *pro confesso*, and the Court will proceed as Equity may require [illegible] this order be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, a public gazette published at Atlanta, Georgia, once a [month for four] months.

JNO. [illegible]
HILL[illegible]

Atlanta Wholesale Price Current

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, Ga., December 19, 1874.

Atlanta Money Market.

Financial—Gold, buying at $1 08; selling at $1 10. Silver, buying at $1 02; selling at $1 05.

Exchange.—Buying at ¼ off; selling at par.

Bonds and Stocks—Georgia 6s 80a82; 7s 88a90; 8s 99a$1 01 Atlanta water bonds 73a75. Atlanta city bonds, 7s 70a73; 8s 78a80. Augusta 80a82. Georgia Railroad stock, 73a77; Georgia Railroad bonds, 90a92. Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock, 60a65; Atlanta and West Point Railroad bonds, 90a92. Central Railroad stock 58a62. Savannah bonds 80

Atlanta Produce Market.

Pork—8c gross, per car load.

Beef cattle—2a4½c.

Dried Fruit—Peaches unpealed ⅛ 3a4c; peaches unpealed ⅛s 4a5; peaches peeled 10 a—; apples pealed 4a5c.

Butter—30.

Beeswax—25a27

Rags—2a2½c.

Feathers—55a75.

Eggs—We quote at 30a32½.

Poultry—15; dressed chickens 12; do. turkeys 15c per pound; turkeys 75a$1 25.

Atlanta Grocery Market.

Corn—white, new 98a$1 00; ear 95.

Meal—$1 00.

Grits—$7 00.

Wheat—white $1 40a$1 50 amber $1 40a 150; red $1 40.

Rye—$1 25.

Barley—$1 50.

Oats—mixed 80; white 85.

Cow Peas—$1 20.

Hay—Timothy $1 60; clover $1 10a$1 25; Tennessee $1 25.

Flour—fancy $7 75; extra family $7 00; family $6 75; extra $7 25; superfine $5 75.

Bacon—none.

Bulk Meat—clear rib sides 11¼; long clear sides 11½; clear sides 11⅞; shoulders 8¼.

Lard—tierces 15½a16¼; cans 16.

Hams—sugar-cured 15¼.

Bagging—gunny 12; domestic 2 lb. 13; 2¼ lb. 13½; 2¼ lb. 14; 2⅞ lb. 14; Borneo 15¼.

Rope—Annawakee 25a27.

Ties—6½a7¼

Spices—pepper 28; ginger 17, alspice 20; nutmegs $1 75; cloves 50.

Salt—Virginia $2 00; Liverpool $1 75.

Mackerel—No. 1 bbls $17 50; ½ bbls $7 75; kits $1 75. No. 2 bbls. $14 00; ½ bbls $6 75; kits $1 50. No. 3 bbls, full weight, $11 00; ½ bbls, $5 50; kits $1 25. Family, bbls $14; ½ bbls $6 50; kits $1 25

Vinegar—24a40

Sugar—crushed 13; powdered 13; granulated 13; A 11½; extra C 11¼; white extra C 11⅞; yellow C 10a10½. Demerara 11¼; New Orleans 9¾a11¼ do. prime 10a10¼; do. fair—none in market

Coffee—Rio 22a24; LaGuira 26; Java 36a38.

Syrups—refined 45a80; New Orleans 63a75.

Molasses—hhds 42; tierces 43; bbls. 45

Soap—5½a10¼.

Starch—6¼

Rice—bbls. 8¼; tierces 8¼.

Soda—kegs 7a7½; assorted papers 8a8¼.

Crackers—C soda 4¼a6c; A soda 6a7; butter 5a7; pic-nic 5a7; oyster 6¼a8; milk 10a12; wine 10a12; Boston butter 10a12; sugar 6¼a7½; C cream 9a11; lemon cream 10a11; hand-made sugar jumbles 12a16; hand-made lemon cakes 14a16; hand-made tea-cakes 12a18; hand-made scolloped sugar cakes 10a13; spice cakes 10a12; ginger snaps 9a12; ginger bread 8a9.

Candy—assorted stick, per box, $3 50a75; fancy 18a25.

Canned and Case Goods—1 lb oyster, per dozen $2; 2 lb oysters, per doz. $3 50a 4 00; sardines, per case, $17 00a17 50; salmon, per dozen $2 50; lobsters, per dozen, $2 40; tomatoes, per dozen, $1 50a1 75; peaches, per dozen, $2 50a2 75; pineapples $2 50a2 75; green corn $2 50; green peas 2 lbs $2 25a2 75; Lima beans 2 lbs. $3a3 25; eaglebrand milk 1 lb $3a3 25.

Pickles, Mustard and Sauce—Gerkins, pts per case $1 75a2. qts per case $3a3 25; half gals $4 50a5; gals. half doz $3 25a3 50; half bbls. $6 50a8; English pickles, pts $4 25a5; Colman's mustard per doz $2a2 25; French mustard per doz, $2a2 35; Lea & Perrins Worcestershire Sauce $5a5 50; tomato catsup pts $1 25a1 50; qts $2 25a2 50; pepper sauce red $1 25a1 50; green $1 50a1 75.

Flavoring Extracts—Lemon per doz $2 25 a2 50; vanilla $2 75a3; assorted $2 25a2 50.

Sardines—qrs $17a17 50.

Teas—Oolong $1a1 10; Imperial $1a1 10; gunpowder $1a1 10.

Fire Crackers—No. 1 extra, 40 packs per box, $3 50.

Cheese—State dairy 15a16; factory 17a17½; fancy cream 18.

Irish Potatoes—Early rose, choice northern $4a4 25; russets, western $3 40a3 50.

Onions—silver skin, very choice $4 75a5; red $4 75a$5.

Apples—choice to fancy $5a5 50.

Oranges—Louisiana, each 3½a4¼.

Lemons—per box $8a10.

Raisins—Layers, whole, per box $3 50a4; half $1 85a2; quarters $1.

Currants—per lb 10a12½.

Citron—Leghorn, per lb 50a55. English 35a45a50.

Figs—Selected Eleme, drums per lb, new Sold 17½.

Dates—in 25 and 30 boxes, per lb 12½a15

Prunes—in bbls, per lb 14a15.

Nuts and Almonds—Languedoc 25½a27½; pecan nuts 11a15; Brazil nuts 15a18; English walnuts 16a20; filberts 15a17½.

Pea Nuts—Tennessee choice per bushel $2; Wilmington fancy per lb 9a10.

Sundries—Dried herring 60a75, Bologna sausage 12½a15; Atmore's mince meat 12c per lb in half bbls.

Wood Ware—brass-bound red cedar buckets $8 50; brass-bound juniper buckets $6 60a$7 50; painted buckets $2 75a$3 00; well buckets $6 50; paintedtubs, per nest, $4; seives, per dozen, $2 25; brooms, per dozen, $2 75a$4 20; matches, per gross, $3 25.

Lime—40a50.

Cement—$3a$3 50.

Nails—20d, 12d, 10d, $4 25. 25c per keg additional for diminishing sizes.

Powder—per keg rifle $6 50; blasting $4 50.

Shot—drop, per bag, $2 50; buck, per bag, $2 75.

Concentrated Lye, per case, $8 50; potash, per case, $9 00.

Copperas—4c.

Kerosene Oil—23

Blacking—35a70

Candles—17½.

Axle Grease—per dozen, $1 50

Table Salt—per dozen, $1 50.

Iron—Bar iron $3 50; axes $13 50a14, steel 20a22; shovels—Ames' $14 50a15; horse and mule shoes 7¼a8¼; horse shoe nails 20a30. Scofield Rolling Mill standard sizes 1½ in. to 4 in. flat, and ⅜ to 2 in. round, 3c per lb. by carload, 3c; less than carload 3½ to 3¾ c. sundry sizes per lb. by carload 3¼a5c; less than carload 3¾a5¼c.

Leather—Sole, hemlock, good damaged 25½ a28; good 29a33; white oak 40a50; black upper 40a55.

Wool—Washed 35a50c; unwashed 25c.

Yarn—$1 20.

Seeds—Clover $8; timothy $4 50; orchard grass $3 50a4; blue grass $2 50; herd's grass 50; Hungarian millet $3.

Fresh Meats.

Beef—Loin 15c; roast 15c; choice steaks 15c; chuck 12½c; brisket 10c. Pork nominal, 12½c. Mutton 12½a15c. Veal 15c.

Wines and Liquors.

Corn whisky, proof, 100 per cent., from $1 25 to $1 50, 80 per cent., $1 00, either white or colored. Pure Robertson County whisky from $1 25 to $2; Bourbon from $1 25 to $5; rye from $1 to $6; apple brandy from $2 25 to $2 50; peach Brandy from $2 50 to $3; ginger brandy from $1 25 to $1 57; cognac from $1 50 to $8; pure imported from $8 to $10; pure cherry brandy from 1 25 to $1 50; gin from $1 50 to $2 50; pure imported from $4 to $6; rum from $1 50 to $4; pure port wine from $2 to $6; sherry wine from $2 to $6; claret in cases $6 per dozen; golden crown champagne, pints, $16, quarts, $14; Heidsic & Co., pints, $30, quarts $28

Tobacco

Chewing—Common, sound, 11-in new per pound 45a50; do., 11-in old 47½a50; medium, 11-in old 55a60; good, 11-in old 65a70; fine 11-in. old 75a80; bright navys 55a65; dark qrs. 50 a60; bright eights, twist 65a75; medium, 12-in 60a65; good 70a75; fine 85a90; 12-inch pounds, good 65a75; very fine, Gravely $1; fine cut, home made 80a85; Sunny Side, per gross $10; Welcome $10; Century $10; in bulk, per pound $1; Log Cabin $1; Spencer's Calhoun $1 25; Stultz AAAA $1 10.

Smoking—Durham, per pound 60a75; Highlander $1; Lone Jack $1 75a2; Dew Drop 75; in case 65; Merry Mates 55; case 50; The Weed 50; case 45; Seal of North Carolina 75; case 65; Little Joker 65; case 60; Louisiana Perique $8; Virginity $1 50; Caprice $1 75; Straight Cut $1 75; Cavendish $1 25.

Drugs, Oils, etc.

Opium, per lb, $11 00; bi-carbonate soda, per lb, 7; bluestone, per lb, 14a15; copperas, per lb, 3a3¼; Epsom salts, per lb, 6; madder, per lb, 16a17; alum, per lb, 6; borax, per lb, 25; brimstone, per lb, 6a7; camphor, per lb, 50; indigo, per lb, 1 00a1 30; quinine, per ounce, $2 75; saltpetre, per lb, 12a15; copal varnish, per gal, $2 00a3 50; Japan varnish, per gal, $1 25a1 75; coach varnish, per gal, $3 50a6 00; white lead, per lb, 9¼a14; white lead, pure per lb, 14a15; castor oil, per gal, $1 15; stock powders, per doz, $1 25a1 75; lemon syrup, per doz, $3 75a5 00, gum assafoetida 55; acid, sulphuric, per carboy, 11. 20; petro oil, per gal, 38a40; turpentine, per gal, 50; catechu, per lb, 9¼; flaxseed, per lb, 10; alcohol, per gal, $2 00a2 25; raw linseed oil, per gal, $1 10; boiled linseed oil, per gal, $2 40; sweet oil, per gal, $2 00; sperm oil, per gal, $1 75a2 00; whale oil, per gal, $1a1 25; lard oil, per gal, $1 35; tanners, oil, per gal, 75a$1 00; kerosene oil, per gal,

Junk Market.

Rags—Buying prices 2a2¼. Waste paper—Buying prices ½c. Scrap Iron—Buying prices ½c. Old Copper—Buying prices 12¼a15.

Twine—Paper, selling price per lb., 25; Jute 14a25; Cotton 18a40; Flax 40a80.

Carpets.

Hartford carpet company, extra 3-ply $1 45 imperial 3-ply $1 40; superfine $1 15; medium superfine 95c; body Brussels, 5-frame $2; tapestry $1 25a$1 50; hemp, medium, 36-inch 27c; extra 32c; matting straw, white 28a50c; check 40a55c; oil cloth, 6 to 12 feet wide 75c a$1 50; 18 feet wide $1 50a$2

Atlanta Dry Goods Market.

Prints—Amoskeag 7¼c; Arnold's specialty 10¼; Albion 9; Ancona 8a9; Bedford 7½a 8¼; Conestoga 8¼a9; Dunnell's 8¼; Garner's 8½; Hartel's 8¼; Sprague 8¼a9; Gloucester 8¼a9; Simpson's black 8¼; Simpson's [illegible] American 8¼a9; Freeman's side [illegible] Allen's 8¼a9.

[illegible] cassimeres twilled [illegible] 16; cadet grey $1 25.

Eagle and Phoenix—stripes 10; fancies, fashion 11c; checks 11¼; Georgia plaids 12½c.

Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings.

Amoskeag A 36 in. 14c; Z 33 in. 9c. Arkwright 36 in. 15½c. Auburn S. 36 in. 13½c. Boott E 36 in. 10½c; R 28 in. 7½c. Cabot ⅞ 10c; 36 in. 11½c. Canoe 27 in. 6c. Fruit of the Loom 36 in. 14½c. Gem of the Spindle 14c. Hope 36 in. 12c. Linwood 36 in. 12½c Lonsdale 36 in. 12c. Social L. 36 in. 10c. Suffolk L. 36 in. 7c. Wamsutta OXX 36 in 10½c; OHH 36 in. 18c. Wessacumcon H. 33 in. 9c. Tuscarora 16¼. Pocahontas 12¼. Seaside 13¼. Holmesville 13. Rosebud 13 Ticonderoga 33 in. 11¼. Columbia 9¼. Ballou & Son 10a7¾a9. Chestnut Hill 9¼. Diamond Hill 12. White river 10. Roger Williams 10¼ Grant Mills 8. Red Dog 7.

Domestic Ginghams — Gloucester 9 1-2 Lancaster 12c; Baird 10c.

Ticking—Amoskeag A C A 25c; Conestoga C C A 18c; Lewiston A 30 inch 20c; Biddeford A 13½c; A A 18c; A A A 20c; B 12½c; Minnehaha 7-8 22½c; A C A 30 inch 23c; Pittsfield 7¼; Eagle and Phoenix 4-4 26c; 33 in. 24.

Stripes—American 12c; Arasapha 1-2c; Massabesic 14c to 15c; Uncasville A 11 to 12c.

Corset Jeans—Kearsage 12½c.; Laconia 11½c; Naumking Sateen 13½c.

Osnaburgs—Alabama, No. 1, 11c; Trion factory 14½c. Milledgeville—8 oz. 14¼; 6 oz 12¼.

Paper Cambrics—Manville 6¼; Lonsdale 7c; Masonville 7c; S S & Sons 7c; Garner 6½c; high colors 7c.

Glazed Cambrics—Ellerton 6½c; Franklin 6½c; Harmony 6¼, high colors, 7c.

Kentucky Jeans—Alpine cloth 37½c; Cuba 20c; Fairfax 16c; Gulf mill 22½c; Hillside 10½c; Pacific R. R. 37½c; Preferred Doeskin 37½c; Red Cloud 20; Missouri 22; Port Royal 25; Atlas 30; Lewellyn 23¼; West Lake 28½c.

Dress Goods—corded alpacas 22½c; 3-4 solid 17a18; fancy delaines 20; Balermo stripes 22.

Linseys—12½a20c.

Flannels—white 22½a40; red 20a40; shaker 0a60.

MEDICAL DISPENSARY.

DR. W. M. MARVIN.

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity that he has opened a Dispensary in Austell Block, where patients can get reliable treatment for all diseases. Particular attention paid to all diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Catarrh. The above diseases treated by inhalation.

The Doctor treats all diseases of long standing, such as Eruptions, Gravel, Paralysis, Loss of Voice, Wakefulness, Fever Sores, Rheumatism, Goitre, Neuralgia, Tumors, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Biliousness, Diseases of the Kidneys, Erysipelas, Nervous Depression, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, all Diseases peculiar to Women, all Private Diseases, Heart Disease, Swollen Joints, Coughs, Gout, White Swelling, St. Vitus' Dance, etc.

Electricity applied in cases weere it is required. The Doctor is permanently located and persons who have been under the treatment of other physicians and have not been cured, are invited to call, as I treat all curable diseases, and cures guaranteed, or no pay. Call and see the Doctor without delay. His charges are moderate, and consultation free. Dispensary and consultation rooms No. 20 Decatur street. Office hours from 9 A. M. 7 P. M. feb19-d&wly

SHRUBS & PLANTS.

Plants! Trees! Plants!

To make room for new lots of

Shrubs, Plants, Etc.,

WE WILL SELL AT

Cost for One Month

THE Shrubs and Trees now at our Nursery, consisting of splendid specimens of ARBOR VITAE, Golden, Chinese, Siberian, Globe, &c., CYPRESS, Lawsonil, Funebris, &c.; JUNIPER, Irish, &c.; PINE, Scotch, Austria, &c.; SPRUCE, Hemlock and Norway; FIRS; CEDARS; LAURELS; CAPE JESSAMINES; MOCK ORANGE 3 to 8 feet, extra fine plants; a large and choice collection of ROSES, SPIREA, DEUTZIA, HYDRANGEA, &c.; 10,000 yards of Boxwood plants for borders, and a large quantity of Althea, Euonymous and Privot for Hedges.

Fruit Trees & Grape Vines.

These will be sold at figures less than ever offered before in Atlanta.

CHAS. F. GAILMARD & CO.,
Rosehill Nursery—West End,
Atlanta, Ga.,

Opposite residence of Col. Geo. W. Adair, on line of street railroad. dec6—d1w

Fruit Trees! Fruit Trees!

HAVING been appointed Receiver to take charge of the Nursery stock belonging to the late firm of Irwin & Thurmond, known as the SOUTHERN NURSERY," I offer the entire stock for sale at wholesale and retail. Agriculturalists, nurserymen and others desiring choice fruit trees will call at once, either at the Nursery, 3½ miles from Atlanta, on the Sandtown road, or at my office, on Pryor street, at the drug store of Hunt, Rankin & Lamar. The stock consists of the choicest variety of apples, peaches, pears, plums, cherries, grape vines, etc., and will be sold at a great sacrifice as the stock is compelled to closed out this winter. Call at once or send in your orders.

dec6—d1m E. H. MUSE, Receiver.

DUTCH BULBS!

Direct Importation from Holland.

WE are to-day in receipt of a large consignment from Messrs L. Wayere & Co. of Hillegom, near Haarlem, Holland, of HYACINTHS, TULIPS CROCUS, ANEMONES, NARCISSUS, IVIS, RANUNCULUS, CROWN IMPERIALS and JONQUILS, by far the lagest and finest assortment ever brought to Atlanta. Plant now for early spring flowers or in pots for house decoration in winter. Bulbs sent by mail at Catalogue Price without additional charge.

CHAS. F. GAILMARD & CO.,
Rosehill Nursery—West End,
P. O. Box 425, Atlanta, Ga.
dec13—d2w

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES

—FOR THE—

Fall and Winter Trade.

APPLES, Pears, Peaches Plums, Apricots, Almonds, Figs, Grapes, Strawberry Plants and a general line of nursery stock. Ornamental Evergreens and Roses a specialty. Prices moderate and stock fine. Send for price list. The Nursery grounds are situated one and a half miss southeast of the City Cemetery. Address

W. P. ROBINSON,
Downing Hill Nurseries,
dec5—d2w&w1m Atlanta, Ga.

COTTON FACTORS.

BOIT & CO.,

Savannah, Ga. Atlanta, Ga

SUCCESSORS TO

BOIT & McKENZIE,

COTTON FACTORS

— AND —

General Commission Merchants

OFFICE

Corner Broad and Walton Streets,

ATLANTA, GA.

MR. WM. PEARSON HARDEE,

LATE with Messrs. N. A. HARDEE'S SON & Co., of Savannah, Ga., represents us in Atlanta, per procuration.

Liberal advances at LOW RATES OF INTEREST, will be made on consignments of COTTON to be sold or held in Atlanta or Savannah, and on shipments to New York or Boston, or to our correspondents in Liverpool, Messrs. Baring Bros. & Co., and Thos. S. McKenzie, Esq. All business entrusted to us shall have our prompt and careful attention.

WE REFER BY PERMISSION TO

Savannah Bank & Trust Co., Savannah, Ga
Southern Bank of the State of Ga. " Ga.
H. Mayer & Co., Bankers, Savannah, Ga.
Southern Ins. & Trust Co., Savannah, Ga.
aug23—deod4mo

ADVANCES ON COTTON.

Hopkins, Dwight & Trowbridge,

COTTON FACTORS

— AND —

Commission Merchants,

134 Pearl Street,

NEW YORK.

ARE PREPARED TO ADVANCE liberally on shipmen of Cotton Futures bought or so d on best trms. Address C. D. MILLER, Atlanta, Ga., care Georgia Banking and Trust Company.

LUCIUS HOPKINS, formerly Hopkins, Allen & Co., late President of Importers and Traders National Bank.

AMOS T. DWIGHT, E. L. TROWBRIDGE, formerly Trowbridge, Dwight & Co oct29—d1m&w3m

TO MILL OWNERS AND USERS

— OF —

MILL GEARING.

WEBSTER & MARKS, Chattanooga, Tenn., are now making Spur and Bevel Gear of all sizes, with the Patent English Gear [illegible]

THE LAST CHANCE!

A Thrilling Era—The Duty of the Hour—A Splendid Opportunity and a Glittering Prize.

The most exciting and momentous epoch of American history is upon us. A presidential campaign is opening, which will decide for democracy and liberty, or radicalism and the downfall of republican government. The recent democratic victories inspire the hopes of freemen. Business is reviving, and the people seek eagerly for political and general information. Consequently, newspapers are more eagerly sought and are being taken to every intelligent household, as the greatest source of home education and amusement.

In addition to his county journal, every person should take one great City paper, which furnishes the latest *Telegraphic, Commercial, Agricultural, General Intelligence and current news* of the day. An opportunity is now presented to subscribe for such a journal, and at the same time *without extra charge* secure the chance of getting *one thousand dollars in gold*, or other magnificent present, as set forth below.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION,

published at the State Capital, the Gate City of the South, ranks among the foremost journals of the United States, and the MAMMOTH EIGHT-PAGED WEEKLY of 48 columns, is the great Family Journal of the South. Its unswerving Democratic career, and its successful struggle with Bullock and Georgia Radicalism, are well known. Every subscriber to it enjoys a privilege unprecedented in the South, namely: A chance to receive one of the following presents, amounting in value to over

$5,000 00.

One cash gift, in gold	$1,000
One cash gift, in greenbacks	500
Five cash gifts, in greenbacks	500
One magnificent piano	1,000
One beautiful piano	600

Also, *gold and silver watches*, seven sewing machines, a $100 oil painting richly framed, complete sets of the best authors prose and poet, and numerous other valuable gifts, presenting by far the most remarkable gift distribution to newspaper subscribers ever known. On application to the undersigned *specimen* copies of THE CONSTITUTION, will be sent free to any address, with full list of presents and a description of the pianos, one of which is the world-renowned CHICKERING SQUARE GRAND, our piano being the *identical* one which has taken four or five State Fair premiums.

THE PLAN

is simple. Every subscriber paying *ten* dollars for the Daily one year, receives a *registered card*—a club of Weeklies paying *ten* dollars for five copies one year also receives a *registered card*. A Weekly subscriber paying ten dollars for 5 years' subscription gets a card. A Daily subscriber paying *five* dollars for 6 months, or Weekly subscriber paying five dollars for two and a half years, gets a half card.

The presents will be drawn to these cards, *by lot*, in public, under the management of subscribers, the proprietors having nothing to do with it. Issue of cards limited to 4,000—less than last year.

All the gifts are now in our possession and will be positively awarded without scaling or change in any respect. This is our *last* distribution and takes place

December 31st, 1874.

This, therefore, is the *last* chance. At our first distribution, Mr. George Eberhart received $1,250 in gold for a Madison county club of weeklies.

THE CONSTITUTION contains stories, poetry, miscellaneous and humorous reading. A thrilling new story, "The Maniac Lover," begins in January.

Agents wanted—unparalleled inducements offered.

Those not knowing us we refer to Mayor Spencer and ex-Mayor Hammock, of Atlanta.

Send money by registered letter, post office order or express. Address

W. A. HEMPHILL & Co.,
Atlanta, Ga.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8 40 a m
Arrive Kingston	11 39 a m
Arrive Dalton	1 40 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	3 50 p m
Leave Chattanooga	5 15 a m
Arrive Dalton	7 23 a m
Arrive Kingston	9 52 a m
Arrive Atlanta	12 35 p m

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	5 55 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 46 p m
Arrive Dalton	10 30 p m
Arrive Chattanooga	12 30 a m
Leave Chattanooga	4 00 p m
Arrive Dalton	5 42 p m
Arrive Kingston	7 28 p m
Arrive Atlanta	10 15 p m

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3 30 p m
Arrive Marietta	5 03 p m
Arrive Cartersville	7 17 p m
Arrive Kingston	8 21 p m
Arrive Dalton	11 55 p m
Leave Dalton	1 15 a m
Arrive Kingston	4 35 a m
Arrive Cartersville	3 31 a m
Arrive Marietta	8 06 a m
Arrive Atlanta	9 50 a m

Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line R. R.

Daily Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 51 p m
Arrives at Charlotte	8 06 a m
Leaves Charlotte	6 12 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 18 p m

Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	7 09 a m
Arrives at Charlotte	2 00 a m
Leaves Charlotte	9 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 12 p m

Toccoa Accommodation Train.

Leaves Toccoa	3 45 a m
Arrives at Toccoa	8 27 p m
Leaves Atlanta	3 18 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 a m

Georgia Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	4 40 a m
Leaves Atlanta	7 00 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 45 p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 30 p m

Night Passenger Train.

Leaves Augusta	8 15 p m
Leaves Atlanta	10 00 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	6 20 a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 00 a m

Covington Accommodation Train.

Leaves Atlanta	5 00 p m
Leaves Covington	5 50 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	8 15 a m
Arrives at Covington	7 30 p m

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	9 40 p m
Leaves West Point	1 40 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 42 p m
Arrives at West Point	2 07 a m

Central Railroad—Atlanta Division.

Night Passenger and Freight Train.

Leaves Atlanta	10 40 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 35 a m
Leaves Macon	8 10 p m
Arrives at Atlanta	4 40 a m

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Atlanta	1 00 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 30 p m
Leaves Macon	9 06 a m
Arrives at Atlanta	2 55 p m

On and after this date trains will not stop at West End.

☞ Central Railroad time 12 minutes ahead of Atlanta time.

Southwestern Railroad.

Eufaula Daily Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	9 05 a m
Arrives at Eufaula	5 40 p m
Arrives at Albany	3 25 p m
Leaves Eufaula	8 50 a m
Arrives at Macon	5 10 p m
Leaves Albany	10 47 a m

Connects with the Albany Train at Smithville, and the Fort Gaines train at Cuthbert daily, except Sunday.

Albany Train connects with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Trains at Albany, and will run to Arlington on Blakely Extension Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Eufaula Night Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 10 p m
Arrives at Eufaula	10 20 a m
Leaves Eufaula	7 25 p m
Arrives at Macon	6 45 a m

Columbus Mail Train.

Leaves Macon	7 17 p m
Arrives at Columbus	12 45 a m
Leaves Columbus	2 30 p m
Arrives at Macon	7 25 p m

Making close connection with Western Railroad at Columbus for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, etc.

Columbus Day Freight and Accommodation Train.

Leaves Macon	9 20 a m
Arrives at Columbus	6 35 p m
Leaves Columbus	5 [illegible] a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00 p m

Central Railroad.

Day Passenger Train.

Leaves Savannah	8 45 a m
Arrives in Macon	6 45 p m
Leaves Macon	7 15 a m
Arrives in Savannah	[illegible]

Night Freight [illegible]

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ATLANTA HOUSES.

VISITORS TO THE FAIR ENTERTained. Also, families and day boarders desired. MISSES DUPRE, 50 Broad street. oct9—dtf

CANDY & CRACKER MANUFACTORY, G. W. Jack Whitehall street.

WALLIS [illegible] HARDWARE — McNaught & Scrutchins, Whitehall st.

PRODUCE and Commission Merchant—R. J. Griffin, No. 60 Decatur street, Wholesale dealer in Eggs, Poultry & Butter.

COMMISSION Merchants and Grocers—McDaniel & Gilreath, 117 Whitehall st.

MANUFACTURER OF BURIAL CASES, M. Cargile, No. 9 Ivy street.

BUSINESS UNIVERSITY—B. F. Moore, President, cor. Broad and Alabama sts.

LIQUORS, Champagne, Cider, etc., T. F. Grady, 22 Alabama st., near Ga. Depot.

STOVES and Housefurnishing Goods—F. M. Richardson, 82 Whitehall street.

CLOTHING—W. B. LOWE & CO., Whitehall street.

MERCHANT TAILORING—Dykeman, No. 4 Peachtree st., imported goods only.

MEAT MARKET AND DAIRY—H. C. Sawtell, 108 Whitehall street.

JEWELRY AND AGENT for ARUNDEL Spectacles—Er Lawshe, Whitehall st.

PHOTOGRAPHS—SMITH & MOTES, 32 Whitehall street.

OILS AND FINE GROCERIES—Jno. T. Hagan & Co., 114 Whitehall street.

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY — J. J. Ford, corner Pryor and Line streets.

DYE HOUSE—JAMES LOCHREY, Hunter street.

RESTAURANT—THOMPSON'S, James' Bank Block.

J. M. BORN, JR., & CO., AGENTS FOR Coal Creek and Soddy Creek Coal, corner Broad and Alabama streets.
nov3, '74—dly

THE DIXIE PUMP.

G. L. GREESON, Manufacturer of the Dixie Pump, the best and cheapest wooden Pump now made. It is a Southern production, of Southern material. Liberal inducements offered to the trade. Send for price list. Address G. L. GREESON,
may 1-dly Charlotte, N. C.

HACKS.

GAINESVILLE AND DAHLONEGA HACK LINE. Leaves Gainesville immediately on the arrival of the up passenger train, every day, and arrives at Dahlonega at 6 o'clock P. M.

Leaves Dahlonega every day, and connects with the down afternoon's passenger train. Good Hacks and careful drivers will always be found at Dahlonega to convey passengers to Porter's Springs or other points, upon reasonable terms. aug31—dtf

DENTISTS.

DENTIST—D. SMITH, D. D. S., Resident Dentist, No. 66½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga., over Chamberlain & Boynton's.
may 16-d6m

DR. S. G. HOLLAND, Dentist, formerly of Augusta, Ga., has permanently located at No. 50 North Broad, junction of Luckie and Peachtree streets, and offers his professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and surrounding country. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. jan 11-tf

DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlain & Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan 7-dtf

L. D. CARPENTER, DENTIST, No. 47 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

LAWYERS.

W. S. JOHNSON, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Georgia. Office on west side Wall street, 60 yards southwest of the court house. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.
June 5, 1874—d12m

JAMES A. HARLEY, ATTORNEY AT Law, Sparta, Ga. aug9—dly

HENRY D. CAPERS, ATTORNEY and Counselor at Law, Atlanta, Georgia. Office—No. 30 Kimball House.
nov7—dtf

BRANHAM & SMITH, Atlanta, Ga. | SMITH & BRANHAM, Rome, Ga.

J. BRANHAM, JR., & C. H. SMITH, Attorneys at Law. Partners in Court business only. Atlanta office corner of Marietta and Broad streets, up-stairs.
aug6—d3mo

S. M. WYNN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Augusta, Ga., will practice in the courts of the Augusta Circuit.

☞ Special attention given to the collection of claims. apr4—dly

A. C. McCALLA, Attorney at Law, Conyers, Ga., will practice in the Courts of Rockdale and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections. may24—dly

W. J. RAY, Attorney at Law, Madison, Ga., practices in the courts of the Ocmulgee Circuit. Special attention given to collections mar6—d12m

W. T. MOYERS, Attorney a Law, Newnan, Ga. Will practice in all the Courts. my30—dtf

D. D. McCONNELL, ATTORNEY AT Law, Acworth, Cobb county, Georgia. Collections a specialty. sep6, '74—d9m

J. T. SPENCE, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Georgia. Will practice in State and Federal Courts. mar5—dly

WILLIAM WELLS, NEWNAN, GA., Notary Public and ex Officio Justice of the Peace. Office at the Virginia Hotel, near the Court House. oct18—d3m

W. W. LUMPKIN, Attorney at Law, Union Point, Ga., will give strict attention to business entrusted to his care. Refers to P. W. Printup. june9—dly

JASPER N. DORSEY, Attorney at Law, Gainesville, Ga. Will practice in the counties of Hall, Forsyth, Dawson, Lumpkin, White, and in the Supreme Court and Federal Courts at Atlanta. Special attention given to bankruptcy cases. july18—dly

ANDREW SLOAN, Attorney at Law, Savannah, Georgia, will practice in the Superior Court of Chatham county, and in the United States Courts of the Northern and Southern Districts of Georgia. Special attention to collections. june20—dly

J. C FAIN. T. C. MILNER.

FAIN & MILNER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Calhoun, Georgia. Will practice in all the Superior Courts of Cherokee Georgia, the Supreme Courts of the State, and the United States District and Circuit Courts, at Atlanta, Ga. july16, 1874—d6m

JARED I. WHITAKER, ATTORNEY at Law, Atlanta, Georgia, will give prompt attention to all business extended to him in the State and Federal Courts. Can be found at Dr. John G. Westmoreland's office, in room No. "6" up-stairs, in James' Bank Block, Whitehall street.
sep4, 1874—d3mo

R. W. H. NEAL, Attorney at Law, Thomson, Ga. Will practice in the Courts of the Augusta and Middle Circuits.
sep24—dtoct10

GEORGE F. PIERCE, Jr., Attorney at Law, Sparta, Ga. mar32—d6m

E. B. McDANIEL, Attorney at Law, Cartersville, Ga. Prompt attention given to collections of claims. mar11—dly

JOHN T. JORDAN, Attorney at Law Sparta, Ga., will practice in the counties of the Northern Circuit, and Washington county of the Middle Circuit. Particular attention given to collections. mar3—dly

JOSEPH McCONNELL, Attorney at Law, Calhoun, Gordon county, Ga.
feb20—dly

JAMES H. GUERRY. J. L. JANES.—Guerry & Janes, Attorneys at Law, Dawson, Ga., will practice in the courts of Pataula, Southwestern and Albany Circuits, and elsewhere by special contract.
may17, 1874—d6m

T. C. BATTLE, Attorney at Law, Senoia, Coweta county, Ga. Will practice in the courts of Coweta, Fayette, Spalding, Meriwether and Clayton. Special attention given to collections. june11—dtf

J. L. DOYAL, Attorney at Law, Jonesboro, Ga. Will practice in Clayton and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme and Federal Courts. june11—d12m

J. A. ANSLEY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Americus, Georgia. Will practice in the Courts of Southwestern Georgia, and in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and United States Courts at Savannah. Special attention given to collections. oct15,'75—dly

J. A. HUNT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Barnesville, Georgia, will practice in the counties of the Flint Circuit, in the Supreme Court and in the United States District Courts at Atlanta. aug19, '74—dly

JOHN W. POWELL, Newnan, Ga. | J. S. STALLINGS, Senoia, Ga.

POWELL & STALLINGS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, will practice in the courts of the Coweta Circuit, Supreme Court and the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia. Business entrusted to them shall meet with prompt attention.
sep1, '74—d3mo

JOSEPH H. SMITH, Attorney at Law. Will practice in the State Courts in Atlanta Circuit and in the United States and Circuit Courts for the Northern District of Georgia, Office, No. 19 Whitehall street, up stairs, room No. 4, Atlanta, Ga. fbb1-dtf

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Cartersville, Georgia. Office (with Abda Johnson) in Court House. Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, in any locality of Northern Georgia, whether contiguous to or distant from the railroad. sep25, 1874—dly

J. W. PRUETT, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Conyers, Georgia. Will practice in all the State Courts and the United States District and Circuit Courts at Atlanta. References—John H. James, Banker, Atlanta, Ga.; Lehman, Durr & Co., Bankers, Montgomery, Ala.; Stovall & Hull, Augusta, Ga.; Bates & Conner, Bankers, Savannah, Ga.; James M. Smith, Governor of Georgia. dec6—d3m

EDWARD J. REAGAN, ATTORNEY at Law, McDonough, Georgia. Will practice in Henry and adjoining counties. Special attention given to collections.
nov17, '74—d6mo

[illegible] GUERRY & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW [illegible]

GENERAL LAND DEALER.

A. M. COCHRAN, General Land Agent, and Dealer in Real Estate, Gainesville, Ga. Special attention given to the examination and analysis of mineral lands, and the purchase and sale of the same. Office Southeast Corner Public Square, Gainesville, Georgia. may 2-dly

PHYSICIANS.

DR. J. H. LOW TENDERS HIS PROFESsional services to the citizens of Atlanta in the practice of Medicine, Surgery and Obstetrics. Office—Drug Store of Venable & Collier. Residence—No. 7 National Hotel. nov8—d1mo

HOTELS.

NEWTON HOUSE—Mrs. Janet Haudrup, corner of Main and Spring streets, Sparta, Georgia. Terms, $2 00 per day, lodging included; 50 cents per meal without lodging. mar3—dtf

PALMETTO HOUSE, Spartanburg C. H., S. C. Located near center of the city. Renovated and new furniture.
A. TOLERSON, Proprietor.

BARTOW HOUSE, Cartersville, Ga. P. S. Shelman, Clerk. dec4-dtf.

POMONA HOUSE, CLARKESVILLE, Georgia.—This house is more desirably situated than any other house in town—affording a full view of some of the finest mountain scenery in Georgia. It is about one hundred yards from a fine mineral spring. A splendid summer resort.
M. B. O'CALLAGHAN,
Formerly of Globe Hotel.
june14—d3tw3w

RICHMOND HOUSE, near depot, Gainesville, Georgia. J. W. Trammell, Proprietor. This house is new and comfortable. Table well supplied. ☞ FARE REDUCED. ☜ Baggage carried to and from depot free. Extra inducements offered to summer visitors. june14—dtf

TOCCOA HOUSE, (situated one hundred yards north of depot,) Toccoa, Georgia. S. V. Davenport, Proprietor. This hotel is new and commodious, and the table well supplied. Baggage carried to and from the depot free of charge. Extra inducements offered to summer visitors. Charges moderate. june14—dtf

BROWN'S HOTEL,

E. E. BROWN & SON, Proprietors,
MACON, GEORGIA.

Opened January 1st, 1856.

BOARD ....$3 PER DAY.

E. E. Brown & Son, Proprietors of this popular Hotel, would inform their numerous friends that on and after the first day of September next the rates will be reduced to THREE DOLLARS PER DAY.

The Proprietors would respectfully return their grateful thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to the house for near twenty years, and assure their many friends that we will use our best endeavors for the future to give the same satisfaction that we have in the past. Every attention given to ladies and families, and large rooms always ready for commercial travelers visiting Macon. Respectfully,
aug30—dtf E. E. BROWN & SON.

READ HOUSE,

CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE.

If you desire first-class accommodations be sure to stop at this House.
W. M. LEWIS, } Clerks.
W. G. GANT, }
june28—dtf

THE LANIER HOUSE, Macon, Georgia, B. Dub, Proprietor. Good accommodations. june5—dtf

VIRGINIA HOTEL, Newnan, Georgia. This Hotel is kept by two ladies from Virginia, who will guarantee you something good to eat, polite servants, clean rooms, good beds, and a jolly Clerk. Don't forget the place. PROF. WELLS,
july19-dtf Clerk.

B. F. COLLINS, PROPRIETOR OF the DAWSON HOTEL, Dawson, Georgia, thoroughly renovated and refurnished. The traveling public will find this establishment, under the present management, a first-class hotel. dec6—dtf

THE COUCHE HOUSE, Kingston, Ga., A. Y. Sheats. Proprietor—would respectfully inform the traveling public that his large and spacious hotel is now open for the reception of visitors. He is prepared to accommodate several families. Board and lodging—rooms well furnished—$25 per month. Summer visitors would do well to give him a call. june5—dtf

WASHINGTON HOTEL, Washington, Wilkes county, Georgia. W. G. Barrett, Lessee. New proprietor—new and elegant furniture throughout. This house is unsurpassed in all of its appointments. Be sure and give him a call. oct17—dtf

PULASKI HOUSE, Johnson Square, Savannah, Ga., S. N. Papot & Co., Proprietors. Pleasantly located. The only hotel in the city facing south, (which is of great importance in this climate,) with a frontage of 273 feet. The best and most comfortable hotel in the Southern States. Kept strictly first-class in all its departments.
july5—dtf

NEW BRICK HOTEL.

PYE HOUSE,

FORSYTH, GEORGIA.

By E. D. BROWN AND SISTER.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per day	$ 2 00
Per week	10 00
Single meal	50
Single lodging	50

Rooms spacious and airy. Accommodation superior. Baggage transported to and from hotel free of charge. E. D. BROWN,
Formerly of Milledgeville Hotel,
Mrs. JULIA D. THWEATT,
sep13—dtf Late of Columbus, Ga

KENNESAW HOUSE, MARIETTA, GA. J. Q. A. Lewis, Proprietor of the above house, with W. M. Lewis as Clerk, announce to their friends, and the public, that everything is in first class condition, and that no expense or attendance shall be spared in giving satisfaction to all guests.
nov21—dtf

NELMS HOUSE,

GRIFFIN, GEORGIA,

BY MRS. A. M. NELMS.

Near Passenger Depot. Rates of Board per day, $2 50; Single Meal, 75 cents. [dec11-tf

RICKS HOUSE.

CARTERSVILLE, GEORGIA.

This new and commodious brick hotel, recently completed and newly furnished, is open for public patronage. No effort will be spared to make guests comfortable.
nov22—dtf E. T. WHITE, Agent.

JEWELERS.

WILLIAM BOLLMAN, DEALER IN Watches, Jewelry, Clocks, etc., Spectacles and Eye Glasses. No. 9 Whitehall street, near Railroad Crossing, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted.
may15—

BANKS.

BANK OF THE STATE OF GEORGIA. F. M. Coker, President; W. W. Bell, Cashier. Paper discounted. Deposits received. Foreign and Domestic Exchange bought and sold. Checks on all points in Europe in sums to suit.

☞ Agents for the Inman and Cunard Steamship Lines. ☞ First-class and steerage tickets at lowest rates. july 4-dly

CHINA, GLASS-WARE, ETC.

CHRISTMAS.

Holiday, Bridal & Birth-day Presents bought at the recent great auction sales in New York at less than half their value being sold at McBride's Cheaper than similar goods ever sold in Georgia, For the CASH. Dinner Sets, &c. Don't buy till you go to McBride's China Palace.

dec8—dwed&suntf

For Rent.

[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FREE SAMPLE to Agents. LADIES' COMBINATION NEEDLE-BOOK, with Chromos. Send stamp. DEAN & Co., New Bedford, Massachusetts.

CONSTANT EMPLOYMENT.—At home, Male or Female, $30 a week warranted. No capital required. Particulars and valuable sample sent free. Address with 6 cent stamp, C. ROSS, Williamsburg, New York.

$57 60 AGENTS PROFITS per WEEK. Will prove it or forfeit $500. New articles just patented. Sample sent free to all. Address W. H. CHIDESTER, 267 Broadway, New York.

FELT CARPETING 35 cents per yard. FELT CEILING for rooms in place of Plaster. FELT ROOFING & SIDING. For Circular and Sample, address C. J. FAY, Camden, New Jersey.

500 PIANOS and ORGANS

NEW AND SECOND-HAND, of FIRST-CLASS MAKERS, will be sold at LOWER PRICES for cash, or on INSTALLMENTS, or for rent, in CITY or COUNTRY, DURING THESE HARD TIMES and the HOLIDAYS, by HORACE WATERS & SON, 481 BROADWAY, THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN NEW YORK. AGENTS WANTED to sell WATERS' NEW SCALE PIANOS, and CONCERTO ORGANS. ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES MAILED. GREAT INDUCEMENTS to the TRADE. A large DISCOUNT to TEACHERS, MINISTERS, CHURCHES, LODGES, SCHOOLS, etc.

FOR

COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,

USE

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS, PUT UP ONLY IN *BLUE* BOXES.

A TRIED AND SURE REMEDY.

Sold by Druggists generally, and FULLER & FULLER, Chicago, Ill.

HAVE YOU TRIED

JURUBEBA

ARE YOU

Weak, Nervous or Debilitated?

Are you so Languid that any exertion requires more of an effort than you feel capable of making?

Then try JURUBEBA, the wonderful **tonic and invigorator,** which acts so beneficially on the secretive organs as to impart vigor to all the vital forces.

It is no alcoholic appetizer, which stimulates for a short time, only to let the sufferer fall to a lower depth of misery, but it is a vegetable tonic acting directly on the liver and spleen.

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This is new and untried discovery, but has been used with wonderful remedial results, and is pronounced by the highest medical authorities "the most powerful tonic and alterative known."

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MONTPELIER

Female Humane Association,

AT ALEXANDRIA, VA.

MARCH 29th, 1875.

1 Grand Cash Gift		$100,000
1 Grand Cash Gift		50,000
1 Grand Cash Gift		25,000
10 Cash Gifts,	$10,000 each	100,000
15 Cash Gifts,	5,000 each	75,000
50 Cash Gifts,	1,000 each	50,000
100 Cash Gifts,	500 each	50,000
1,000 Cash Gifts,	100 each	100,000
1,000 Cash Gifts,	50 each	50,000
20,000 Cash Gifts,	20 each	400,000
22,178 Cash Gifts, amounting to		$1,000,000

Number of Tickets 100,000

PRICE OF TICKTS.

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Quarters	5 00
Eighths or each Coupon	2 50
5½ Tickets for	100 00

The Montpelier Female Humane Association, chartered by the Legislature of Virginia and the Circuit Court of Orange county, proposes by a Grand Gift Concert to establish and endow a "Home for the Old, Infirm, and Destitute Ladies of Virginia," at Montpelier, the former residence of President James Madison.

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, July 3, 1874.—It affords me pleasure to say that I am well acquainted with a large majority of the officers of the Montpelier Female Humane Association, who reside in the vicinity of my home, and I attest their intelligence and their worth and high reputation as gentlemen, as well as the public confidence, influence and substantial means liberally represented among them.

JAMES L. KEMPER, Gov. Virginia.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., July 8, 1874.— * * I commend them as gents of honor and integrity, and fully entitled to the confidence of the people. * * *

R. W. HUGHES, U. S. Judge,
Eastern District of Virginia.

Further references by permission: His Excellency Gilbert C. Walker ex-Governor of Va.; Hon. Robt. E. Withers, Lieut-Gov. of Va. and U. S. Senator elect; Senators and Members of Congress from Virginia.

Remittances for tickets may be made by express prepaid, post-office money order on Washington, D. C., or by registered letter.

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dec10—d&w4w

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Is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

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sep5—d&wtf

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dec13— sep30—d&w3m

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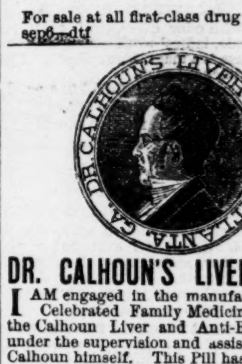
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HAS NEVER FAILED TO CURE THE most obstinate Coughs and Colds.

It is highly recommended by all who have used it. Try it and be convinced.

For sale at all first-class drug stores.
sep6—dtf



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I AM engaged in the manufacture of the Celebrated Family Medicine, known as the Calhoun Liver and Anti-Bilious Pills, under the supervision and assistance of Dr. Calhoun himself. This Pill has been in use for the last 35 years, and has taken precedence over all other Family preparations by all that have used them. Thousands would certify to their great value if necessary. One fact should supercede any amount of certificates, and that fact is this: Dr. Calhoun has been physician to the Fulton County Prison for over seven years, when the number of prisoners ranged from 20 to 70, laboring under all the diseases incidental to this climate. With but few exceptions they have all been treated with this Pill, and astonishing to say during that long period not a solitary death occurred under his treatment. This fact is worth any amount of testimonials.

I am now prepared to fill orders from druggists, merchants and others. All orders sent me shall receive prompt attention. There is no type of *FEVER, DYSPEPSIA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, RHEUMATISM, CHOLERA MORBUS, BILIOUSNESS* and *SICK HEADACHE*, or other diseases of a Southern climate, but yield readily to this preparation.

For sale by all druggists.

Price 50 cents a box.

None genuine unless it bears the signature of N. C. Williams and picture of Dr. Calhoun. Address N. C. WILLIAMS,
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Manufactory No. 118, corner Washington and Peters sts., Atlanta, Ga. may14—dtf

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DR. SIMMONS affirms that this is the very best Liver Medicine to which his name has ever been connected; and we know from the many testimonials that we receive, there is no medicine equal to it for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Chills and Fever, Bilious Croup or Wind Colic, Bilious, Sick or Nervous Headache. and for all other diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver. For sale by Geo. J. Howard, J. A. Taylor, Thomas Pullum & Co., C. S. Newton and Theo. Schumann, Druggists, Atlanta, Ga.
oct19—d3m

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As we have 12 GOOD REASONS why the will do your work,

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They are the best to use,
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They are very low priced,
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Every Stove guaranteed to give satisfaction.

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oct14—deod&weodtiljan10,'75

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dec11—d1w

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PROF. LOGAN'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS will open TO-MORROW, in the Lecture Room of the First Presbyterian Church, Marietta street. This is one of the most comfortable and convenient rooms for the purpose in the city. [illegible]

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[illegible] the table supplied [illegible] the market affords [illegible] moderate. nov27-dtf

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The Family is good for the price, but, necessarily limited in quantity; being made only when we make the **FFF.**

We can readily fill orders for **FFF** and **FF;** but in selling Family, we are compelled to limit the orders to the supply on hand.

Orders for the three grades in equal quantity can be filled at short notice. or for **FFF** and Family in nearly equal quantities. Orders can generally be supplied promptly.

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nov24—deodtf

GIFTS! GIFTS

NO SCALING, NO CHANGE---DECEMBER 31, 1874.

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Atlanta Constitution,

Published at the Capital of Georgia, and the terminus of the Richmond Air-line, Georgia, A. & West Point, Central, and State (W. & Atlantic) Rail Roads. It contains also serial and short original *Stories*, Poetry, and Miscellaneous and Humorous reading.

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Is admitted to be one of the great dailies of the land; and the MAMMOTH WEEKLY of forty-eight columns, is the great Family Journal of the South.

In order to carry out our original design of getting all our subscribers paid in advance upon our books, we offer the following splendid list of presents to be awarded Dec. 31st 1874. We have no concealment in this matter. Notwithstanding the heavy amount given to our subscribers, we actually *save* in the end by the decrease of percentage to gents, and of losses of subscription accounts.

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One Cash Gift, in gold	$1,000
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One Cash Gift, in Greenbacks	50
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One Magnificent Piano, Chickering's Square Grand	1,000
One Splendid Piano, worth	600
One Splendid Gold Watch, worth	100
One Splendid Silver Watch, worth	50
One Magnificent Oil Painting, 36x40, heavy gilt frame, "Scene on the Etowah," worth	100
One Fine Sewing Machine, worth	75
One Fine Sewing Machine, worth	60
Three Fine Sewing Machines, worth each	50
One Fine Sewing Machine, worth	40
One Lamb's Splendid Knitting Machine	75
One Wagon or Buggy, worth	150
Three China Setts, worth	50

Fine Framed Engravings of Stonewall Jackson, Lee, and other Chieftains, complete setts of the Works of Bulwer, Dickens and other authors, volumes of Burns, Byron, Milton, Shakespeare, and other Poets, Worcester and Webster's unabridged Dictionaries, and other books and presents, several hundred or more, for *the smallest of which, in value*, we will allow *one year's subscription*, to the weekly if preferred, thus guaranteeing the smallest present to be worth $2.

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Daily Constitution per annum	$10 00
" " " six months	5 00
Weekly Constitution per annum	2 00

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A club of *five* weekly subscribers sending $10 will receive *one registered card, entitling* to such one of the above presents as may be awarded to it; a receipt for one year's subscription will also be sent to each member of the club. Or, any one wishing to subscribe singly for the Weekly may remit $10, for which we will forward receipt for 5 years and registered card, entitling to any present awarded to his number. Or, for $5 we will forward receipt for 2½ year's subscription, with card entitling to *one-half* of any *cash present* awarded.

☞ Our first Distribution gave universal satisfaction. To a gentleman in Gainesville, Ga, was awarded a $500 piano, and a club of weekly subscribers obtained *twelve hundred and fifty dollars in gold*, which was paid to Mr George Eberhart, of Paoli, Madison county, in the presence of Col. Hammock, then Mayor of Atlanta, to whom, and the present Mayor, Col. S. B. Spencer, we are permitted to refer all not knowing us.

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